Service (CMS) providers may elect to transmit emergency alerts to the public. The Commission created WEA (previously known as the Commercial Mobile Service Alert System) as required by Congress in the Warning Alert and Response Network (WARN) Act and to satisfy the Commission's mandate to promote the safety of life and property through the use of wire and radio communication.

On January 1, 2021, Congress passed the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (NDAA21). Section 9201 of the NDAA21 required the Commission to complete a rulemaking and adopt rules within 180 days to make certain changes to its WEA regulations, and also to its separate Emergency Alert System (EAS) regulations governing broadcast, cable television, and direct satellite media emergency alerts.

With respect to the WEA rule changes, Section 9201 directed the Commission to ensure that the mobile devices of CMS providers that have elected to participate in WEA cannot opt out of receiving WEA alerts from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Administrator, and to enable reporting by the FEMA Administrator and State, Tribal, or Local governments of false WEA alerts. On June 21, 2021, the Commission released its Report and Order in PS Dockets 15-91 and 15-94 (NDAA21 Alerting Order), FCC 21-77, adopting the WEA and EAS changes directed by Congress in the NDAA21. The EAS changes are the subject of a different notice to be published separately.

The NDAA21 Alerting Order implemented Congresses' new directives for WEA, in part, with two new regulations that impose new burdens on respondents: the handset display update, and false alert reporting. The handset display update requirement has since been fulfilled by respondents

and the burdens will be removed from this collection pursuant to the revisions in this information collection. With respect to false alert reporting, the Commission adopted a rule permitting the FEMA Administrator or a State, Local, Tribal, or Territorial government to voluntarily report WEA false alerts to the FCC Operations Center at FCCOPS@ fcc.gov, informing the Commission of the event and any relevant details. This rule created a voluntary mechanism for collection of information so that the Commission can monitor these false alert events which can undermine public confidence in the reliability of emergency alerting and WEA. Email reporting was adopted as a minimallyburdensome way for government entities to report false alerts. The WEA false alert reporting regulation is codified at 47 CFR 10.520(d)(2).

Federal Communications Commission. **Marlene Dortch**,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2024–25916 Filed 11–7–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

[OMB No. 3064-NEW]

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection Renewal; Comment Request

AGENCY: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

ACTION: Notice and request for comment.

SUMMARY: The FDIC, as part of its obligations under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the request to obtain OMB approval of the new information collection described below. The initial notice for the creation of this new information collection was previously

published in the **Federal Register** on March 5, 2024, allowing for a 60-day comment period.

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before December 9, 2024.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties are invited to submit written comments to the FDIC by any of the following methods:

- Agency website: https:// www.fdic.gov/resources/regulations/ federal-register-publications/.
- Email: comments@fdic.gov. Include the name and number of the collection in the subject line of the message.
- Mail: Manny Cabeza (202–898–3767), Regulatory Counsel, MB–3128, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, 550 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20429.
- Hand Delivery: Comments may be hand-delivered to the guard station at the rear of the 17th Street NW building (located on F Street NW), on business days between 7 a.m. and 5 p.m.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Manny Cabeza, Regulatory Counsel, 202–898–3767, mcabeza@fdic.gov, MB– 3128, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, 550 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20429.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FDIC is requesting OMB approval for the following new collection of information: *Title:* Visitor Notification form.

OMB Number: 3064–NEW. Frequency of Response: On occasion. Affected Public: Individuals intending to enter FDIC facilities.

Estimated Annual Burden:

TABLE 1—SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED ANNUAL BURDEN [OMB No. 3064–NEW]

Information Collection (IC) (obligation to respond)	Type of burden (frequency of response)	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Time per response (HH:MM)	Annual burden (hours)
Visitor Notification form, (Mandatory)	Recordkeeping (Annual)	598	1.087	00:15	163
Total Annual Burden (Hours)					163

Source: FDIC.

Note: The estimated annual IC time burden is the product, rounded to the nearest hour, of the estimated annual number of responses and the estimated time per response for a given IC. The estimated annual number of responses is the product, rounded to the nearest whole number, of the estimated annual number of respondents and the estimated annual number of responses per respondent. This methodology ensures the estimated annual burdens in the table are consistent with the values recorded in OMB's consolidated information system.

General Description of Collection: The FDIC proposes to use the Visitor Notification form to collect biographical, passport (for foreign nationals), and employment information from certain 1 visitors to the FDIC in order to assess the risk to FDIC facilities and personnel. The FDIC will require certain visitors to FDIC facilities, including support staff and interpreters, to complete and submit the form. Interested members of the public may obtain a copy of the proposed Visitor Notification form at the following web page: https://www.fdic.gov/federalregister-publications/fdic-visitornotification-form.

Request for Comment

Comments are invited on (a) whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the FDIC's functions, including whether the information has practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the estimates of the burden of the information collection, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Dated at Washington, DC, on November 5, 2024.

James P. Sheesley,

Assistant Executive Secretary.
[FR Doc. 2024–26056 Filed 11–7–24; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6714–01–P

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

[OMB Control No. 3090-XXXX; Docket No. 2024-0001; Sequence No. 15]

Information Collection; Learning From Tribal Governments' Experiences With American Rescue Plan Programs

AGENCY: Office of Evaluation Sciences; Office of Government-wide Policy (OGP), General Services Administration (GSA).

ACTION: Notice and request for comments regarding a request for a new OMB clearance.

SUMMARY: Under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act, the

Regulatory Secretariat Division will be submitting to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request to review and approve a new information collection request regarding new data collection activities conducted by OES. The objective of this project is to record and amplify key lessons learned from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARP) programs that provided dedicated funding for Tribal governments. This project will include in-depth evaluations of three selected ARP programs that supported Tribal governments during the pandemic. We will conduct a set of qualitative, descriptive studies that aim to understand Tribal governments' awareness of, access to, and allocation of ARP-funded programs and resources. **DATES:** Submit comments on or before January 7, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments identified by "Information Collection 3090–XXXX; Learning from Tribal Governments' Experiences with American Rescue Plan Programs" to https://www.regulations.gov.

Submit comments via the Federal eRulemaking portal by searching for "Information Collection 3090–XXXX; Learning from Tribal Governments' Experiences with American Rescue Plan Programs". Select the link "Submit a Comment" that corresponds with "Information Collection 3090-XXXX; Learning from Tribal Governments' Experiences with American Rescue Plan Programs". Follow the instructions provided at the "Submit a Comment" screen. Please include your name, company name (if any), and "Information Collection 3090-XXXX; Learning from Tribal Governments' Experiences with American Rescue Plan Programs" on your attached document. If your comment cannot be submitted using regulations.gov, call or email the points of contact in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section of this document for alternate instructions.

Instructions: Please submit comments only and cite "Information Collection 3090—XXXX; Learning from Tribal Governments' Experiences with American Rescue Plan Programs" in all correspondence related to this collection. Comments received generally will be posted without change to regulations.gov, including any personal and/or business confidential information provided. To confirm receipt of your comment(s), please check regulations.gov, approximately two-to-three business days after submission to verify posting.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Blair Read, Portfolio Lead, Office of

Evaluation Sciences, at telephone 617–459–5428 or via email to *blair.read@ gsa.gov* for clarification of content.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Purpose

The Office of Evaluation Sciences (OES) at GSA has a mission to build and use evidence to better serve the public. The goal of this study is to look across several American Rescue Plan-funded programs that provided dedicated funding for Tribal governments. ARP represented the largest ever infusion of resources into Native nations by the federal governments. In some instances, the ARP was the first time Tribal governments and federal program teams worked together on a dedicated and direct transfer of program funds, requiring rapid innovation and experimentation in program design and intergovernmental partnership. Thus, it is vital to record and amplify key lessons learned, in order for the federal government to be better-positioned to support Native nations in future crises.

Through three data collection methods (interviews, focus groups, and a survey), we seek to learn about and report on the experiences of Tribal government employees or representatives, and the broader communities served by Tribal governments, as it relates to programs funded by ARP for which those Tribal governments were eligible.

With this effort, we seek to understand and highlight successes and challenges in learning about, applying for, and implementing these programs. This effort will be led by a Tribal Engagement Fellow and will be rooted in community engagement to ensure that the studies are informed by the priorities and perspectives of Tribal governments. The study aims to address the following research questions:

- What are Tribes' experiences with accessing ARP-funded programs?
- What are Tribes' experience with implementing ARP-funded programs?

As case studies, we will focus on three different ARP-funded programs in Tribal communities programs as case studies. From this data, we will produce 1-3 descriptive reports that share learnings about Tribal governments' experiences with specific programs. These summaries of the interviews, focus groups, and survey data will be included in a series of public facing reports, which will seek to highlight areas of success and lessons learned for improving federal agency support for Tribal nations going forward. In addition, we plan to produce a report that will synthesize these findings. It

¹Excluding U.S. Government, State, local, Tribal, or territorial employees and those who hold a national security clearance.