

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**National Park Service**

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0035483;
PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

**Notice of Inventory Completion:
Moravian Historical Society, Nazareth,
PA**

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Moravian Historical Society has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice. The human remains and associated funerary objects were removed from Tuscarawas County, OH.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after April 20, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Farrar Lannon, Moravian Historical Society, 214 E Center Street, Nazareth, PA 18064, telephone (610) 759-5070, email curator@moravianhistory.org.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Moravian Historical Society. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice. Additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the inventory or related records held by the Moravian Historical Society.

Description

Human remains representing, at minimum, two individuals were removed from Tuscarawas County, OH. Between 1850 and 1880, the human remains were removed from the former site of the village of Gnadenhutten. In 1782, ninety-six pacifist Moravian Christian Indians (primarily Lenape and Mohican) were massacred by U.S. militiamen from Pennsylvania at Gnadenhutten. After looting the homes, the militiamen burned the village. The killing field remained untouched for 17 years until 1799, when Moravian missionaries and Christian Indians visited the site, collected all the skeletal

remains that they could find, and buried them in one mass grave. In 1857, a B. Roming donated a single proximal phalange to the Moravian Historical Society (MHS) bearing the inscription "toe-bone of an Indian from Gnadenhutten, Ohio." In 1985, Mrs. John Weinlick donated a small, decorated box to MHS containing four bone fragments and pieces of burnt corn that had been collected from Gnadenhutten in 1872. No known individuals were identified. The 60 associated funerary objects are the pieces of burnt corn.

Cultural Affiliation

The human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice are connected to one or more identifiable earlier groups, tribes, peoples, or cultures. There is a relationship of shared group identity between the identifiable earlier groups, tribes, peoples, or cultures and one or more Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations. The following types of information were used to reasonably trace the relationship: geographical and historical.

Determinations

Pursuant to NAGPRA and its implementing regulations, and after consultation with the appropriate Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations, the Moravian Historical Society has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of two individuals of Native American ancestry.
- The 60 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Delaware Nation, Oklahoma; Delaware Tribe of Indians; and the Stockbridge Muncie Community, Wisconsin.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the Responsible Official identified in **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization

not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after April 20, 2023. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Moravian Historical Society must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Moravian Historical Society is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.9, 10.10, and 10.14.

Dated: March 15, 2023.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2023-05729 Filed 3-20-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**National Park Service**

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0035487;
PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

**Notice of Intent To Repatriate Cultural
Items: The Filson Historical Society,
Louisville, KY**

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Filson Historical Society intends to repatriate certain cultural items that meet the definition of unassociated funerary objects and that have a cultural affiliation with the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice. The cultural items were removed from Hardin County, TN, and an unknown location in TN.

DATES: Repatriation of the cultural items in this notice may occur on or after April 20, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Kelly Hyberger, Filson Historical Society, 1310 South Third Street, Louisville, KY 40208, telephone (502) 635-5083, email khyberger@filsonhistorical.org.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative

responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the Filson Historical Society. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice. Additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the summary or related records held by the Filson Historical Society.

Description

On an unknown date prior to 1933, one unassociated funerary object was removed from a field in Hardin County, TN. This item was plowed up by an unknown farmer near the Tennessee River and opposite Pittsburg Landing. The Filson purchased this item from Ira Archer in 1933. The one unassociated funerary object is a shell gorget.

On an unknown date, one unassociated funerary object was removed from an unknown location in Tennessee. A Filson catalog record created between 1940–1941 indicates this item was removed from a Native American burial ground. The one unassociated funerary object is a flint knife.

Cultural Affiliation

The cultural items in this notice are connected to one or more identifiable earlier groups, tribes, peoples, or cultures. There is a relationship of shared group identity between the identifiable earlier groups, tribes, peoples, or cultures and one or more Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations. The following type of information was used to reasonably trace the relationship: geographical.

Determinations

Pursuant to NAGPRA and its implementing regulations, and after consultation with the appropriate Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations, the Filson Historical Society has determined that:

- The two cultural items described above are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony and are believed, by a preponderance of the evidence, to have been removed from a specific burial site of a Native American individual.
- There is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the cultural items and The Chickasaw Nation.

Requests for Repatriation

Additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural items in this

notice must be sent to the Responsible Official identified in **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the cultural items in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after April 20, 2023. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Filson Historical Society must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the cultural items are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Filson Historical Society is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribe identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.8, 10.10, and 10.14.

Dated: March 15, 2023.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2023–05732 Filed 3–20–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 337–TA–1299]

Certain Mobile Telephones, Tablet Computers With Cellular Connectivity, and Smart Watches With Cellular Connectivity, Components Thereof, and Products Containing Same; Commission Determination Not To Review an Initial Determination Terminating the Investigation Based on Settlement and To Review and Take No Position on an Initial Determination Granting in Part a Motion for Summary Determination Concerning the Economic Prong of the Domestic Industry Requirement; Termination of the Investigation

AGENCY: U.S. International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the U.S. International Trade Commission (“Commission”) has determined not to review an initial determination (“ID”) (Order No. 26) of the presiding administrative law judge (“ALJ”) terminating the investigation on the basis of settlement and to review

and take no position on an ID (Order No. 22) granting in part a motion for summary determination concerning the economic prong of the domestic industry requirement. The investigation is terminated.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Benjamin S. Richards, Esq., Office of the General Counsel, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436, telephone (202) 708–5453. Copies of non-confidential documents filed in connection with this investigation may be viewed on the Commission’s electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>. For help accessing EDIS, please email EDIS3Help@usitc.gov. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server at <https://www.usitc.gov>. Hearing-impaired persons are advised that information on this matter can be obtained by contacting the Commission’s TDD terminal on (202) 205–1810.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Commission instituted this investigation on February 24, 2022. 87 FR 10384 (Feb. 24, 2022). The complaint, as filed and supplemented by Ericsson Inc. of Plano, TX and Telefonaktiebolaget LM Ericsson of Stockholm, Sweden (collectively, “Ericsson”), alleges violations of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, 19 U.S.C. 1337, in the importation into the United States, the sale for importation, or the sale within the United States after importation of certain mobile telephones, tablet computers with cellular connectivity, and smart watches with cellular connectivity, components thereof, and products containing same by reason of infringement of certain claims of U.S. Patent No. 8,102,805 (“the ‘805 patent”); U.S. Patent No. 9,532,355 (“the ‘355 patent”); U.S. Patent No. 11,139,872 (“the ‘872 patent”); and U.S. Patent No. 10,425,817 (“the ‘817 patent”). *Id.* The complaint further alleges that a domestic industry exists. *Id.* The Commission’s notice of investigation named Apple, Inc. of Cupertino, CA as the sole respondent. *Id.* at 10385. The Office of Unfair Import Investigations is participating in the investigation. *Id.*

On August 22, 2022, Ericsson moved unopposed for summary determination that it satisfied the economic prong of the domestic industry requirement of section 337 with respect to each of the four asserted patents based on showings pursuant to section 337(a)(3)(A) and (B).

On November 15, 2022, the ALJ issued Order No. 22, which granted Ericsson’s motion in part. Specifically, the ID granted summary determination