

(44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget this request for extension of the previously approved collection of information discussed below.

Form D (17 CFR 239.500) is a notice of sales filed by issuers making an offering of securities in reliance on an exemption under Regulation D (17 CFR 230.501 *et seq.*) or Section 4(a)(5) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77d(a)(5)). Regulation D sets forth rules governing the limited offer and sale of securities without Securities Act registration. The purpose of Form D is to collect empirical data, which provides a continuing basis for action by the Commission either in terms of amending existing rules and regulations or proposing new ones. In addition, the Form D allows the Commission to elicit information necessary in assessing the effectiveness of Regulation D (17 CFR 230.501 *et seq.*) and Section 4(6) of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77d(6)) as capital-raising devices for all businesses. Form D information is required to obtain or retain benefits under Regulation D. Approximately 23,571 issuers file Form D and it takes approximately 4 hours per response. We estimate that 25% of the 4 hours per response (1 hour per response) is prepared by the issuer for an annual reporting burden of 23,571 hours (1 hour per response × 23,571 responses).

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

The public may view the background documentation for this information collection at the following website, www.reginfo.gov. Comments should be directed to: (i) Desk Officer for the Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10102, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503, or by sending an email to: Lindsay.M.Abate@omb.eop.gov; and (ii) David Bottom, Director/Chief Information Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, c/o Cynthia Roscoe, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549 or send an email to: PRA_Mailbox@sec.gov. Comments must be submitted to OMB within 30 days of this notice.

Dated: March 6, 2020.

J. Matthew DeLesDernier,
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2020-04945 Filed 3-10-20; 8:45 am]

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

Upon Written Request Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-2736.

Extension:

Rule 147(f)(1)(iii) Written Representation as to Purchaser Residency, SEC File No. 270-805, OMB Control No. 3235-0756

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”) has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget this request for extension of the previously approved collection of information discussed below.

Rule 147 is a safe harbor under the Securities Act Section 3(a)(11)(15 U.S.C. 77c(a)(11)) exemption from registration. To qualify for the safe harbor, Rule 147(f)(1)(iii) (17 CFR 230.147) will require the issuer to obtain from the purchaser a written representation as to the purchaser’s residency. Under Rule 147, the purchaser in the offering must be a resident of the same state or territory in which the issuer is a resident. While the formal representation of residency by itself is not sufficient to establish a reasonable belief that such purchasers are in-state residents, the representation requirement, together with the reasonable belief standard, may result in better compliance with the rule and maintaining appropriate investor protections. The representation of residency is not provided to the Commission. Approximately 700 respondents provide the information required by Rule 147(f)(1)(iii) at an estimated 2.75 hours per response for a total annual reporting burden of 1,925 hours (2.75 hours × 700 responses).

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David Bottom, Director/Chief Information Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, c/o Cynthia Roscoe, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549 or send an email to: PRA_Mailbox@sec.gov. Comments must be submitted to OMB within 30 days of this notice.

Dated: March 6, 2020.

J. Matthew DeLesDernier,
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2020-04948 Filed 3-10-20; 8:45 am]

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Investment Company Act Release No. 33811; 813-00389]

Two Sigma Investments, LP and Two Sigma Luna, LLC

March 5, 2020.

AGENCY: Securities and Exchange Commission (“Commission”).

ACTION: Notice.

Notice of application for an order under sections 6(b) and 6(e) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the “Act”) granting an exemption from all provisions of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, except sections 9, 17, 30, and 36 through 53 of the Act, and the rules and regulations thereunder (the “Rules and Regulations”). With respect to sections 17(a), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (j) and 30(a), (b), (e), and (h) of the Act, and the Rules and Regulations, and rule 38a-1 under the Act, the exemption is limited as set forth in the application.

Summary of Application: Applicants request an order to exempt certain limited liability companies, limited partnerships, corporations, business trusts or other entities (“Funds”) organized by Two Sigma Investments, LP (“Two Sigma Investments”) and its affiliates from certain provisions of the Act. Each series of a Fund will be an “employees’ securities company” within the meaning of section 2(a)(13) of the Act.

Applicants: Two Sigma Investments, LP and Two Sigma Luna, LLC.

Filing Dates: The application was filed on June 30, 2017, and was amended on December 22, 2017, June 4, 2018, November 27, 2018, May 24, 2019, and December 6, 2019.

Hearing or Notification of Hearing: An order granting the application will be issued unless the Commission orders a hearing. Interested persons may request a hearing by writing to the Commission’s Secretary and serving

applicants with a copy of the request, personally or by mail. Hearing requests should be received by the Commission by 5:30 p.m. on March 30, 2020, and should be accompanied by proof of service on applicants, in the form of an affidavit or, for lawyers, a certificate of service. Hearing requests should state the nature of the writer's interest, the reason for the request, and the issues contested. Persons who wish to be notified of a hearing may request notification by writing to the Commission's Secretary.

ADDRESSES: Secretary, U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090;

Applicants: 100 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10013.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jill Ehrlich, Senior Counsel, at (202) 551-6819, or Andrea Ottomannelli Magovern, Branch Chief, at (202) 551-6821 (Division of Investment Management, Chief Counsel's Office).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The following is a summary of the application. The complete application may be obtained via the Commission's website by searching for the file number, or for an applicant using the Company name box, at <http://www.sec.gov/search/search.htm> or by calling (202) 551-8090.

Applicants' Representations

1. Two Sigma Investments (together with its "affiliates," as defined in rule 12b-2 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), "Two Sigma," and each, a "Two Sigma Entity") is a Delaware limited partnership. Two Sigma Investments has organized Two Sigma Luna, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (the "Initial LLC") and will in the future organize limited liability companies, limited partnerships, corporations, business trusts or other entities (each a "Future Fund" and, collectively with the Initial LLC, the "Funds") as "employees' securities companies," as defined in section 2(a)(13) of the Act. The Funds are intended to provide investment opportunities that are competitive with those at other investment management and financial services firms and to facilitate the recruitment and retention of high caliber professionals.

2. The Initial LLC was formed on May 3, 2013 as a Delaware limited liability company. Two Sigma Principals, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, acts as managing member to the Initial LLC. Two Sigma Investments serves as investment adviser to the Initial LLC. The Initial LLC seeks to achieve

absolute U.S. dollar-denominated returns by investing all or substantially all of its assets in various private investment vehicles that are managed by Two Sigma (the "Initial LLC's Underlying Funds"). The investment objective and strategies of the Initial LLC's Underlying Funds are set forth in the offering and/or governing documents of the applicable Initial LLC's Underlying Fund.

3. A Future Fund may be structured as a domestic or offshore limited or general partnership, limited liability company, corporation, business trust or other entity. Two Sigma may also form parallel funds organized under the laws of various jurisdictions in order to create similar investment opportunities for Eligible Employees (defined below) in other jurisdictions. Interests in a Fund may be issued in one or more series, each of which corresponds to particular Fund investments (each, a "Series"). Each Series will be an "employees' securities company" within the meaning of section 2(a)(13) of the Act. Each Fund will operate as a closed-end management investment company, and a particular Fund may operate as a "diversified" or "non-diversified" vehicle within the meaning of the Act.

4. Two Sigma will control each Fund within the meaning of section 2(a)(9) of the Act. Each Fund has, or will have, a general partner, managing member or other such similar entity that manages, operates and controls such Fund (a "Managing Member"). The Managing Member will be responsible for the overall management of each Fund, and will appoint a Two Sigma Entity to serve as investment adviser ("Investment Adviser") to a Fund and delegate to the Investment Adviser the authority to make all decisions regarding the acquisition, management and disposition of Fund investments.

5. Each Managing Member and Investment Adviser is an investment adviser within the meaning of section 9 and 36 of the Act and is subject to those sections. The Managing Member or Investment Adviser may receive a performance-based fee or allocation (an "Incentive Allocation") based on the net gains of the Fund's investments, in addition to any amount allocable to the Managing Member's or Investment Adviser's capital contribution.¹

¹ If a Managing Member or an Investment Adviser is registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 ("Advisers Act"), the Incentive Allocation payable to it by a Fund will be pursuant to an arrangement that complies with rule 205-3 under the Advisers Act. All or a portion of the Incentive Allocation may be paid to individuals who are officers, employees or stockholders of the Managing

6. If the Managing Member elects to recommend that a Fund enter into any side-by-side investment with an unaffiliated entity, the Managing Member will be permitted to engage as a sub-investment adviser the unaffiliated entity (an "Unaffiliated Subadviser"), which will be responsible for the management of such side-by-side investment.

7. Interests in the Funds will be offered in a transaction exempt from registration under section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"), or Regulation D or Regulation S promulgated thereunder, and will be sold only to "Qualified Participants," which term refers to: (i) Eligible Employees (as defined below); (ii) Eligible Family Members (as defined below); (iii) Eligible Investment Vehicles (as defined below); and (iv) Two Sigma. Prior to offering interests in a Fund to a Qualified Participant, Two Sigma must reasonably believe that the Eligible Employee or Eligible Family Member will be capable of understanding and evaluating the merits and risks of participation in a Fund and that each such individual is able to bear the economic risk of such participation and afford a complete loss of his or her investments in the Fund.

8. The term "Eligible Employees" is defined as current and former employees, officers and directors of Two Sigma (including people in administration, marketing, and operations) and current consultants engaged on retainer to provide services and professional expertise on an ongoing basis to Two Sigma.² The term

Member or Investment Adviser or its affiliates. If the Managing Member or Investment Adviser is not required to register under the Advisers Act, the Incentive Allocation payable to it will comply with section 205(b)(3) of the Advisers Act (with such Fund treated as though it were a business development company solely for the purpose of that section).

² Applicants represent that persons or entities whom Two Sigma has engaged on retainer to provide services and professional expertise on an ongoing basis as regular consultants or business or legal advisers to Two Sigma ("Consultants") share a community of interest with Two Sigma and Two Sigma's employees. In order to participate in the Funds, Consultants must be currently engaged by Two Sigma and will be required to be sophisticated investors who qualify as accredited investors ("Accredited Investors") under rule 501(a) of Regulation D. If a Consultant is an entity (such as, for example, a law firm or consulting firm), and the Consultant proposes to invest in the Fund through a partnership, corporation or other entity that is controlled by the Consultant, the individual participants in such partnership, corporation or other entity will be limited to senior level employees, members or partners of the Consultant who are responsible for the activities of the Consultant or the activities of the Consultant in relation to Two Sigma and will be required to qualify as Accredited Investors. In addition, such entities will be limited to businesses controlled by

“Eligible Family Members” is defined as spouses, parents, children, spouses of children, brothers, sisters and grandchildren of Eligible Employees, including step and adoptive relationships.³ The term “Eligible Investment Vehicles” is defined as: (i) A trust of which a trustee, grantor and/or beneficiary is an Eligible Employee; (ii) a partnership, corporation or other entity created or controlled⁴ by an Eligible Employee;⁵ and (iii) a trust or other entity established solely for the benefit of Eligible Employees and/or Eligible Family Members. Each Eligible Employee and Eligible Family Member will be an Accredited Investor under rule 501(a)(5) or rule 501(a)(6) of Regulation D under the 1933 Act, except that a maximum of 35 Eligible Employees who are sophisticated

individuals who have levels of expertise and sophistication in the area of investments in securities that are comparable to other Eligible Employees who are employees, officers or directors of Two Sigma and who have an interest in maintaining an ongoing relationship with Two Sigma. The individuals participating through such entities will belong to that class of persons who will have access to the directors and officers of the Managing Member and its affiliates and/or the officers of Two Sigma responsible for making investments for the Funds similar to the access afforded other Eligible Employees who are employees, officers or directors of Two Sigma.

³ In order to ensure that a close nexus between the Qualified Participants and Two Sigma is maintained, the terms of each governing document for a Fund will provide that any Eligible Family Member participating in such Fund (either through direct beneficial ownership of an interest or as an indirect beneficial owner through an Eligible Investment Vehicle) will not, in any event, be more than two generations removed from an Eligible Employee.

⁴ Any reference to an Eligible Investment Vehicle which is an entity created by, rather than controlled by, an Eligible Employee refers only to a corporate blocker entity created, and continuing to operate, for the purpose of facilitating (a) the tax efficient investment of Eligible Employees or other Eligible Investment Vehicles in a Fund and (b) the charitable giving of Eligible Employees. The mandate of an Eligible Investment Vehicle created by an Eligible Employee is determined by the relevant Eligible Employee and will be limited to permitted investments in vehicles managed by Two Sigma (such as a Fund).

⁵ The inclusion of partnerships, corporations, or other entities that are “created” by Eligible Employees in the definition of Eligible Investment Vehicle is intended to enable an Eligible Employee to make tax-efficient investments in the Funds through a corporate blocker entity created by an Eligible Employee for the purpose of his/her charitable giving. Investments in a corporate blocker entity may be made through Eligible Investment Vehicles controlled by an Eligible Employee. No persons or entities other than Eligible Employees or the Eligible Investment Vehicles they control will contribute funds to a corporate blocker entity for investment. The inclusion of partnerships, corporations, or other entities that are “controlled” by Eligible Employees in the definition of Eligible Investment Vehicle is intended to enable Eligible Employees to make investments in the Funds through personal investment vehicles for the purpose of personal and family investment and estate planning objectives.

investors but who are not Accredited Investors may become investors in a Fund, if each of them falls into one of the following categories: (i) An Eligible Employee who (a) has a graduate degree in business, law or accounting, (b) has a minimum of five years of consulting, investment management, investment banking, legal or similar business experience, and (c) had reportable income from all sources (including any profit shares or bonus) of \$100,000 in each of the two most recent years immediately preceding the Eligible Employee’s admission as an investor of the Fund and has a reasonable expectation of income from all sources of at least \$140,000 in each year in which the Eligible Employee will be committed to make investments in the Fund;⁶ or (ii) Eligible Employees who are “knowledgeable employees” (as defined in rule 3c–5 under the Act) of the Fund (with the Fund treated as though it were a “covered company” for purposes of the rule).

9. A Qualified Participant may purchase an interest through an Eligible Investment Vehicle only if either (i) the investment vehicle is an Accredited Investor, as defined in rule 501(a) of Regulation D under the 1933 Act or (ii) the Eligible Employee is a settlor⁷ and principal investment decision-maker with respect to the investment vehicle. Eligible Investment Vehicles that are not Accredited Investors will be counted in accordance with Regulation D toward the 35 non-Accredited Investor limit discussed above.

10. The terms of each Fund will be fully disclosed to each Qualified Participant (or person making the investment on behalf of the Qualified Participant) at the time the Qualified Participant is invited to participate in the Fund. A Fund will send its investors an annual financial statement with respect to those investments in which the investor had an interest within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year of the Fund, or as soon as practicable after the end of the Fund’s fiscal year. The financial statement will be audited⁸ by independent certified public

⁶ An Eligible Employee that is not an Accredited Investor will only be permitted to invest in a Fund if such individual represents and warrants that he or she will not commit in any year more than 10% of his or her income from all sources for the immediately preceding year, in the aggregate, in a Fund and in all other Funds in which that investor has previously invested.

⁷ If such investment vehicle is an entity other than a trust, the term “settlor” will be read to mean a person who created such vehicle, alone or together with other eligible individuals, and contributed funds to such vehicle.

⁸ “Audit” has the meaning defined in rule 1–02(d) of Regulation S–X.

accountants. In addition, as soon as practicable after the end of each calendar year, a report will be sent to each investor setting forth the information with respect such investor’s share of income, gains, losses, credits, and other items for U.S. federal and state income tax purposes resulting from the operation of the Fund during that year.

11. Interests in a Fund will not be transferable except with the express consent of the Managing Member, and then only to a Qualified Participant. No sales load or similar fee of any kind will be charged in connection with the sale of interests in a Future Fund.

12. A Managing Member may have the right, but not the obligation, to repurchase, cancel, or transfer to another Qualified Participant the interest of (i) an Eligible Employee who ceases to be an employee, officer, director or current consultant of any Two Sigma Entity for any reason or (ii) any Eligible Family Member of any person described in clause (i). The governing documents for each Fund will describe, if applicable, the amount that an investor would receive upon repurchase, cancellation or transfer of its interest. The investor will, at a minimum, be paid the lesser of (i) the amount actually paid by or on behalf of the investor to acquire the interest (plus interest, as reasonably determined by the Managing Member) less any amounts paid to the investor as distributions, and (ii) the fair value, determined at the time of repurchase in good faith by the Managing Member, of such interest.

13. A Future Fund may invest in one or more pooled investment vehicles (including private funds relying on sections 3(c)(1) and 3(c)(7) under the Act and funds relying on section 3(c)(5) under the Act) and/or registered investment companies sponsored by Two Sigma or by third parties (each, an “Underlying Fund”).⁹ One Fund may also invest in another Fund in a “master-feeder” or similar structure. A Fund may also be operated as a parallel fund making investments on a side-by-side basis with Two Sigma Entities.

14. A Fund may co-invest in a portfolio company (or a pooled investment vehicle) with a Two Sigma Entity or with an investment fund or separate account organized primarily for the benefit of investors who are not affiliated with Two Sigma (“Third Party

⁹ Applicants are not requesting any exemption from any provision of the Act or any rule thereunder that may govern a Fund’s eligibility to invest in an Underlying Fund relying on section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the Act or an Underlying Fund’s status under the Act.

Investors”) over which a Two Sigma Entity exercises investment discretion or which is sponsored by a Two Sigma Entity (an “Two Sigma Third Party Fund”). Co-investments with a Two Sigma Entity or with a Two Sigma Third Party Fund in a transaction in which Two Sigma’s investment was made pursuant to a contractual obligation to a Two Sigma Third Party Fund will not be subject to Condition 3 below. All other side-by-side investments held by Two Sigma Entities involving a joint enterprise or other joint arrangement will be subject to Condition 3.

15. If Two Sigma makes loans to a Fund, the lender will be entitled to receive interest, provided that the interest rate will be no less favorable to the borrower than the rate obtainable on an arm’s length basis. The possibility of any such borrowings, as well as the terms thereof, would be disclosed to Qualified Participants prior to their investment in a Fund. Any indebtedness of the Fund will be the debt of the Fund and without recourse to the investors. A Fund will not borrow from any person if the borrowing would cause any person not named in section 2(a)(13) of the Act to own securities of the Fund (other than short-term paper). A Fund will not lend any funds to a Two Sigma Entity.

16. A Fund will not acquire any security issued by a registered investment company if immediately after such acquisition such Fund will own more than 3% of the outstanding voting stock of the registered investment company.

Applicants’ Legal Analysis

1. Section 6(b) of the Act provides that the Commission shall exempt employees’ securities companies from the provisions of the Act if and to the extent that such exemption is consistent with the protection of investors. Section 6(b) provides that the Commission will consider, in determining the provisions of the Act from which the company should be exempt, the company’s form of organization and capital structure, the persons owning and controlling its securities, the price of the company’s securities and the amount of any sales load, how the company’s funds are invested, and the relationship between the company and the issuers of the securities in which it invests. Section 2(a)(13) defines an employees’ securities company, in relevant part, as any investment company all of whose securities (other than short-term paper) are beneficially owned (a) by current or former employees, or persons on retainer, of one or more affiliated employers, (b) by immediate family

members of such persons, or (c) by such employer or employers together with any of the persons in (a) or (b).

2. Section 7 of the Act generally prohibits investment companies that are not registered under section 8 of the Act from selling or redeeming their securities. Section 6(e) of the Act provides that in connection with any order exempting an investment company from any provision of section 7, certain specified provisions of the Act shall be applicable to such company, and to other persons in their transactions and relations with such company, as though such company were registered under the Act, if the Commission deems it necessary and appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors. Applicants submit that it would be appropriate in the public interest and consistent with the protection of investors and the purposes fairly intended by the policies and provisions of the Act for the Commission to issue an order under sections 6(b) and 6(e) of the Act exempting the Funds from all provisions of the Act and the rules and regulations thereunder, except sections 9, 17, 30, and 36 through 53 of the Act, and the Rules and Regulations. With respect to sections 17(a), (d), (e), (f), (g) and (j) and 30(a), (b), (e), and (h) of the Act, and the Rules and Regulations, and rule 38a–1 under the Act, Applicants request a limited exemption as set forth in the application.

3. Section 17(a) of the Act generally prohibits any affiliated person of a registered investment company, or any affiliated person of such a person, acting as principal, from knowingly selling or purchasing any security or other property to or from the investment company. Applicants request an exemption from section 17(a) to the extent necessary to (a) permit a Two Sigma Entity or a Two Sigma Third Party Fund (or any affiliated person of such Two Sigma Entity or Two Sigma Third Party Fund), or any affiliated person of a Fund (or affiliated persons of such persons), acting as principal, to engage in any transaction directly or indirectly with any Fund or any company controlled by such Fund; and (b) permit a Fund to invest in or engage in any transaction with any Two Sigma Entity, acting as principal, (i) in which such Fund, any company controlled by such Fund or any Two Sigma Entity or any Two Sigma Third Party Fund has invested or will invest, or (ii) with which such Fund, any company controlled by such Fund or any Two Sigma Entity or Two Sigma Third Party Fund is or will become otherwise affiliated; and (c) permit a Third Party

Investor, acting as a principal, to engage in any transaction directly or indirectly with a Fund or any company controlled by such Fund. The transactions to which any Fund is a party will be effected only after a determination by the Managing Member that the requirements of Conditions 1, 2 and 6 (set forth below) have been satisfied. Applicants, on behalf of the Funds, represent that any transactions otherwise subject to section 17(a) of the Act, for which exemptive relief has not been requested, would require approval of the Commission.

4. Applicants submit that an exemption from section 17(a) is consistent with the policy of each Fund and the protection of investors. Applicants state that the investors in each Fund will have been fully informed of the possible extent of such Fund’s dealings with Two Sigma and of the potential conflicts of interest that may exist. Applicants also state that, as professionals employed in the investment management and securities businesses, or in administrative, financial, accounting, legal, sales, marketing, risk management or operational activities related thereto, the investors will be able to understand and evaluate the attendant risks. Applicants assert that the community of interest among the investors in each Fund, on the one hand, and Two Sigma, on the other hand, is the best insurance against any risk of abuse. Applicants acknowledge that the requested relief will not extend to any transactions between a Fund and an Unaffiliated Subadviser or any affiliated person of the Unaffiliated Subadviser, or between a Fund and any person who is not an employee, officer or director of Two Sigma or is an entity outside of Two Sigma and, in each case, is an affiliated person of the Fund as defined in section 2(a)(3)(E) of the Act (“Advisory Person”) or any affiliated person of such person.

5. Section 17(d) of the Act and rule 17d–1 under the Act prohibit any affiliated person or principal underwriter of a registered investment company, or any affiliated person of such a person or principal underwriter, acting as principal, from participating in any joint arrangement with the company unless authorized by the Commission. Applicants request an exemption from section 17(d) and rule 17d–1 to the extent necessary to permit affiliated persons of each Fund, or affiliated persons of any of such persons to participate in, or effect any transaction in connection with, any joint enterprise or other joint arrangement or profit-sharing plan in which such Fund or a company controlled by such Fund is a

participant. The exemption would permit, among other things, co-investments by each Fund, Two Sigma Third Party Fund and individual members or employees, officers, directors or consultants of Two Sigma making their own individual investment decisions apart from Two Sigma. Applicants acknowledge that the requested relief will not extend to any transaction in which an Unaffiliated Subadviser or Advisory Person or an affiliated person of either has an interest.

6. Applicants assert that compliance with section 17(d) would prevent each Fund from achieving a principal purpose, which is to provide a vehicle for Eligible Employees (and other permitted investors) to co-invest with Two Sigma or, to the extent permitted by the terms of the Fund, with other employees, officers, directors or consultants of Two Sigma or Two Sigma Entities or with a Two Sigma Third Party Fund. Applicants further contend that compliance with section 17(d) would cause a Fund to forego investment opportunities simply because an investor in such Fund or other affiliated person of such Fund (or any affiliated person of such a person) also had, or contemplated making, a similar investment. Applicants submit that it is likely that suitable investments will be brought to the attention of a Fund because of its affiliation with Two Sigma's large capital resources and investment management experience, and that attractive investment opportunities of the types considered by a Fund often require each participant in the transaction to make funds available in an amount that may be substantially greater than those the Fund would independently be able to provide. Applicants contend that, as a result, a Fund's access to such opportunities may have to be through co-investment with other persons, including its affiliates. Applicants assert that the flexibility to structure co-investments and joint investments will not involve abuses of the type section 17(d) and rule 17d-1 were designed to prevent. In addition, Applicants represent that any transactions otherwise subject to section 17(d) of the Act and rule 17d-1 thereunder, for which exemptive relief has not been requested, would require approval by the Commission.

7. Co-investments with a Two Sigma Entity or with a Two Sigma Third Party Fund in a transaction in which Two Sigma's investment was made pursuant to a contractual obligation to a Two Sigma Third Party Fund will not be subject to Condition 3 below. Applicants believe that the interests of

the Eligible Employees participating in a Fund will be adequately protected in such situations because Two Sigma is likely to invest a portion of its own capital in Two Sigma Third Party Fund investments, either through such Two Sigma Third Party Fund or on a side-by-side basis (which Two Sigma investments will be subject to substantially the same terms as those applicable to such Two Sigma Third Party Fund, except as otherwise disclosed in the governing documents of the relevant Fund). Applicants assert that if Condition 3 were to apply to Two Sigma's investment in these situations, the Two Sigma Third Party Fund would be indirectly burdened. Applicants further assert that the relationship of a Fund to a Two Sigma Third Party Fund is fundamentally different from such Fund's relationship to Two Sigma. Applicants contend that the focus of, and the rationale for, the protections contained in the requested relief are to protect the Funds from any overreaching by Two Sigma in the employer/employee context, whereas the same concerns are not present with respect to the Funds vis-à-vis the investors in a Two Sigma Third Party Fund.

8. Section 17(e) of the Act and rule 17e-1 thereunder limit the compensation an affiliated person may receive when acting as agent or broker for a registered investment company. Applicants request an exemption from section 17(e) to permit a Two Sigma Entity (including the Managing Member and the Investment Adviser) that acts as an agent or broker to receive placement fees, advisory fees, or other compensation from a Fund in connection with the purchase or sale by the Fund of securities, provided that the fees or other compensation are deemed "usual and customary." Applicants state that for purposes of the application, fees or other compensation that are charged or received by a Two Sigma Entity will be deemed to be "usual and customary" only if (i) the Fund is purchasing or selling securities alongside other unaffiliated third parties, Two Sigma Third Party Funds or Third Party Investors who are also similarly purchasing or selling securities, (ii) the fees or other compensation being charged to the Fund are also being charged to the unaffiliated third parties, Two Sigma Third Party Funds or Third Party Investors and (iii) the amount of securities being purchased or sold by the Fund does not exceed 50% of the total amount of securities being purchased or sold by the Fund and the unaffiliated third parties, Two Sigma

Third Party Funds or Third Party Investors. Applicants state that compliance with section 17(e) would prevent a Fund from participating in a transaction in which Two Sigma, for other business reasons, does not wish to appear as if the Fund is being treated in a more favorable manner (by being charged lower fees) than other third parties also participating in the transaction. Applicants assert that the concerns of overreaching and abuse that section 17(e) and rule 17e-1 were designed to prevent are alleviated by the conditions that ensure that (i) the fees or other compensation paid by a Fund to a Two Sigma Entity are those negotiated at arm's length with unaffiliated third parties and (ii) the unaffiliated third parties have as great or greater interest as the Fund in the transaction as a whole.

9. Rule 17e-1(b) under the Act requires that a majority of directors who are not "interested persons" (as defined in section 2(a)(19) of the Act) take actions and make approvals regarding commissions, fees, or other remuneration. Rule 17e-1(c) under the Act requires each Fund to comply with the fund governance standards defined in rule 0-1(a)(7) under the Act. Applicants request an exemption from rule 17e-1(b) to the extent necessary to permit each Fund to comply with rule 17e-1(b) without the necessity of having a majority of the directors (or members of a comparable body) of the Fund who are not "interested persons" take such actions and make such approvals as are set forth in rule 17e-1(b). Applicants note that in the event that all the directors of the Managing Member or other governing body of the Managing Member will be affiliated persons, a Fund could not comply with rule 17e-1(b) without the relief requested. Applicants represent that in such event, the Fund will comply with rule 17e-1(b) by having a majority of the directors (or members of a comparable body) of the Fund or its Managing Member take such actions and make such approvals as are set forth in rule 17e-1(b), and that each Fund will otherwise comply with all other requirements of rule 17e-1(b). Applicants further request an exemption from rule 17(e)-1(c) to the extent necessary to permit each Fund to comply with rule 17e-1 without the necessity of having a majority of the directors (or members of a comparable body) of the Fund or its Managing Member be "disinterested persons" as is set forth in rule 17e-1(c). Applicants note that in the event that all the directors (or members of a comparable governing body) of the Fund or its

Managing Member will be affiliated persons, a Fund could not comply with rule 17e-1 without the relief requested. Applicants represent that each Fund will otherwise comply with all other requirements of rule 17e-1(c).

10. Section 17(f) of the Act provides that the securities and similar investments of a registered management investment company must be placed in the custody of a bank, a member of a national securities exchange or the company itself in accordance with Commission rules. Rule 17f-2 under the Act specifies the requirements that must be satisfied for a registered management investment company to act as a custodian of its own investments. Applicants request relief from section 17(f) and rule 17f-2 to permit the following exceptions from the requirements of rule 17f-2: (a) A Fund's investments may be kept in the locked files of the Managing Member or the Investment Adviser for purposes of paragraph (b) of the rule; (b) for purposes of paragraph (d) of the rule, (i) employees of Two Sigma or its affiliates (including the Managing Member) will be deemed to be employees of the Funds, (ii) officers or managers of the Managing Member of a Fund will be deemed to be officers of the Fund and (iii) the Managing Member of a Fund or its board of directors will be deemed to be the board of directors of the Fund; and (c) in place of the verification procedure under rule 17f-2(f), verification will be effected quarterly by two employees of the Investment Adviser who are also employees of Two Sigma responsible for the administrative, legal and/or compliance functions for funds managed or sponsored by Two Sigma and who have specific knowledge of custody requirements, policies and procedures of the Funds. Applicants expect that, with respect to certain Funds, many of their investments will be evidenced only by partnership agreements, participation agreements or similar documents, rather than by negotiable certificates that could be misappropriated. Applicants assert that, for such a Fund, these instruments are most suitably kept in the files of the Managing Member or its Investment Adviser, where they can be referred to as necessary. Applicants represent that they will comply with all other provisions of rule 17f-2, including the recordkeeping requirements of paragraph (e).

11. Section 17(g) of the Act and rule 17g-1 thereunder generally require the bonding of officers and employees of a registered investment company who have access to its securities or funds.

Rule 17g-1 requires that a majority of directors who are not "interested persons" of a registered investment company take certain actions and give certain approvals relating to fidelity bonding. Among other things, the rule also requires that the board of directors of an investment company relying on the rule satisfy the fund governance standards defined in rule 0-1(a)(7). Applicants request an exemption from rule 17g-1 to the extent necessary to permit a Fund to comply with rule 17g-1 by having the Managing Member of the Fund take such actions and make such approvals as are set forth in rule 17g-1. Applicants state that in the event all the directors of the Managing Member or other governing body of the Managing Member will be affiliated persons, a Fund could not comply with rule 17g-1 without the requested relief. Applicants also request an exemption from the requirements of rule 17g-1(g) and (h) relating to the filing of copies of fidelity bonds and related information with the Commission and the provision of notices to the board of directors and from the requirements of rule 17g-1(j)(3). Applicants contend that the filing requirements are burdensome and unnecessary as applied to the Funds and represent that the Managing Member of each Fund will designate a person to maintain the records otherwise required to be filed with the Commission under rule 17g-1(g). Applicants further contend that the notices otherwise required to be given to the board of directors will be unnecessary as the Funds will not have boards of directors. Applicants represent that each Fund will comply with all other requirements of rule 17g-1.

12. Section 17(j) of the Act and paragraph (b) of rule 17j-1 under the Act make it unlawful for certain enumerated persons to engage in fraudulent or deceptive practices in connection with the purchase or sale of a security held or to be acquired by a registered investment company. Rule 17j-1 also requires that every registered investment company adopt a written code of ethics and that every access person of a registered investment company report personal securities transactions. Applicants request an exemption from section 17(j) and the provisions of rule 17j-1 (except for the anti-fraud provisions of rule 17j-1(b)) because they assert that these requirements are burdensome and unnecessary as applied to the Funds. The relief requested will extend only to entities within Two Sigma and is not requested with respect to any

Unaffiliated Subadviser or Advisory Person.

13. Sections 30(a), (b) and (e) of the Act and the rules thereunder generally require that registered investment companies prepare and file with the Commission and mail to their shareholders certain periodic reports and financial statements. Applicants contend that the forms prescribed by the Commission for periodic reports have little relevance to a Fund and would entail administrative and legal costs that outweigh any benefit to the investors in such Fund. Applicants request relief under sections 30(a), (b) and (e) to the extent necessary to permit each Fund to report annually to its investors in the manner described in the application. Section 30(h) of the Act requires that every officer, director, member of an advisory board, investment adviser or affiliated person of an investment adviser of a closed-end investment company be subject to the same duties and liabilities as those imposed upon similar classes of persons under section 16(a) of the Exchange Act. Applicants request an exemption from section 30(h) of the Act to the extent necessary to exempt the Managing Member of each Fund, directors, and officers of the Managing Member and any other persons who may be deemed members of an advisory board or investment adviser (and affiliated persons thereof) of such Fund from filing Forms 3, 4, and 5 under section 16(a) of the Exchange Act with respect to their ownership of interests in such Fund under section 16 of the Exchange Act. Applicants assert that, because there will be no trading market and the transfers of interests are severely restricted, these filings are unnecessary for the protection of investors and burdensome to those required to make them.

14. Rule 38a-1 requires registered investment companies to adopt, implement and periodically review written policies reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws and to appoint a chief compliance officer. Each Fund will comply with rule 38a-1(a), (c) and (d), except that: (i) To the extent the Fund does not have a board of directors, the board of directors of the Managing Member or other governing body of the Managing Member will fulfill the responsibilities assigned to the Fund's board of directors under the rule; (ii) to the extent the board of directors or other governing body of the Managing Member does not have any disinterested members, approval by a majority of the disinterested board members required by rule 38a-1 will not be obtained; and (iii) to the extent the board of directors

or other governing body of the Managing Member does not have any independent members, the Funds will comply with the requirement in rule 38a-1(a)(4)(iv) that the chief compliance officer meet with the independent directors by having the chief compliance officer meet with the board of directors or other governing body of the Managing Member as constituted. Applicants represent that each Fund has adopted written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violations of the terms and conditions of the application, has appointed a chief compliance officer and is otherwise in compliance with the terms and conditions of the application.

Applicants' Conditions

Applicants agree that any order granting the requested relief will be subject to the following conditions:

1. Each proposed transaction otherwise prohibited by section 17(a) or section 17(d) of the Act and rule 17d-1 thereunder to which a Fund is a party (the "Section 17 Transactions") will be effected only if the Managing Member determines that: (a) The terms of the Section 17 Transaction, including the consideration to be paid or received, are fair and reasonable to the Fund and the investors and do not involve overreaching of such Fund or its investors on the part of any person concerned; and (b) the Section 17 Transaction is consistent with the interests of the Fund and the investors, such Fund's organizational documents and such Fund's reports to its investors.

In addition, the Managing Member will record and preserve a description of all Section 17 Transactions, the Managing Member's findings, the information or materials upon which the Managing Member's findings are based and the basis for such findings. All such records will be maintained for the life of the Fund and at least six years thereafter, and will be subject to examination by the Commission and its staff.¹⁰

2. The Managing Member will adopt, and periodically review and update, procedures designed to ensure that reasonable inquiry is made, prior to the consummation of any Section 17 Transaction, with respect to the possible involvement in the transaction of any affiliated person or promoter of or principal underwriter for such Fund, or any affiliated person of such a person, promoter or principal underwriter.

3. The Managing Member will not cause the funds of any Fund to be invested in any investment in which a "Co-Investor" (as defined below) has acquired or proposes to acquire the same class of securities of the same issuer, where the investment involves a joint enterprise or other joint arrangement within the meaning of rule 17d-1 in which the Fund and a Co-Investor are participants, unless prior to such investment any such Co-Investor agrees, prior to disposing of all or part of its investment, to: (a) Give the Managing Member sufficient, but not less than one day's, notice of its intent to dispose of its investment; and (b) refrain from disposing of its investment unless the Fund has the opportunity to dispose of the Fund's investment prior to or concurrently with, on the same terms as, and on a pro rata basis with, the Co-Investor. The term "Co-Investor" with respect to any Fund means any person who is: (a) An "affiliated person" (as defined in section 2(a)(3) of the Act) of the Fund (other than a Two Sigma Third Party Fund); (b) Two Sigma (except when a Two Sigma Entity co-invests with a Fund and a Two Sigma Third Party Fund pursuant to a contractual obligation to the Two Sigma Third Party Fund); (c) an officer or director of a Two Sigma Entity; or (d) an entity (other than a Two Sigma Third Party Fund) in which Two Sigma acts as a managing member or has a similar capacity to control the sale or other disposition of the entity's securities. The restrictions contained in this condition, however, shall not be deemed to limit or prevent the disposition of an investment by a Co-Investor: (a) To its direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, to any company (a "parent") of which the Co-Investor is a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary or to a direct or indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of its parent; (b) to immediate family members of the Co-Investor, including step or adoptive relationships, or a trust or other investment vehicle established for any Co-Investor or any such family member; or (c) when the investment is comprised of securities that are (i) listed on a national securities exchange registered under section 6 of the Exchange Act; (ii) NMS stocks, pursuant to section 11A(a)(2) of the Exchange Act and rule 600(b) of Regulation NMS thereunder; (iii) government securities as defined in section 2(a)(16) of the Act; (iv) "Eligible Securities" as defined in rule 2a-7 under the Act; or (v) listed or traded on any foreign securities exchange or board of trade that satisfies regulatory requirements under the law

of the jurisdiction in which such foreign securities exchange or board of trade is organized similar to those that apply to a national securities exchange or a national market system for securities.

4. Each Fund and its Managing Member will maintain and preserve, for the life of such Fund and at least six years thereafter, such accounts, books, and other documents as constitute the record forming the basis for the audited financial statements that are to be provided to the investors in such Fund, and each annual report of such Fund required to be sent to such investors, and agree that all such records will be subject to examination by the Commission and its staff.¹¹

5. Within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year of each Fund, or as soon as practicable thereafter, the Managing Member of each Fund will send to each investor in such Fund who had an interest in any capital account of the Fund, at any time during the fiscal year then ended, Fund financial statements audited by the Fund's independent accountants, except in the case of a Fund formed to make a single portfolio investment. In such cases, financial statements will be unaudited, but each investor will receive financial statements of the single portfolio investment audited by such entity's independent accountants. At the end of each fiscal year and at other times as necessary in accordance with customary practice, the Managing Member will make a valuation or cause a valuation to be made of all of the assets of the Fund as of the fiscal year end. In addition, as soon as practicable after the end of each tax year of a Fund, the Managing Member of such Fund will send a report to each person who was an investor in such Fund at any time during the fiscal year then ended, setting forth such tax information as shall be necessary for the preparation by the investor of his, her or its U.S. federal and state income tax returns and a report of the investment activities of the Fund during that fiscal year.

6. If a Fund makes purchases or sales from or to an entity affiliated with the Fund by reason of an officer, director or employee of Two Sigma (a) serving as an officer, director, managing member or investment adviser of the entity, or (b) having a 5% or more investment in the entity, such individual will not participate in the Fund's determination of whether or not to effect the purchase or sale.

¹⁰ Each Fund will preserve the accounts, books and other documents required to be maintained in an easily accessible place for the first two years.

¹¹ Each Fund will preserve the accounts, books and other documents required to be maintained in an easily accessible place for the first two years.

For the Commission, by the Division of Investment Management, under delegated authority.

J. Matthew DeLesDernier,
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2020-04912 Filed 3-10-20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-88325; File No. SR-NASDAQ-2020-001]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC; Notice of Designation of Longer Period for Commission Action on Proposed Rule Change To Modify the Delisting Process for Securities With a Bid Price Below \$0.10 and for Securities That Have Had One or More Reverse Stock Splits With a Cumulative Ratio of 250 or More to One Over the Prior Two-Year Period

March 5, 2020.

On January 2, 2020, The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² a proposed rule change to modify the delisting process for securities that are in a bid price compliance period and have a bid price below \$0.10 and for securities that have had one or more reverse stock splits with a cumulative ratio of 250 or more to one over the prior two-year period. The proposed rule change was published for comment in the **Federal Register** on January 22, 2020.³ The Commission has received no comments on the proposal.

Section 19(b)(2) of the Act⁴ provides that within 45 days of the publication of notice of the filing of a proposed rule change, or within such longer period up to 90 days as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission shall either approve the proposed rule change, disapprove the proposed rule change, or institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved. The 45th day for this filing is March 7, 2020.

The Commission is extending the 45-day time period for Commission action

on the proposed rule change. The Commission finds that it is appropriate to designate a longer period within which to take action on the proposed rule change so that it has sufficient time to consider the proposed rule change.

Accordingly, pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act,⁵ the Commission designates April 21, 2020, as the date by which the Commission shall either approve or disapprove, or institute proceedings to determine whether to disapprove, the proposed rule change (File No. SR-NASDAQ-2020-001).

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.⁶

J. Matthew DeLesDernier,
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2020-04903 Filed 3-10-20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

Upon Written Request Copies Available From: Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-2736.

Extension:

Regulation D Rule 504(b)(3)—Felons and Other Bad Actors Disclosure Statement, SEC File No. 270-798, OMB Control No. 3235-0746

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget this request for extension of the previously approved collection of information discussed below.

Regulation D Rule 504(b)(3) provides that no exemption under Rule 504 shall be available for the securities of any issuer if such issuer would be subject to disqualification under Rule 506(d) of Regulation D on or after January 20, 2017; provided that disclosure of prior "bad actor" events shall be required in accordance with Rule 506(e) of Regulation D. Rule 504(b)(3) requires the issuer in a Rule 504 offering to furnish to each purchaser, a reasonable time prior to sale, a written description of any disqualifying events that occurred before effectiveness of the amendments to Rule 504 (*i.e.*, before January 20, 2017) and within the time periods described in the list of

disqualification events set forth in Rule 506(d)(1) of Regulation D, for the issuer or any other "covered person" associated with the offering.

Approximately 800 issuers relying on Rule 504 of Regulation D will spend on average one additional hour to conduct a factual inquiry to determine whether any covered persons had a disqualifying event that occurred before the effective date of the amendments for a total of 800 hours. In addition, approximately eight issuers (or approximately 1% of 800 issuers) will spend ten hours to prepare a disclosure statement describing matters that would have triggered disqualification under Rule 504(b)(3) of Regulation D had they occurred on or after the effective date of the amendments (January 20, 2017) for total burden 80 hours (8 issuers × 10 hours per response).

For Purposes of the PRA, we estimate the total paperwork burden for all affected Rule 504 issuers to comply with Rule 504(b)(3) requirements would be approximately 808 issuers and a total of 880 burden hours.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number.

The public may view the background documentation for this information collection at the following website, www.reginfo.gov. Comments should be directed to: (i) Desk Officer for the Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10102, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503, or by sending an email to: Lindsay.M.Abate@omb.eop.gov; and (ii) David Bottom, Director/Chief Information Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, c/o Cynthia Roscoe, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549 or send an email to: PRA_Mailbox@sec.gov. Comments must be submitted to OMB within 30 days of this notice.

Dated: March 6, 2020.

J. Matthew DeLesDernier,
Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2020-04947 Filed 3-10-20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³ See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 87982 (January 15, 2020), 85 FR 3736.

⁴ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

⁶ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(31).