

Boudeman's collection, to Michigan State University Museum. No known individual was identified. No associated funerary objects are present.

In 1961, human remains representing, at minimum, two individuals were removed from private property in the city of Southfield, Oakland County, MI. In 2017, the human remains (FA-033-17) were brought to the Michigan State University Forensic Anthropology Laboratory by the landowner, who had recovered the burials as a child. No known individuals were identified. The one associated funerary object is a piece of charcoal.

#### Determinations Made by the Michigan State University

Officials of Michigan State University have determined that:

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice are Native American based on biological evidence, museum records, and geographic location.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of three individuals of Native American ancestry.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(3)(A), the one object described in this notice is reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), a relationship of shared group identity cannot be reasonably traced between the Native American human remains and associated funerary object and any present-day Indian Tribe.
- According to final judgments of the Indian Claims Commission or the Court of Federal Claims, the land from which the Native American human remains and associated funerary object were removed is the aboriginal land of the Bad River Band of the Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians of the Bad River Reservation, Wisconsin; Bay Mills Indian Community, Michigan; Chippewa Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana (*previously* listed as Chippewa-Cree Indians of the Rocky Boy's Reservation, Montana); Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Grand Traverse Band of Ottawa and Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Michigan; Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of the Lac du Flambeau Reservation of Wisconsin; Lac

Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Michigan; Little River Band of Ottawa Indians, Michigan; Little Shell Tribe of Chippewa Indians of Montana; Little Traverse Bay Bands of Odawa Indians, Michigan; Match-e-be-nash-she-wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Menominee Indian Tribe of Wisconsin; Miami Tribe of Oklahoma; Minnesota Chippewa Tribe, Minnesota (Six component reservations: Bois Forte Band (Nett Lake); Fond du Lac Band; Grand Portage Band; Leech Lake Band; Mille Lacs Band; White Earth Band); Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan (*previously* listed as Huron Potawatomi, Inc.); Ottawa Tribe of Oklahoma; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana; Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation (*previously* listed as Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation, Kansas); Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians, Minnesota; Sac & Fox Nation of Missouri in Kansas and Nebraska; Sac & Fox Nation, Oklahoma; Sac & Fox Tribe of the Mississippi in Iowa; Saginaw Chippewa Indian Tribe of Michigan; Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians, Michigan; Seneca Nation of Indians (*previously* listed as Seneca Nation of New York); Seneca-Cayuga Nation (*previously* listed as Seneca-Cayuga Tribe of Oklahoma); Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Wisconsin; St. Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin; Tonawanda Band of Seneca (*previously* listed as Tonawanda Band of Seneca Indians of New York); Turtle Mountain Band of Chippewa Indians of North Dakota; and the Wyandotte Nation (hereafter referred to as "The Tribes").

- Treaties, Acts of Congress, or Executive Orders, indicate that the land from which the Native American human remains and associated funerary object were removed is the aboriginal land of The Tribes.

- According to other authoritative government sources, the land from which the Native American human remains and associated funerary object were removed is the aboriginal land of the Menominee Indian Tribe of Wisconsin.

- Pursuant to 43 CFR 10.11(c)(1), the disposition of the human remains and associated funerary object may be to The Tribes.

#### Additional Requestors and Disposition

Representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary

object should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Judith Stoddart, Associate Provost, University Arts and Collections, Michigan State University, 287 Delta Court, East Lansing, MI 48824, telephone (517) 432-2524, email [stoddart@msu.edu](mailto:stoddart@msu.edu), by December 12, 2022. After that date, if no additional requestors have come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary object to The Tribes may proceed.

Michigan State University is responsible for notifying The Consulted and Invited Tribes and Groups that this notice has been published.

Dated: November 2, 2022.

**Melanie O'Brien,**

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

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BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NRSS-NPS0034298;  
PPWONRADE1 PPMRSNR1Y:NM0000  
211P103601; OMB Control Number 1024-0254]

### Agency Information Collection Activities; Comprehensive Survey of the American Public, Fourth Iteration

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of information collection; request for comment.

**SUMMARY:** In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 we, the National Park Service (NPS) are proposing to reinstate a previously discontinued information collection.

**DATES:** Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before January 9, 2023.

**ADDRESSES:** Send your comments on this information collection request (ICR) by mail to Phadrea Ponds, NPS Information Collection Clearance Officer, 12201 Sunrise Valley Drive (MS-242), Reston, Virginia 20192 (mail); or [phadrea\\_ponds@nps.gov](mailto:phadrea_ponds@nps.gov) (email). Please reference Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Control Number 1024-0254 (CSAP4) in the subject line of your comments.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** To request additional information about this ICR, contact Bret Meldrum, Social Science Program Manager at [bret\\_meldrum@nps.gov](mailto:bret_meldrum@nps.gov) (email) or Jeremy Sage at [Jeremy@rrcassociates.com](mailto:Jeremy@rrcassociates.com) (email). Please reference OMB Control Number 1024-0254 (CSAP4) in the subject line of your comments.

Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States. You may also view the ICR at <http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain>.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In accordance with the PRA and 5 CFR 1320.8(d)(1), all information collections require approval under the PRA.

As part of our continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burdens, we invite the public and other Federal agencies to comment on new, proposed, revised, and continuing collections of information. This helps us assess the impact of our information collection requirements and minimize the public's reporting burden. It also helps the public understand our information collection requirements and provide the requested data in the desired format.

We are especially interested in public comment addressing the following:

(1) Whether or not the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether or not the information will have practical utility;

(2) The accuracy of our estimate of the burden for this collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) How the agency might minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of response.

Comments that you submit in response to this notice are a matter of public record. We will include or summarize each comment in our request to OMB to approve this ICR. Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, you should be aware that your entire comment—including your personal identifying information—may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us in your comment to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

**Abstract:** This information collection request seeks to reinstate a previously discontinued collection. The Comprehensive Survey of the American Public (CSAP) is the only national information collection by the NPS that describes visitors and non-visitors to units of the National Park System. Information on non-visitors, including their demographic characteristics and reasons for their non-visitation, is especially important in designing programs to reach underserved populations more effectively. The CSAP is administered every 5 years, a period determined to be long enough to identify important trends in key measures and to survey visitor and non-visitor perceptions, attitudes, behaviors, and knowledge related to the programs, services, and recreational opportunities offered by the NPS. Based on the strong mandate for socioeconomic monitoring expressed in the NPS strategic goals for science and the Department of the Interior priorities for 2018–2022, this information collection will provide the high-quality data required to enhance the development of programs and resources within the NPS. In addition to telephone surveys, the 2022 CSAP will use online data collecting methods as an option to mitigate expenses and address the diminishing return rate of telephone surveys in the previous iterations.

**Title of Collection:** 2022 Comprehensive Survey of the American Public.

**OMB Control Number:** 1024–0254.

**Form Number:** None.

**Type of Review:** Reinstate a previously approved information collection.

**Respondents/Affected Public:** Individuals or households.

**Total Estimated Number of Annual Respondents:** 3,500 (1,750 phone and 1,750 online).

**Estimated Completion Time per Response:** Varies by the response: 25 minutes (phone) and 15 minutes (online).

**Total Estimated Number of Annual Burden Hours:** 1,167.

**Respondent's Obligation:** Voluntary.

**Frequency of Collection:** Once.

**Total Estimated Annual Nonhour Burden Cost:** None.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor nor is a person required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

The authority for this action is the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

**Phadrea Ponds,**

*Information Collection Clearance Officer,  
National Park Service.*

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## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

[NPS–AKR–ANIA–CAKR–GAAR–LACL–WRST–34486; PPAKAKROR4, PPMRLE1Y.LS0000]

### Request for Nominations for the National Park Service Alaska Region Subsistence Resource Commission Program

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Request for nominations.

**SUMMARY:** The National Park Service (NPS) is seeking nominations for individuals to represent subsistence users on the following Subsistence Resource Commissions (SRC): the Aniakchak National Monument SRC, the Cape Krusenstern National Monument SRC, the Gates of the Arctic SRC, the Lake Clark National Park SRC, and the Wrangell-St. Elias National Park SRC.

**DATES:** Nominations must be postmarked by February 8, 2023.

**ADDRESSES:** Nominations should be sent to: Eva Patton, Regional Subsistence Program Manager, National Park Service Alaska Regional Office, 240 W 5th Avenue, Anchorage, AK 99501, or [eva\\_patton@nps.gov](mailto:eva_patton@nps.gov), or via telephone (907) 644–3601.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Eva Patton via telephone at (907) 644–3601. Individuals in the United States who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The NPS SRC program is authorized under section 808 of the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 3118). The SRCs hold meetings to develop NPS subsistence program recommendations and advise on related regulatory proposals and resource management issues.

Each SRC is composed of nine representative members: (a) three