period of Presidential review. 19 U.S.C. 1337(j). The investigation is terminated.

The Commission vote for this determination took place on August 11, 2025.

The authority for the Commission's determination is contained in section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1337), and in Part 210 of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR part 210).

By order of the Commission. Issued: August 11, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025–15429 Filed 8–13–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701-TA-771 and 731-TA-1755 (Preliminary)]

Oleoresin Paprika From India

Determinations

On the basis of the record ¹ developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission ("Commission") determines, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 ("the Act"), that there is a reasonable indication that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of oleoresin paprika from India, provided for in subheadings 3203.00.80 and 3301.90.10 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that are alleged to be sold in the United States at less than fair value ("LTFV") and subsidized by the government of India.²

Commencement of Final Phase Investigations

Pursuant to section 207.18 of the Commission's rules, the Commission also gives notice of the commencement of the final phase of its investigations. The Commission will issue a final phase notice of scheduling, which will be published in the Federal Register as provided in § 207.21 of the Commission's rules, upon notice from the U.S. Department of Commerce ("Commerce") of affirmative preliminary determinations in the investigations under §§ 703(b) or 733(b) of the Act, or, if the preliminary determinations are negative, upon notice of affirmative final determinations in those investigations

under §§ 705(a) or 735(a) of the Act. Parties that filed entries of appearance in the preliminary phase of the investigations need not enter a separate appearance for the final phase of the investigations. Any other party may file an entry of appearance for the final phase of the investigations after publication of the final phase notice of scheduling. Industrial users, and, if the merchandise under investigation is sold at the retail level, representative consumer organizations have the right to appear as parties in Commission antidumping and countervailing duty investigations. The Secretary will prepare a public service list containing the names and addresses of all persons, or their representatives, who are parties to the investigations. As provided in section 207.20 of the Commission's rules, the Director of the Office of Investigations will circulate draft questionnaires for the final phase of the investigations to parties to the investigations, placing copies on the Commission's Electronic Document Information System (EDIS, https:// edis.usitc.gov), for comment.

Background

On June 25, 2025, Rezolex, Ltd. Co., Las Cruces, New Mexico, filed petitions with the Commission and Commerce, alleging that an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury by reason of subsidized imports of oleoresin paprika from India and LTFV imports of oleoresin paprika from India. Accordingly, effective June 25, 2025, the Commission instituted countervailing duty investigation No. 701–TA–771 and antidumping duty investigation No. 731–TA–1755 (Preliminary).

Notice of the institution of the Commission's investigations and of a public conference to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the Federal Register of July 1, 2025 (90 FR 28767). The Commission conducted its conference on July 16, 2025. All persons who requested the opportunity were permitted to participate.

The Commission made these determinations pursuant to §§ 703(a) and 733(a) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671b(a) and 1673b(a)). It completed and filed its determinations in these investigations on August 11, 2025. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 5656 (August 2025), entitled Oleoresin Paprika from India: Investigation Nos. 701–TA–771 and 731–TA–1755 (Preliminary).

By order of the Commission. Issued: August 11, 2025.

Lisa Barton.

Secretary to the Commission.
[FR Doc. 2025–15435 Filed 8–13–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7020-02-P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Antitrust Division

Notice Pursuant to the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993—Defense Industrial Based Consortium

Notice is hereby given that, on July 2, 2025, pursuant to section 6(a) of the National Cooperative Research and Production Act of 1993, 15 U.S.C. 4301 et seq. ("the Act"), Defense Industrial Based Consortium ("DIBC") has filed written notifications simultaneously with the Attorney General and the Federal Trade Commission disclosing changes in its membership. The notifications were filed for the purpose of extending the Act's provisions limiting the recovery of antitrust plaintiffs to actual damages under specified circumstances. Specifically, Agile Operations, Inc., Fair Oaks Ranch, TX; Allen Control Systems, Inc., Austin, TX; Alta Resource Technologies, Inc., Boulder, CO; American Battery Materials, Inc., Greenwich, CT American Renaissance Minerals LLC, Coral Gables, FL; Ampal, Inc., Palmerton, PA; Arcadia Minerals, Inc., Riverton, WY; ARCortex, Inc., Marina Del Rey, CA; Armada Systems, Inc., San Francisco, CA; ARMEL Corp., White Hall, AR; AsterTech LLC, Dayton, OH; Bascom Hunter Technologies, Inc., Baton Rouge, LA; Brimstone Energy, Inc., Oakland, CA; Buell Automatics, Inc., Rochester, NY; Cogency Power, Inc., Montrose, CO; Confidential Career Solutions LLC, Wylie, TX; Constellation Biomining LLC, Longview, TX; Covenant Industries, Inc., Great Neck, NY; Creative Engineers, Inc., New Freedom, PA; Crow Industries, Inc., Scottsdale, AZ; DeVal Life Cycle Support LLC, Philadelphia, PA; Discovery Machine, Inc., Williamsport, PA; Duranium, Inc., Alameda, CA; Ecoatoms, Inc., Reno, NV; Electronic Fluorocarbons LLC, Hopkinton, MA; Everest Metals Corporation Ltd., Perth WA, COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA; Evergreen Additive, Inc., Freeport, ME; Exergy Systems, Inc., Costa Mesa, CA; Flash Metals Texas, Inc., Houston, TX; Fonon Technologies, Inc., Orlando, FL; Found Energy Co., Wilmington, DE; General Inspection LLC, Davisburg, MI; Georgia Tech

¹The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² 90 FR 34419 and 90 FR 34433 (July 22, 2025).