identification (ID) number EPA-HQ-OPP-2006-0955. Publicly available docket materials are available either in the electronic docket at http://www.regulations.gov, or, if only available in hard copy, at the Office of Pesticide Programs (OPP) Regulatory Public Docket in Rm. S-4400, One Potomac Yard (South Bldg.), 2777 S. Crystal Dr., Arlington, VA. The hours of operation of this Docket Facility are from 8:30 a.m. to 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays. The Docket Facility telephone number is (703) 305-5805.

2. Electronic access. You may access this **Federal Register** document electronically through the EPA Internet under the "**Federal Register**" listings at http://www.epa.gov/fedrgstr.

II. Background

A. What Action is the Agency Taking?

EPA is making available the final risk mitigation decision document and related supporting documents for the following 10 rodenticides: brodifacoum, bromadiolone, bromethalin, chlorophacinone, cholecalciferol, difenacoum, difethialone, diphacinone (and its sodium salt), warfarin (and its sodium salt), and zinc phosphide. This final risk mitigation decision represents the Agency's final decision on the reregistration eligibility of rodenticide products containing brodifacoum, bromadiolone, bromethalin, chlorophacinone, cholecalciferol, diphacinone (and its sodium salt), warfarin (and its sodium salt), and zinc phosphide. It also constitutes the Agency's final action in response to the remand order in "West Harlem **Environmental Action and Natural** Resources Defense Council v. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency", 380 F.Supp.2d 289 (S.D.N.Y. 2005).

EPA's final decision on the rodenticides includes two major components. To minimize children's exposure to rodenticide products used in homes, EPA is requiring that in the future, all rodenticide bait products available for sale to general consumers be sold only in bait stations. A range of different types of bait stations will meet the new requirements, providing flexibility in cost. To reduce wildlife exposures and ecological risks, the Agency intends to prevent general consumers from purchasing bait products containing the rodenticides that pose the greatest risk to wildlife (the second generation anticoagulants – brodifacoum, bromadiolone, difethialone, and difenacoum) by requiring various measures to control sales and distribution. These new

requirements support EPA's goal of preventing the sale of the second generation anticoagulants on the general consumer market, but will not change how the livestock industry or other professional applicators use rodenticides.

The Agency's decision will reduce rodenticide exposures to children and non-target wildlife, while ensuring residential users, livestock producers, and professional applicators access to a variety of effective and affordable rodent control products.

The decision document, including the Agency's supporting rationale for the decision, can be found in docket identification number EPA-HQ-OPP-2006-0955 at http://www.regulations.gov.

Over the past 10 years, EPA has undertaken an open and transparent process to assess and mitigate the risks associated with use of the nine rodenticides as part of the Agency's program to ensure that all pesticides meet current health and safety standards. Draft documents and proposals have been subject to numerous opportunities for public comment; the Agency received over 700 comments in response to the January 2007 proposed decision and is releasing a response to comments along with the decision document. In reaching its regulatory decision on the 10 rodenticides, EPA has worked extensively with its stakeholders, interested Federal agencies, and the public to hear their concerns and suggestions.

B. What is the Agency's Authority for Taking this Action?

EPA is reevaluating the use of eight of these rodenticides (brodifacoum, bromadiolone, bromethalin, chlorophacinone, cholecalciferol, diphacinone (and its sodium salt), warfarin (and its sodium salt), and zinc phosphide) pursuant to section 4 of FIFRA. The Agency's authority for implementing the risk mitigation measures identified in this risk mitigation decision in regard to all 10 redenticides derives from various sections of FIFRA, including, but not limited to, sections 3, 4, and 6.

List of Subjects

Environmental protection, Pesticides and pests.

Dated: May 28, 2008.

Steve Bradbury,

Director, Special Review and Reregistration Division, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. E8–12493 Filed 6–3–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–S

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Notice of Public Information Collection(s) Being Submitted for Review to the Office of Management and Budget

May 28, 2008.

SUMMARY: The Federal Communications Commission, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork burden invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on the following information collection(s), as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995, 44 U.S.C. 3501-3520. An agency may not conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid control number. No person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) that does not display a valid control number. Comments are requested concerning (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Commission, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Commission's burden estimate; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on the respondents, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

DATES: Written Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) comments should be submitted on or before August 4, 2008. If you anticipate that you will be submitting PRA comments, but find it difficult to do so within the period of time allowed by this notice, you should advise the FCC contact listed below as soon as possible.

ADDRESSES: Direct all PRA comments to Nicholas A. Fraser, Office of Management and Budget, (202) 395–5887, or via fax at 202–395–5167 or via internet at

Nicholas_A._Fraser@omb.eop.gov and to Judith-B.Herman@fcc.gov, Federal Communications Commission, or an email to PRA@fcc.gov. To view a copy of this information collection request (ICR)

submitted to OMB: (1) Go to the Web page http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/ PRAMain, (2) look for the section of the Web page called "Currently Under Review", (3) click on the downwardpointing arrow in the "Select Agency" box below the "Currently Under Review" heading, (4) select "Federal Communications Commission" from the list of agencies presented in the "Select Agency" box, (5) click the "Submit" button to the right of the "Select Agency" box, and (6) when the list of FCC ICRs currently under review appears, look for the title of this ICR (or its OMB Control Number, if there is one) and then click on the ICR Reference Number to view detailed information about this ICR.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For additional information, contact Judith B. Herman at 202–418–0214 or via the Internet at *Judith-B.Herman@fcc.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

OMB Control Number: 3060–0139. Title: Application for Antenna Structure Registration.

Form No.: FCC Form 854.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Respondents: Individuals or households; business or other for-profit, not-for-profit institutions, and state, local or tribal government.

Number of Respondents: 4,500 respondents; 4,500 responses.

Estimated Time Per Response: .50 hours to complete FCC Form 854; 1 hour to place registration number at base of antenna structure.

Frequency of Response: On occasion reporting requirement, recordkeeping requirement, third party disclosure requirement.

Obligation to Respond: Required to obtain or retain benefits.

Total Annual Burden: 6,750 hours. Total Annual Cost: \$98,100.

Privacy Act Impact Assessment: Yes. Nature and Extent of Confidentiality: Respondents may request materials or information submitted to the Commission be withheld from public inspection under 47 CFR 0.459 of the Commission's rules.

This information collection contains personally identifiable information on individuals which is subject to the Privacy Act of 1974. Information on the FCC Form 854 is maintained in the Commission's system of records, FCC/WTB-1, "Wireless Services Licensing Records." These licensee records are publicly available and routinely used in accordance of subjection b of the Privacy Act, 5 U.S.C. 552a(b), as amended. Taxpayer Identification Numbers (TIN) and materials that are

afforded confidential treatment pursuant to a request made under 47 CFR 0.459 will be not available for public inspection.

The Commission has in place the following policy and procedures for records retention and disposal: Records will be actively maintained as long as the individual remains a tower owner. Paper records will be archived after being keyed or scanned into the system. Electronic records will be backed up on tape. Electronic and paper records will be maintained for at least twelve years.

Needs and Uses: The FCC Form 854 is used to register structures used for wire or radio communication services in any area where radio services are regulated by the Commission; to make changes to existing registered structures or pending applications; or to notify the Commission of the completion of construction or dismantlement of structures, as required by Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Chapter 1, Part 17 (FCC Rules Part 17). Section 303(q) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, requires the Commission to require the painting and/ or illumination of radio towers in cases where there is a reasonable possibility that an antenna structure may cause a hazard to air navigation. In 1992, Congress amended Sections 303(q) and 503(b)(5) of the Communications Act to: (1) Make antenna structure owners, as well as Commission licensees and permittees responsible for the painting and lighting of antenna structures, and (2) to provide that non-license antenna structure owners may be subject to forfeiture for violations of painting or lighting requirements specified by the Commission.

Currently, each antenna structure owner proposing to construct or alter an antenna structure that is more than 60.96 meters (200 feet) in height, or that may interfere with the approach or departure space of a nearby airport runway must notify the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) of proposed construction. The FAA determines whether the antenna structure constitutes a potential hazard, and may recommend appropriate painting and lighting for the structure. The Commission then uses the FAA's recommendation to impose specific painting and/or lighting requirements on subject licensees.

The Commission is seeking an extension (no change to the reporting, recordkeeping and/or third party disclosure requirements) in order to obtain the full three year clearance from them. Finally, the Commission is adjusting the annual cost burden due to

fewer respondents using an outside law firm to perform these functions.

Federal Communications Commission.

Marlene H. Dortch,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. E8–12432 Filed 6–3–08; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6712-01-P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Notice of Agreements Filed

The Commission hereby gives notice of the filing of the following agreements under the Shipping Act of 1984. Interested parties may submit comments on agreements to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, DC 20573, within ten days of the date this notice appears in the **Federal Register**. Copies of agreements are available through the Commission's Web site (http://www.fmc.gov) or contacting the Office of Agreements (202)–523–5793 or tradeanalysis@fmc.gov).

Agreement No.: 012044.

Title: MOL/CMA CGM Slot Charter Agreement.

Parties: CMA CGM S.A. and Mitsui O.S.K. Lines, Ltd.

Filing Party: Robert B. Yoshitomi, Esq.; Nixon Peabody, LLP; Gas Company Tower; 555 West Fifth St, 46th Floor; Los Angeles, CA 90013.

Synopsis: The agreement authorizes MOL to charter space to CMA CGM in the trade between the United States West Coast and Japan.

Agreement No.: 012045.

Title: Amazon Service Agreement. *Parties:* Kawasaki Kisen Kaisha, Ltd. and Bringer Corporation, dba Bringer Lines.

Filing Party: Howard A. Levy, Esq.; 80 Wall Street, Suite 1117; New York, NY 10005.

Synopsis: The agreement authorizes the parties to share vessel space in the trade between the United States ports and ports in the Caribbean and Brazil.

By Order of the Federal Maritime Commission.

Dated: May 30, 2008.

Karen V. Gregory,

Assistant Secretary.

[FR Doc. E8–12504 Filed 6–3–08; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730-01-P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Ocean Transportation Intermediary License Applicants

Notice is hereby given that the following applicants have filed with the Federal Maritime Commission an