

health or risk to safety that may disproportionately affect children.

Indian Tribal Governments

This rule does not have tribal implications under Executive Order 13175, Consultation and Coordination with Indian Tribal Governments, because it does not have a substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal government and Indian tribes.

To help the Coast Guard establish regular and meaningful consultation and collaboration with Indian and Alaskan Native tribes, we published a notice in the **Federal Register** (66 FR 36361, July 11, 2001) requesting comments on how to best carry out the Order. We invite your comments on how this proposed rule might impact tribal governments, even if that impact may not constitute a "tribal implication" under the Order.

Energy Effects

We have analyzed this rule under Executive Order 13211, Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use. We have determined that it is not a "significant energy action" under that order because it is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866 and is not likely to have a significant adverse effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy. It has not been designated by the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs as a significant energy action. Therefore, it does not require a Statement of Energy Effects under Executive Order 13211.

Environment

We considered the environmental impact of this proposed rule and concluded that, under figure 2-1, paragraph (34)(g), of Commandant Instruction M16475.IC, this proposed rule is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation because we are proposing to establish a safety zone. A "Categorical Exclusion Determination" is available in the docket where indicated under ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping

requirements, Security measures, Waterways.

■ For the reasons discussed in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

PART 165—REGULATED NAVIGATION AREAS AND LIMITED ACCESS AREAS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1231; 50 U.S.C. 191, 33 CFR 1.05–1(g), 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; 49 CFR 1.46.

■ 2. From 5:30 a.m. on April 5, 2003 to 10 a.m. on April 5, 2003, add a new § 165.T11–039 to read as follows:

§ 165.T11–039 Safety Zone; Oceanside Harbor, CA

(a) *Location.* The area described as follows is a safety zone: the waters of Oceanside Harbor, CA, including the entrance channel.

(b) *Effective dates.* This safety zone will be enforced from 5:30 a.m. (PST) to 10 a.m. (PST) on April 5, 2003. If the event concludes prior to the scheduled termination time, the Captain of the Port will cease enforcement of this safety zone and will announce that fact via Broadcast Notice to Mariners.

(c) *Regulations.* In accordance with the general regulations in § 165.23 of this part, entry into, transit through, or anchoring within this zone by all vessels is prohibited, unless authorized by the Captain of the Port, or his designated representative. Mariners requesting permission to transit through the safety zone may request authorization to do so from the Patrol Commander, who will be designated by the COTP. The Patrol Commander may be contacted by VHF–FM Channel 16.

Dated: March 17, 2003.

Stephen P. Metruck,

Commander, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port, San Diego.

[FR Doc. 03–7298 Filed 3–26–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–15–P

CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL AND COMMUNITY SERVICE

45 CFR Parts 1204, 1206, 1213, 1229, and 1234

Removal of Regulations for the Former ACTION Agency

AGENCY: Corporation for National and Community Service.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Corporation for National and Community Service is removing regulations related to programs of its predecessor agency, the ACTION Agency as being obsolete.

DATES: The removal of these regulations is effective as of March 27, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. William L. Hudson, (202) 606–5000, ext. 265.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The National and Community Service Trust Act of 1993, Public Law 103–82, 107 Stat. 785, which amended the National and Community Service Act of 1990, created the Corporation for National and Community Service. This law authorized programs to provide Federal financial assistance to organizations that conducts national service programs, and authorized the transfer of all functions and personnel of the ACTION Agency to the Corporation. Since then, the Corporation has published its own regulations implementing national service programs as authorized under the 1993 amendments to the 1990 Act. Therefore, the Corporation removes these regulations.

List of Regulations

§ 1204 Official Seal.

§ 1206 Grants and contracts—suspension and termination and denial of application for refunding.

§ 1213 ACTION Cooperative Volunteer Program.

§ 1229 Governmentwide debarment and suspension (nonprocurement) and governmentwide requirements for a drug-free workplace (grants).

§ 1234 Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments.

PARTS 1204, 1206, 1213, 1229 AND 1234—[REMOVED]

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Corporation for National and Community Service, under the authority of 42 U.S.C. 12501 *et. seq.*, hereby amends 45 CFR Chapter XII by removing parts 1204, 1206, 1213, 1229, and 1234.

Dated: March 21, 2003.

Frank R. Trinity,

General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 03–7335 Filed 3–26–03; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 679

[Docket No. 021212307-3037-02; I.D. 110602C]

Fisheries of the Exclusive Economic Zone Off Alaska; Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands; Final 2003 Harvest Specifications for Groundfish; Correction

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule; Correction.

SUMMARY: This document corrects a typographical error in the docket number of the final rule published in the **Federal Register** on March 3, 2003. This rule implements the final specifications for the groundfish fishery of the Bering Sea and Aleutian Islands management area.

DATES: Effective 1200 hrs, Alaska local time (A.l.t.), February 25, 2003, through 2400 hrs, A.l.t., December 31, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Regina L. Spallone, 301-713-2341.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Need for Correction

An incorrect docket number (No.) was published under the Docket No. heading of the final rule, FR Doc. 03-4815, on March 3, 2003 (68 FR 9907). It is corrected as follows:

On page 9907, column 2, line 5 from the top of the document, the text, "Docket No. 021212307-3037-3037-02;" is corrected to read "Docket No. 021212307-3037-02".

Dated: March 21, 2003.

Rebecca Lent,

Deputy Assistant Administrator for Regulatory Programs, National Marine Fisheries Service.

[FR Doc. 03-7366 Filed 3-26-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-22-S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

50 CFR Part 697

[Docket No.010918229-3033-02;I.D.022301A]

RIN 0648-AP15

American Lobster Fishery

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: NOAA Fisheries amends regulations to modify the management measures applicable to the American lobster fishery. This action responds to the following recommendations made by the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission (Commission): To control fishing effort as determined by historical participation in the American lobster trap fisheries conducted in the offshore Lobster Conservation Management Area (LCMA) 3 (Area 3) and in the nearshore LCMAs of the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) from New York through North Carolina (Areas 4 and 5); to implement a mechanism for conservation equivalency and associated trap limits for owners of vessels in possession of a Federal lobster permit (permit holders) fishing in New Hampshire state waters; and to clarify lobster management area boundaries in Massachusetts waters. NOAA Fisheries includes in this final rule a mechanism for Federal consideration of future Commission requests to implement conservation equivalent measures and a technical amendment to the regulations clarifying that Federal lobster permit holders must attach federally approved lobster trap tags to all lobster traps fished in any portion of any management area (whether in state or Federal waters). This requirement is not new, but was not previously clearly specified in the regulatory text, and this announcement is intended to make the regulations easier to understand.

DATES: This rule is effective April 28, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Copies of a Final Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement/Regulatory Impact Review/Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis (FSEIS/RIR/FRFA) can be obtained from Harold Mears, Director, State, Federal and Constituent Programs Office, NOAA Fisheries, One Blackburn Drive, Gloucester, MA 01930. Comments regarding the collection-of-information

requirements should be sent to Harold Mears at the above address, and the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (ATTN:NOAA Desk Officer).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Robert Ross, NOAA Fisheries, Northeast Region, 978-281-9234.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Statutory Authority

These final regulations modify Federal lobster conservation management measures in the EEZ under the authority of section 803(b) of the Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act (Atlantic Coastal Act), 16 U.S.C. 5101 *et seq.*, which states that, in the absence of an approved and implemented Fishery Management Plan under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (Magnuson-Stevens Act) (16 U. S. C. 1801 *et seq.*) and after consultation with the appropriate Fishery Management Council(s), the Secretary of Commerce may implement regulations to govern fishing in the EEZ, i.e., from 3 to 200 nautical miles (nm) offshore. These regulations must be (1) compatible with the effective implementation of an Interstate Fishery Management Plan (ISFMP) developed by the Commission and (2) consistent with the national standards set forth in section 301 of the Magnuson-Stevens Act.

Purpose and Need for Management

American lobster experience very high fishing mortality rates throughout their range, from Canada to Cape Hatteras. In 2000, the Commission issued a peer reviewed American lobster stock assessment report that concluded that the resource is overfished. The review concluded that fishing rates are unacceptably high and that a precautionary approach in management of the resource is warranted to sustain future viability of the lobster fishery. The report recommended that reductions in fishing mortality could be achieved through reductions in fishing effort. The 2001 Annual State and Federal Trawl Survey Update to the 2000 lobster stock assessment indicated that resource conditions have not improved since the stock assessment in 2000. For pre-recruit lobsters, which are those lobsters within one-half inch (1.2 cm) of the current Federal legal minimum carapace size of 3-1/4 inches (8.26 cm), the mean number per tow generally declined throughout all stock areas for both sexes. Although harvest and population abundance are near record levels due to high recent