

Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance on February 1, 2005, applicable to workers of Nagle Industries, Cumberland City, Tennessee. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on March 9, 2005 (70 FR 11705).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers were engaged in the production of automotive cables.

New information shows that leased workers of Staff Partners and Personnel Management, Inc. were employed at the Cumberland City, Tennessee location of Nagle Industries.

Based on these findings, the Department is amending this certification to include leased workers of Staff Partners and Personnel Management, Inc. working at Nagle Industries, Cumberland City, Tennessee.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers employed at Nagle Industries, Cumberland City, Tennessee who were adversely affected by a shift in production to Mexico.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-56,435 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Nagle Industries, including leased workers of Staff Partners and Personnel Management, Inc., Cumberland City, Tennessee, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after January 28, 2004, through February 1, 2007, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are also eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 4th day of August, 2005.

**Richard Church,**

*Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

[FR Doc. E5-4391 Filed 8-11-05; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-57,236]

#### **Pinnacle Foods, VanDeKamp Division of Pinnacle Foods Group, Including Leased Workers of Adecco Employment Service and Palladium Employment, Erie, PA; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance**

In accordance with section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273), and section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974 (26 U.S.C. 2813), as amended, the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance on July 25, 2005, applicable to workers of Pinnacle Foods, VanDeKamp Division of Pinnacle Foods Group, Erie, Pennsylvania. The notice will be published soon in the **Federal Register**.

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers are engaged in the production of fish products and French toast sticks.

New information shows that leased workers of Adecco Employment Service and Palladium Employment were employed at the Erie, Pennsylvania location of Pinnacle Foods, VanDeKamp Division of Pinnacle Foods Group.

Based on these findings, the Department is amending this certification to include leased workers of Adecco Employment Service and Palladium Employment working at Pinnacle Foods, VanDeKamp Division of Pinnacle Foods Group, Erie, Pennsylvania.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers employed at Pinnacle Foods, VanDeKamp Division of Pinnacle Foods Group, Erie, Pennsylvania who were adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-57,236 is hereby issued as follows:

All workers of Pinnacle Foods, VanDeKamp Division of Pinnacle Foods Group, including leased workers of Adecco Employment Service and Palladium Employment, Erie, Pennsylvania, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after May 18, 2004, through July 25, 2007, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are also eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment

assistance under section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC, this 3rd day of August 2005.

**Richard Church,**

*Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

[FR Doc. E5-4394 Filed 8-11-05; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-57,260]

#### **Renfro Corporation, Fort, AL; Dismissal of Application for Reconsideration**

Pursuant to 29 CFR 90.18(C) an application for administrative reconsideration was filed with the Director of the Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance for workers at Renfro Corporation, Fort Payne, Alabama. The application contained no new substantial information which would bear importantly on the Department's determination. Therefore, dismissal of the application was issued. TA-W-57,260; Renfro Corporation Fort Payne, Alabama (August 2, 2005).

Signed in Washington, DC this 5th day of August, 2005.

**Timothy Sullivan,**

*Director, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

[FR Doc. E5-4395 Filed 8-11-05; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-57,047]

#### **Woodbridge Corporation a Division of Woodbridge Holdings, Inc., Brodhead, WI; Notice of Revised Determination on Reconsideration**

By letter dated July 1, 2005, Unite Here, Local 1871 requested administrative reconsideration regarding the Department's Negative Determination Regarding Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance, applicable to the workers of the subject firm.

The initial investigation resulted in a negative determination signed on June 6, 2005, was based on the finding that there were no company or customer imports of automotive foam seating and no shift of production to a foreign

source occurred. The denial notice was published in the **Federal Register** on June 28, 2005 (70 FR 37116).

To support the request for reconsideration, the petitioner supplied additional information regarding subject firm's foreign facilities which manufacture like or directly competitive products with those produced at the subject firm. Upon further contact with the subject firm's company official, it was revealed that the subject firm significantly increased its import purchases of automotive foam seating during the relevant time period.

In accordance with section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974 (26 U.S.C. 2813), as amended, the Department of Labor herein presents the results of its investigation regarding certification of eligibility to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance (ATAA) for older workers.

In order for the Department to issue a certification of eligibility to apply for ATAA, the group eligibility requirements of section 246 of the Trade Act must be met. The Department has determined in this case that the requirements of section 246 have been met.

A significant number of workers at the firm are age 50 or over and possess skills that are not easily transferable. Competitive conditions within the industry are adverse.

### Conclusion

After careful review of the additional facts obtained on reconsideration, I conclude that increased imports of articles like or directly competitive with those produced at Woodbridge Corporation, a division of Woodbridge Holdings, Inc., Brodhead, Wisconsin, contributed importantly to the declines in sales or production and to the total or partial separation of workers at the subject firm. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, I make the following certification:

All workers of Woodbridge Corporation, a division of Woodbridge Holdings, Inc., Brodhead, Wisconsin who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after April 21, 2004 through two years from the date of this certification, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974.

Signed in Washington, DC this 5th day of August, 2005.

**Linda G. Poole,**

*Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

[FR Doc. E5-4392 Filed 8-11-05; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment and Training Administration

[TA-W-54,538]

#### **Yorkshire Americas, Inc., Became Known as Albanail Dyestuff, Now Known as Greenville Colorants, Greenville, SC; Amended Certification Regarding Eligibility To Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance**

In accordance with Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2273), and Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974, (26 U.S.C. 2813), as amended, the Department of Labor issued a Certification of Eligibility to Apply for Worker Adjustment Assistance and Alternative Trade Adjustment Assistance on April 15, 2004, applicable to workers of Yorkshire Americas, Inc., Greenville, South Carolina. The notice was published in the **Federal Register** on May 24, 2004 (69 FR 29577).

At the request of the State agency, the Department reviewed the certification for workers of the subject firm. The workers were engaged in the production of dyes and chemicals for textiles.

New information shows that in September 2004, Yorkshire Americas, Inc. became known as Albanail Dyestuff, and in February 2005, became known as Greenville Colorants due to changes in ownership. Workers separated from the subject firm had their wages reported under two separate unemployment insurance (UI) tax accounts for Albanail Dyestuff and Greenville Colorants.

Accordingly, the Department is amending this certification to properly reflect this matter.

The intent of the Department's certification is to include all workers of Yorkshire Americas, Inc. who were adversely affected by increased imports.

The amended notice applicable to TA-W-54,538 is hereby issued as follows:

"All workers of Yorkshire Americas, Inc., which became known as Albanail Dyestuff, and is now known as Greenville Colorants, Greenville, South Carolina, who became totally or partially separated from employment on or after March 17, 2003, through April 15, 2006, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under Section 223 of the Trade Act of 1974, and are also eligible to apply for alternative trade adjustment assistance under Section 246 of the Trade Act of 1974."

Signed at Washington, DC, this 3rd day of August 2005.

**Richard Church,**

*Certifying Officer, Division of Trade Adjustment Assistance.*

[FR Doc. E5-4390 Filed 8-11-05; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment Standards Administration

#### Wage and Hour Division

#### **Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions**

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large volume causes procedures to be