The estimate of the times required for record preparation and maintenance is based on agency communication with industry. Other information needed to calculate the total burden hours (i.e., adverse drug reaction, lack of effectiveness, and product defect reports) are derived from agency records and experience.

Dated: August 29, 2002.

Margaret M. Dotzel,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.
[FR Doc. 02–22637 Filed 9–4–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4160–01–8

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration [Docket No. 01N-0587]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Announcement of OMB Approval; General Licensing Provisions: Biologics License Application, Changes to an Approved Application, Labeling Forms FDA 356h and 2567; and Revocation and Suspension

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration,

HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that a collection of information entitled "General Licensing Provisions: Biologics License Application, Changes to an Approved Application, Labeling Forms FDA 356h and 2567; and Revocation and Suspension" has been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

JonnaLynn P. Capezzuto, Office of Information Resources Management (HFA–250), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301–827–4659.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In the Federal Register of June 7, 2002 (67 FR 39406), the agency announced that the proposed information collection had been submitted to OMB for review and clearance under 44 U.S.C. 3507. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. OMB has now approved the information collection and has assigned OMB control number 0910-0338. The approval expires on August 31, 2005. A copy of the supporting statement for this information collection is available on

the Internet at http://www.fda.gov/ohrms/dockets.

Dated: August 30, 2002.

Margaret M. Dotzel,

Associate Commissioner for Policy.
[FR Doc. 02–22635 Filed 9–4–02; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4160–01–8

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration [Docket No. 00D-1539]

Draft Guidance for Industry, Electronic Records; Electronic Signatures, Maintenance of Electronic Records; Availability

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration,

HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug
Administration (FDA) is announcing the
availability of a draft guidance for
industry entitled "Guidance for
Industry, 21 CFR Part 11; Electronic
Records; Electronic Signatures,
Maintenance of Electronic Records."
The draft guidance describes the
agency's current thinking on issues
pertaining to maintaining electronic
records to ensure that electronic records
and electronic signatures are
trustworthy, reliable, and compatible
with FDA's public health
responsibilities.

DATES: Submit written or electronic comments on the draft guidance by December 4, 2002. General comments on agency guidance documents are welcome at any time.

ADDRESSES: Submit written requests for single copies of the draft guidance to the Division of Compliance Information and Quality Assurance (HFC-240), Office of Enforcement, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857. Send one selfaddressed adhesive label to assist that office in processing your requests. Submit written comments on the draft guidance document to the Dockets Management Branch (HFA-305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1060, Rockville, MD 20852. Submit electronic comments to http:// www.fda.gov/dockets/ecomments. See the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section for electronic access to the draft guidance document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul J. Motise, Office of Enforcement (HFC–240), Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857, 301–827–0383, e-mail: pmotise@ora.fda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

FDA is announcing the availability of a draft guidance entitled "Guidance for Industry, 21 CFR Part 11; Electronic Records; Electronic Signatures, Maintenance of Electronic Records." In the Federal Register of March 20, 1997 (62 FR 13430), FDA published a regulation providing criteria under which the agency considers electronic records and electronic signatures to be trustworthy, reliable, and generally equivalent to paper records and handwritten signatures executed on paper (part 11 (21 CFR part 11)). The preamble to part 11 stated that the agency anticipated issuing supplemental guidance documents and would afford all interested parties the opportunity to comment on draft guidance documents.

The draft guidance addresses issues pertaining to the maintenance of electronic records. Part 11 establishes requirements for such maintenance, and the draft guidance is intended to assist people who must meet these requirements; it may also assist FDA staff who apply part 11 to persons subject to the regulation.

The draft guidance provides specific information on key principles and practices, and it addresses some frequently asked questions. It also describes two examples of approaches to maintaining electronic records. However, this draft guidance is not intended to cover everything about maintaining electronic records, and it does not apply to electronic records that are submitted to FDA, but that submitters are not required to maintain.

By direct reference, this draft guidance incorporates definitions of terms contained in a companion draft guidance entitled "Guidance for Industry, 21 CFR Part 11; Electronic Records; Electronic Signatures, Glossary of Terms" that published in the **Federal Register** of September 24, 2001 (66 FR 48886).

This level 1 draft guidance is being issued consistent with FDA's good guidance practices regulations (21 CFR 10.115). This draft guidance, when finalized, will represent the agency's current thinking on maintaining electronic records in electronic form. It does not create or confer any rights for or on any person and does not operate to bind FDA or the public. An alternative approach may be used if such approach satisfies the requirements of the applicable statutes and regulations.