SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[SEC File No. 270-495, OMB Control No. 3235-0553]

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Extension: Rule 19b–7 and Form 19b–7

Upon Written Request, Copies Available From Securities and Exchange Commission, Office of FOIA Services, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–2736

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.), the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") a request for extension of the previously approved collection of information discussed below.

The Exchange Act provides a framework for self-regulation under which various entities involved in the securities business, including national securities exchanges and national securities associations (collectively, selfregulatory organizations or "SROs"), have primary responsibility for regulating their members or participants. The role of the Commission in this framework is primarily one of oversight; the Exchange Act charges the Commission with supervising the SROs and assuring that each complies with and advances the policies of the Exchange Act.

The Exchange Act was amended by the Commodity Futures Modernization Act of 2000 ("CFMA"). Prior to the CFMA, federal law did not allow the trading of futures on individual stocks or on narrow-based stock indexes (collectively, "security futures products"). The CFMA removed this restriction and provided that trading in security futures products would be regulated jointly by the Commission and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC").

The Exchange Act requires all SROs to submit to the SEC any proposals to amend, add, or delete any of their rules. Certain entities (Security Futures Product Exchanges) would be noticeregistered national securities exchanges only because they trade security futures products. Similarly, certain entities (Limited Purpose National Securities Associations) would be limited-purpose national securities associations only because their members trade security futures products. The Exchange Act, as amended by the CFMA, established a procedure for Security Futures Product Exchanges and Limited Purpose

National Securities Associations to provide notice of proposed rule changes relating to certain matters. Rule 19b–7 and Form 19b–7 implemented this procedure. Effective April 28, 2008, the SEC amended Rule 19b–7 and Form 19b–7 to require that Form 19b–7 be submitted electronically. 2

The collection of information is designed to provide the Commission with the information necessary to determine, as required by the Exchange Act, whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Exchange Act and the rules thereunder. The information is used to determine if the proposed rule change should remain in effect or be abrogated.

The respondents to the collection of information are SROs.3 The estimated total industry burden per year for rule changes, updating and posting rule changes and updating the online rulebook is 68 burden hours.4 The total estimated internal cost of compliance for a respondent for legal and paralegal work related to filings is \$11,110 per year and the total industry internal cost of compliance is \$22,220 per year.⁵ In the proposed extension, there is no change to the burden hour estimate per respondent. However, there is a decrease in the total burden hours because the Commission now estimates that there are two respondents instead of three respondents in 2020 (a decrease of on respondent). Thus, the net change in estimated total aggregate burden hours decreased from 102 to 68 (reduction of 34 burden hours). Similarly, with respect to the internal dollar cost burden of respondents, the total industry internal dollar costs have decreased overall due to one less respondent. The total industry internal

cost of compliance decreased from \$30, 300 to \$22,220.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information under the PRA unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The public may view background documentation for this information collection at the following website: www.reginfo.gov. Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function. Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent by November 30, 2023 to (i) www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain and (ii) David Bottom, Director/Chief Information Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, c/o John Pezzullo, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, or by sending an email to: PRA Mailbox@sec.gov.

Dated: October 26, 2023.

Sherry R. Haywood,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2023-23978 Filed 10-30-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Disaster Declaration #20016 and #20017; PENNSYLVANIA Disaster Number PA– 20001]

Administrative Declaration of a Disaster for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

AGENCY: Small Business Administration. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: This is a notice of an Administrative declaration of a disaster for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania dated 10/25/2023.

Incident: Oxford Apartment Complex Fire.

Incident Period: 09/14/2023.

DATES: Issued on 10/25/2023.

Physical Loan Application Deadline Date: 12/26/2023.

Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date: 07/25/2024.

ADDRESSES: Visit the MySBA Loan Portal at https://lending.sba.gov to apply for a disaster assistance loan.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Alan Escobar, Office of Disaster Recovery & Resilience, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street SW, Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416, (202) 205–6734.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Notice is hereby given that as a result of the

¹These matters are higher margin levels, fraud or manipulation, recordkeeping, reporting, listing standards, or decimal pricing for security futures products; sales practices for security futures products for persons who effect transactions in security futures products; or rules effectuating the obligation of Security Futures Product Exchanges and Limited Purpose National Securities Associations to enforce the securities laws. See 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(7)(A).

 $^{^2\,}See$ Securities Exchange Act Release No. 57526 (March 19, 2008), 73 FR 16179 (March 27, 2008).

³There are currently two Security Futures Product Exchanges and one Limited Purpose National Securities Association, the National Futures Association. One of the Security Futures Product Exchanges, however, is conditionally exempted from filing proposed rule changes using Form 19b–7. Therefore, there are currently two respondents to Form 19b–7.

⁴This estimate is the sum of the total industry (2 respondents) burden hours for rule filings (50 hours), updating and posting rule changes (2 hours) and updating rules (16 hours).

 $^{^5}$ This estimate is based on 2 responses $\times\,\$5,555$ per response equals \$11,110 per respondent per year and 2 respondents $\times\,\$11,110$ equals \$22,220 or the total industry cost per year.