Exporter/producer	Weighted- average dumping margin (percent)
PT. Cheil Jedang Indonesia	0.71

Disclosure

We intend to disclose the calculations performed for these amended final results in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Antidumping Duty Assessment

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce has determined, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with these amended final results of the administrative review.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), CJ Indonesia reported the entered value of its U.S. sales such that we calculated importer-specific ad valorem duty assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for the examined sales to the total entered value of the sales for which entered value was reported. Where an importer-specific rate is zero or de minimis within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties. The amended final results of this review shall be the basis for the assessment of antidumping duties on entries of merchandise covered by the amended final results of this review and for future deposits of estimated duties, where applicable.7

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective retroactively for all shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after August 1, 2019, the date of publication of the *Final Results* of this administrative review in the Federal Register, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) The cash deposit rate for CJ Indonesia will be that established in these amended final results; (2) for previously reviewed or investigated companies, including those for which Commerce may have determined had no shipments during the POR, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recently

completed segment of this proceeding in which the company participated; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this or review (or in an earlier review), or in the original less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation, but the manufacturer is, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established in the most recentlycompleted segment of this proceeding for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and (4) if neither the exporter nor the manufacturer is a firm covered in this or any previously completed segment of this proceeding, then the cash deposit rate will be the all-others rate of 6.19 percent, the allothers rate established in the LTFV investigation.8 These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as the final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during the period of review. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled antidumping duties.

Administrative Protective Order

This notice serves as a reminder to parties subject to administrative productive order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

These amended final results and notice are issued and published in accordance with sections 751(h) and 777(i) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.224(e).

Dated: January 15, 2020.

Jeffrey I. Kessler,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-559-808, A-469-819]

Acetone From Singapore and Spain: Correction to Antidumping Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) is correcting the antidumping duty orders on acetone from Singapore and Spain to state the correct date on which the provisional suspension of liquidation measures expired.

DATES: Applicable January 22, 2020.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Joshua DeMoss at (202) 482–3362 (Singapore) or Preston Cox at (202) 482–5041 (Spain), AD/CVD Operations, Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington,

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On

DC 20230.

December 20, 2019, Commerce published antidumping duty orders on acetone from Singapore and Spain.¹ In the *Orders*, Commerce inadvertently stated an incorrect date for the date on which the provisional suspension of liquidation measures expired. Specifically, December 3, 2019, was incorrectly published as the date on which the provisional measures expired. Commerce is correcting the *Orders* to clarify that December 2, 2019 is the date on which the provisional suspension of liquidation measures expired.

This correction to the *Orders* is published in accordance with sections 733(d) and 736(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended.

Dated: January 15, 2020.

Jeffrev I. Kessler,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2020–00952 Filed 1–21–20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

⁷ See section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act.

⁸ See Monosodium Glutamate from the Republic of Indonesia: Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, 79 FR 58329 (September 29, 2014).

¹ See Acetone from Singapore and Spain: Antidumping Duty Orders, 84 FR 70146 (December 20, 2019) (Orders).