Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339 and providing the Service with the conference call number and conference ID number.

Members of the public are entitled to make comments during the open period at the end of the meeting. Members of the public may also submit written comments; the comments must be received in the Regional Programs Unit within 30 days following the meeting. Written comments may be mailed to the Western Regional Office, U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, 300 North Los Angeles Street, Suite 2010, Los Angeles, CA 90012. They may be faxed to the Commission at (213) 894-0508, or emailed Ana Victoria Fortes at afortes@ usccr.gov. Persons who desire additional information may contact the Regional Programs Unit at (213) 894-

Records and documents discussed during the meeting will be available for public viewing prior to and after the meetings at https://www.facadatabase.gov/FACA/FACAPublicViewCommitteeDetails?id=a10t0000001gzltAAA.

Please click on the "Committee Meetings" tab. Records generated from these meetings may also be inspected and reproduced at the Regional Programs Unit, as they become available, both before and after the meetings. Persons interested in the work of this Committee are directed to the Commission's website, https://www.usccr.gov, or may contact the Regional Programs Unit at the above email or street address.

### Agenda

- I. Welcome
- II. Administrative
  - a. Scheduling Meetings
  - b. Vice Chair
- III. Discussion Regarding Civil Rights Topics
- a. Review Topics
- b. Open Discussion
- IV. Public Comment
- V. Next Steps

Adjournment

Dated: March 19, 2019.

# David Mussatt,

Supervisory Chief, Regional Programs Unit. [FR Doc. 2019–05534 Filed 3–21–19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6335-01-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# Foreign-Trade Zones Board [B-62-2018]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 294— Western Kentucky; Authorization of Production Activity; Mayfield Consumer Products; (Candles); Mayfield and Hickory, Kentucky

On October 10, 2018, the Paducah McCracken County Riverport Authority, grantee of FTZ 294, submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board on behalf of Mayfield Consumer Products, within Subzone 294A, in Mayfield and Hickory, Kentucky.

The notification was processed in accordance with the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR part 400), including notice in the **Federal Register** inviting public comment (83 FR 52383, October 17, 2018). On March 19, 2019, the applicant was notified of the FTZ Board's decision that no further review of the activity is warranted at this time. The production activity described in the notification was authorized, subject to the FTZ Act and the FTZ Board's regulations, including Section 400.14.

Dated: March 19, 2019.

### Andrew McGilvray,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019–05519 Filed 3–21–19;  $8{:}45~\mathrm{am}]$ 

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

# International Trade Administration [A–580–878]

Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products From the Republic of Korea: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2016–2017

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that Dongkuk Steel Mill Co., Ltd. (Dongkuk) made sales of certain corrosion-resistant steel products (CORE) from the Republic of Korea (Korea) at less than normal value, and Hyundai Steel Company (Hyundai) did not, during the period of review (POR), January 4, 2016, through June 30, 2017.

**DATES:** Applicable March 22, 2019. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Lingjun Wang or Elfi Blum-Page, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII,

Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: 202–482–2316 or at 202–482–0197, respectively.

### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Background**

Commerce published the Preliminary Results on August 10, 2018.1 On February 7, 2019, Commerce determined that a cost-based particular market situation existed with respect to the production cost of CORE in Korea during the POR.2 For a history of events that occurred since the Preliminary Results, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.<sup>3</sup> On November 19, 2018. Commerce postponed the final results of this review until February 6, 2019.4 As a result of the partial government shutdown, the deadline for the final results of this review was revised to March 18, 2019.5

### Scope of the Order

The products covered by this order are certain corrosion-resistant steel products. For a complete description of the scope of this order, see attachment to the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

## **Analysis of Comments Received**

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs by parties are addressed in the IDM, which is hereby adopted by this notice. The issues are identified in the Appendix to this notice. The IDM is a public document and is on-file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov and in the Central Records Unit (CRU), Room

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2016– 2017, 83 FR 39666 (August 10, 2018) (Preliminary Results) and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Commerce February 7, 2019 Memorandum re: Post-Preliminary Decision Memorandum on Particular Market Situation Allegation (PMS Memorandum).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Memorandum re: Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea; 2016–2017 (Issues and Decision Memorandum, or IDM), dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Commerce November 19, 2018 Memorandum re: Extension of Deadline for the Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: 2016–2017.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Commerce January 28, 2019 Memorandum re: Deadlines Affected by the Partial Shutdown of the Federal Government. All deadlines in this segment of the proceeding affected by the partial federal government closure have been extended by 40 days.

B8024 of the main Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the IDM can be accessed at <a href="http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/index.html">http://enforcement.trade.gov/frn/index.html</a>. The signed IDM and the electronic versions of the IDM are identical in content.

# **Changes Since the Preliminary Results**

Based on our review of the record and comments received from interested parties, we made certain revisions to the preliminary margin calculations for Dongkuk and Hyundai.<sup>6</sup>

# Final Results of the Administrative Review

We have determined the following weighted-average dumping margins for the exporters or producers listed below for the POR: <sup>7</sup>

Exporter/producer	Weighted- average dumping margin (percent)
Dongkuk Steel Mill Co., Ltd	7.33
Dongbu Steel Co., Ltd	7.33
Hyundai Steel Company	0.00
POSCO	7.33

### **Assessment Rates**

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(A) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce will determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protections (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the final results of this review. We will calculate importerspecific assessment rates on the basis of the ratio of the total amount of antidumping duties calculated for each importer's examined sales and the total entered value of the sales in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1).

For entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by each respondent for which it did not know its merchandise was destined for the United States, we will instruct CBP to liquidate such entries at the all-others rate if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction. We intend to issue liquidation instructions to CBP 15 days after publication of the final results of this review.

### **Cash Deposit Requirements**

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective upon publication of the notice of final results of administrative review for all shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication, as provided by section 751(a)(2) of the Act: (1) The cash deposit rate for the respondents noted above will be the rate established in the final results of this administrative review; (2) for merchandise exported by manufacturers or exporters not covered in this administrative review but covered in a prior segment of the proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the original investigation, but the producer is, the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding for the producer of the subject merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers or exporters will continue to be 8.31 percent, the allothers cash deposit rate established in the investigation.8 These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

# Notification to Importers Regarding the Reimbursement of Duties

This notice also serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during the POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled antidumping duties.

# **Administrative Protective Order**

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders (APO) of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely

written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: March 19, 2019.

#### Christian Marsh,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

### Appendix

### List of Topics Discussed in the Final IDM

I. Summary

II. List of Comments

III. Background

IV. Scope of the Order

V. Changes Since the Preliminary Results

VI. Discussion of the Comments

General Comment

Comment 1: Whether a Cost-Based Particular Market Situation Exists in Korea

Dongkuk Steel Mill Co., Ltd. (Dongkuk) Comments

Comment 2: Whether Dongkuk is Affiliated with POSCO

Comment 3: Whether Commerce Should Apply Adverse Facts Available (AFA) to Dongkuk Because it Failed to Report Certain Information Related to POSCO

Comment 4: Whether to Adjust the Price of Dongkuk's Purchases from JFE Steel Corporation

Comment 5: Whether to Apply AFA to Freight Provided by Dongkuk's Affiliated Provider

Comment 6: Whether to Grant a Constructed Export Price (CEP) Offset to Dongkuk

Hyundai Steel Company (Hyundai) Comments

Comment 7: Whether Commerce Should Apply Total AFA to Hyundai

Comment 8: Whether Hyundai Overallocated U.S. Price to the CORE Input of its Sales of After-Service Auto Parts

Comment 9: Whether Hyundai Withheld CONNUM-Specific Costs and Submitted Aberrational Cost Data

Comment 10: Whether Hyundai Withheld Other Information Requested by Commerce

Comment 11: Whether a Close Supplier Relationship Exists between Hyundai's Captive, Intermediate Processors and the Hyundai Group, Thereby Creating Artificial U.S. Prices

Comment 12: Whether Commerce Should Continue to Apply Partial AFA to Hyundai

Comment 13: Whether Commerce Should Use Hyundai's Manufacturer Variable

Comment 14: Whether Commerce Should Grant a CEP Offset to Hyundai

Comment 15: Whether Commerce Should Use Hyundai's Customer-Specific Warranty Expenses

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See Dongkuk's and Hyundai's Final Calculation Memorandum, dated March 18, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> For POSCO and Dongbu Steel Co, Ltd. which were not selected for individual review, we assign a rate based on the rates for the respondents that were selected for individual review, excluding rates that are zero, *de minimis* or based entirely on facts available. *See* section 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from India, Italy, the People's Republic of China, the Republic of Korea and Taiwan: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Determination for India and Taiwan, and Antidumping Duty Orders, 81 FR 48390 (July 25, 2016), as amended by Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea: Notice of Court Decision Not in Harmony with Final Determination of Investigation and Notice of Amended Final Results, 83 FR 39054 (August 8, 2018).

VII. Recommendation

### DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

#### **International Trade Administration**

[A-570-075, C-570-076]

Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon From the People's Republic of China: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Duty Determination and Antidumping Duty Order; and Countervailing Duty Order

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: Based on affirmative final determinations by the Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the International Trade Commission (the ITC), Commerce is issuing antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) orders on certain plastic decorative ribbon (plastic ribbon) from the People's Republic of China (China). In addition, Commerce is amending its final AD determination of sales at less than fair value (LTFV) as a result of ministerial errors.

DATES: Applicable March 22, 2019.

### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Charlotte Baskin-Gerwitz at (202) 482–4880 (CVD); or Nancy Decker, or Lauren Caserta, at (202) 482–0196, (202) 482–4737, respectively (AD), AD/CVD Operations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

### **Background**

On February 1, 2019, and in accordance with section 735(d) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), Commerce published its final affirmative determination of sales at LTFV with respect to plastic ribbon from China,¹ and, in accordance with section 705(d) of the Act, Commerce published its final affirmative determination that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of plastic ribbon from China.² On March 1, 2019,

we published a *Corrected CVD Final Determination* for the CVD investigation.<sup>3</sup>

On February 4 and 5, 2019, Commerce received timely ministerial error allegations in the AD investigation.<sup>4</sup> On February 13, 2019, Commerce received rebuttal comments to the ministerial error allegations.<sup>5</sup> See the "Amendment to the AD Final Determination" section below.

On March 15, 2019, pursuant to sections 735(d) and 705(d) of the Act, the ITC notified Commerce of its affirmative final determination that an industry in the United States is materially injured within the meaning of sections 735(b)(1)(A)(i) and 705(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Act by reason of LTFV imports and subsidized imports of subject merchandise, respectively, from China.<sup>6</sup>

# **Scope of the Orders**

The product covered by these orders is plastic ribbon from China. For a complete description of the scope of these orders, *see* the Appendix to this notice.

# Amendment to the AD Final Determination

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.224(e), Commerce is amending the *AD Final Determination* to correct certain ministerial errors made in the *AD Final Determination* with respect to Ricai and Junlong.<sup>7</sup> This amended final AD determination corrects these errors and revises the weighted-average margins

(February 1, 2019), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum (*CVD Final Determination*).

that were calculated for Ricai and Junlong. Because the margin for the separate rate companies is based on the rates for Junlong and Ricai, and their rates changed due to the aforementioned ministerial errors, we are revising the margin applicable to the non-individually investigated separate rate companies in this amended final AD determination.<sup>8</sup> The amended weighted-average margin rates are listed in the "Estimated Weighted-Average Dumping Margins" table below.

### **Antidumping Duty Order**

In accordance with sections 735(b)(1)(A)(i) and 735(d) of the Act, the ITC notified Commerce of its final determination that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of plastic ribbon from China that are sold in the United States at LTFV.9 Therefore, in accordance with sections 735(c)(2) and 736(a) of the Act, we are issuing this antidumping duty order. Because the ITC determined that imports of plastic ribbon from China are materially injuring a U.S. industry, unliquidated entries of such merchandise from these countries. entered or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, are subject to the assessment of antidumping duties.

Therefore, in accordance with section 736(a)(1) of the Act, Commerce will direct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, antidumping duties equal to the amount by which the normal value of the merchandise exceeds the export price (or constructed export price) of the merchandise, for all relevant entries of plastic ribbon from China. Antidumping duties will be assessed on unliquidated entries of plastic ribbon from China entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after August 8, 2018, the date of publication of the AD Preliminary Determination. 10 and before February 4, 2019. Section 733(d) of the Act states that the suspension of liquidation pursuant to a preliminary determination may not remain in effect for more than four months except where exporters representing a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise request Commerce to extend that four-month period to no more than six months. At the request of Junlong and Dongguan Mei Song Plastic Industry Co., Ltd. (Mei Song), two

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon from the People's Republic of China: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, 84 FR 1055 (February 1, 2019), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum (AD Final Determination).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon from the People's Republic of China: Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, 84 FR 1064

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon from the People's Republic of China: Corrected Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, 84 FR 7019 (March 1, 2019) (Corrected CVD Final Determination).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Letter from Berwick Offray LLC (the petitioner), "Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon from the People's Republic of China: Ministerial Error Comments," dated February 4, 2019, and Letter from Dongguan Ricai Plastic Technology Co., Ltd. and Ricai Film Artwork Materials Co., Ltd. (collectively, Ricai), a respondent in the AD investigation, "Plastic Decorative Ribbons from PRC ("Decorative Ribbons"); A–570–075; Ministerial Error Allegation," dated February 5, 2019.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Letter from Ningbo Junlong Craft Gift Co., Ltd. (Junlong), a respondent in the AD investigation, "Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon from the People's Republic of China—Reply to Ministerial Error Comments," dated February 13, 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> See ITC Notification Letter to the Acting Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance referencing ITC Investigation Nos. 701– TA–592 and 731–TA–1400 (March 15, 2019) (ITC Notification).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> For a detailed discussion, see the Memorandum, "Ministerial Error Memorandum for the Affirmative Final Determination of the Antidumping Duty Investigation of Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon from the People's Republic of China" dated March 11, 2019 (AD Ministerial Error Memorandum).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See AD Ministerial Error Memorandum.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See ITC Determination.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See Certain Plastic Decorative Ribbon from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, 83 FR 39058 (August 8, 2018) (Preliminary Determination).