Princeton Networks to Princeton Optical Systems, San Jose, CA; Princeton Optical Systms to FirstWave Intelligent Optical Networks, San Jose, CA; Mannesmann Arcor AG & Co. to Arcor AG & Co., Eschborn, Germany: Transparent Optical to Transparent Networks, Santa Clara, CA; Continuum Networks to Intelliden, Colorado Springs, CO; Avagodro to Inphi, Westlake Village, CA; Clifton Microsystem to Phyworks, Bristol, Avon, United Kingdom; Galileo Technology to Marvell Technology, Moshav, Manof, Israel; ASIC-Alliance to Zaig Technologies, Woburn, MA; TriCN Associates, LLC to TriCN, San Francisco, CA; BTT (Broadband Transport Technologies) to Acelo Semiconductor, Oxnard, CA; Solidum Systems Corporation to Solidum, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada and GN Nettest to NetTest, Markham, Ontario, Canada.

The following members have been involved with mergers: LightLogic, Santa Clara, CA merged with Intel, Thousand Oaks, CA; Zaffire, San Jose, CA merged with Centerpoint Broadband Technologies, San Jose, CA; NewPort Communications, Irvine, CA merged with Broadcom Corporation, San Jose, CA; Net-Hopper Systems, Norcross, GA merged with Spirent, Honolulu, HI; Cyras Systems, Linthicum, MD merged with Ciena, Fremont, CA; NetPlane, Dedham, MA merged with Conexant, San Diego, CA; Amber Networks, Santa Clara, CA merged with Nokia, Petaluma, CA; SDL, Santa Clara, CA merged with JDS Uniphase, Bloomfield, CT; Lara Networks, San Jose, CA merged with Cypress Semiconductor, San Jose, CA; Cognet Microsystems, Los Angeles, CA merged with Intel, Thousand Oaks, CA; Versatile Optical Networks, Inc., San Jose, CA merged with Vitesse Semiconductor, Salem, NH; and NEL American, Inc., Saddle Brook, NJ merged with NTT, Tokyo, Japan.

Centillium Communications,
Fremont, CA; PhotonEx, Bedford, MA;
Geyser Networks, Sunnyvale, CA;
Hyperchip, Montreal, Quebec, Canada;
VIPswith, Brossard, Quebec, Canada;
Jedai Broadband Networks, Red Banks,
NJ; and Free Electron Technology,
Brewster, NY changed from auditing to
small principal members. LSI Logic,
Milpitas, CA; Philips Semiconductors,
Tempe, AZ; and Maxim Integrated
Products, Hillsborough, OR changed
from auditing to principal members.

No other changes have been made in either the membership or planned activity of the group research project. Membership in this group research project remains open, and Optical Internetworking Forum ("OIF") intends

to file additional written notification disclosing all changes in membership.

On October 5, 1998, Optical Internetworking Forum ("OIF") filed its original notification pursuant to section 6(a) of the Act. The Department of Justice published a notice in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on January 29, 1999 (64 FR 4709).

The last notification was filed with the Department on March 2, 2000. A notice was published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to section 6(b) of the Act on August 17, 2000 (65 FR 50219).

Constance K. Robinson,

Director of Operations, Antitrust Division. [FR Doc. 02–3805 Filed 2–14–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–11–M

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Justice Programs [OJP(OJP)–1346C]

The Serious and Violent Offender Reentry Initiative

AGENCY: Office of Justice Programs (OJP), Justice (DOJ) in partnership with Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Department of Labor (DOL), Department of Education (ED), Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), and National Institute of Corrections (NIC), an agency of DOJ.

ACTION: Correction to notice of funding availability.

SUMMARY: This document provides the corrected information regarding how applications are to be submitted for the Serious and Violent Offender Reentry Initiative, which was first published in the Federal Register on January 30, 2002 at 67 FR 4645. Applications for this Initiative will only be accepted online using the U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs' Grant Management System (GMS). Directions for applying online are included in the solicitation. For applicants without internet access, OJP encourages the use of public library terminals and access provided by copy centers and similar businesses.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: The U.S. Department of Justice Response Center at 1–800–421–6770 or visit the Reentry Web site at http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/reentry/funding.htm.
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Serious and Violent Offender Reentry Initiative is a collaborative and comprehensive grant program designed to address the issues related to serious, high-risk offenders (adults and

juveniles) who are to be released and who have been released from correctional facilities and are returning to communities nationwide. The program aims to reduce recidivism by these returning offenders and thereby, enhance community safety.

Dated: February 12, 2002.

Deborah J. Daniels,

Assistant Attorney General, Office of Justice Programs.

[FR Doc. 02–3785 Filed 2–14–02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4410–18–P

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment Standards Administration

Wage and Hour Division; Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, Appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that