Notices

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This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Foreign Agricultural Service

WTO Agricultural Quantity-Based Safeguard Trigger Levels

AGENCY: Foreign Agricultural Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

ACTION: Notice of product coverage and trigger levels for safeguard measures provided for in the World Trade Organization (WTO) Agreement on Agriculture.

SUMMARY: This notice lists the updated quantity-based trigger levels for products which may be subject to additional import duties under the safeguard provisions of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture. This notice also includes the relevant period applicable for the trigger levels on each of the listed products.

DATES: May 30, 2019.

ADDRESSES: Safeguard Staff, Import Policies and Export Reporting Division, Office of Trade Programs, Foreign Agricultural Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Stop 1020, 1400 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20250–1020. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Souleymane Diaby, (202) 720–2916, Souleymane.Diaby@fas.usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Article 5 of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture provides that additional import duties may be imposed on imports of products subject to tarification as a result of the Uruguay Round, if certain conditions are met. The agreement permits additional duties to be charged if the price of an individual shipment of imported products falls below the average price for similar goods imported during the years 1986-88 by a specified percentage. It also permits additional duties when the volume of imports of that product exceeds the sum of (1) a base trigger level multiplied by the average of the last three years of available import data and (2) the change in yearly consumption in the most recent year for which data are available (provided that the final trigger level is not less than 105 percent of the threeyear import average). The base trigger level is set at 105, 110, or 125 percent of the three-year import average, depending on the percentage of domestic consumption that is represented by imports. These additional duties may not be imposed on quantities for which minimum or current access commitments were made during the Uruguay Round negotiations, and only one type of safeguard, price or quantity, may be applied at any given time to an article.

Section 405 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act requires that the President cause to be published in the **Federal Register** information regarding

the price and quantity safeguards, including the quantity trigger levels, which must be updated annually based upon import levels during the most recent 3 years. The President delegated this duty to the Secretary of Agriculture in Presidential Proclamation No. 6763, dated December 23, 1994, 60 FR 1007 (Jan. 4, 1995). The Secretary of Agriculture further delegated this duty, which lies with the Administrator of the Foreign Agricultural Service (7 CFR 2.601(a)(42)). The Annex to this notice contains the updated quantity trigger levels, consistent with the provisions of Article 5.

Additional information on the products subject to safeguards and the additional duties which may apply can be found in subchapter IV of Chapter 99 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (2019) and in the Secretary of Agriculture's Notice of Uruguay Round Agricultural Safeguard Trigger Levels, published in the **Federal Register** at 60 FR 427 (Jan. 4, 1995).

Notice: As provided in Section 405 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, consistent with Article 5 of the WTO Agreement on Agriculture, the safeguard quantity trigger levels previously notified are superseded by the levels indicated in the Annex to this notice. The definitions of these products were provided in the Notice of Safeguard Action published in the Federal Register, at 60 FR 427 (Jan. 4, 1995).

Issued at Washington, DC, this 14th day of May 2019.

Ken Isley,

Administrator, Foreign Agricultural Service.

| Product | 2019 Quantity-based safeguard trigger | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Trigger level | Unit | Period |
| Beef | 283,562 5,173 1,775,302 5,107,390 1,338,088 11,375,584 | MT | Jan 1, 2019–Dec 31, 2019. Jan 1, 2019–Dec 31, 2019. |
| Dried Cream | 15,550 190,021 52,867,302 | Kilograms Kilograms Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019–Dec 31, 2019. Jan 1, 2019–Dec 31, 2019. Jan 1, 2019–Dec 31, 2019. |
| Butteroil | 11,186,023 10,418,615 111,129 1,203,666 | Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019–Dec 31, 2019. Jan 1, 2019–Dec 31, 2019. Jan 1, 2019–Dec 31, 2019. Jan 1, 2019–Dec 31, 2019. |
| Ice Cream Dairy Mixtures Infant Formula Containing Oligosaccharides Blue Cheese | 8,729,991 15,957,596 4,277,333 4,187,603 | Liters Kilograms Kilograms Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. |

| Product | 2019 Quantity-based safeguard trigger | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| | Trigger level | Unit | Period |
| Cheddar Cheese | 10,185,298 | Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. |
| American-Type Cheese | 457,283 | Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. |
| Edam/Gouda Cheese | 9,108,231 | Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. |
| Italian-Type Cheese | 21,377,716 | Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. |
| Swiss Cheese with Eye Formation | 28,612,344 | Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. |
| Gruyere Process Cheese | 3,808,613 | Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. |
| NSPF Cheese | 49,699,313 | Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. |
| Lowfat Cheese | 417,180 | Kilograms | Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. |
| Peanut Butter/Paste | 4,327 | MT | Jan 1, 2019-Dec 31, 2019. |
| Peanuts 1 | 40,078 | MT | April 1, 2018-Mar 31, 2019. |
| | 29,060 | MT | April 1, 2019-Mar 31, 2020. |
| Raw Cane Sugar ¹ | 574,933 | MT | Oct 1, 2018-Sept 30, 2019. |
| | 891,834 | MT | Oct 1, 2019-Sept 30, 2020. |
| Refined Sugars and Syrups 1 | 396,386 | MT | Oct 1, 2018-Sept 30, 2019. |
| | 185,800 | MT | Oct 1, 2019-Sept 30, 2020. |
| Articles over 65% Sugar | 405 | MT | Oct 1, 2018-Sept 30, 2019. |
| | 429 | MT | Oct 1, 2019-Sept 30, 2020. |
| Articles over 10% Sugar | 8,028 | MT | Oct 1, 2018-Sept 30, 2019. |
| | 9,189 | MT | Oct 1, 2019-Sept 30, 2020. |
| Blended Syrups | 362 | MT | Oct 1, 2018-Sept 30, 2019. |
| | 403 | MT | Oct 1, 2019-Sept 30, 2020. |
| Sweetened Cocoa Powder | 111 | MT | Oct 1, 2019-Sept 30, 2020. |
| | 261 | MT | Oct 1, 2018-Sept 30, 2019. |
| Mixes and Doughs | 243 | MT | Oct 1, 2018-Sept 30, 2019. |
| | 436 | MT | Oct 1, 2019-Sept 30, 2020. |
| Mixed Condiments and Seasonings | 473 | MT | Oct 1, 2018–Sept 30, 2019. |
| | 353 | MT | Oct 1, 2019–Sept 30, 2020. |
| Short Staple Cotton ² | 2,592,880 | Kilograms | Sep 20, 2018-Sep 19, 2019. |
| | 2,210,629 | Kilograms | Sep 20, 2019-Sep 19, 2020. |
| Harsh or Rough Cotton | 32,958 | Kilograms | Aug 1, 2018-July 31, 2019. |
| | 32,968 | Kilograms | Aug 1, 2019–July 31, 2020. |
| Medium Staple Cotton | 8,333 | Kilograms | Aug 1, 2018-July 31, 2019. |
| | 8,404 | Kilograms | Aug 1, 2019–July 31, 2020. |
| Extra Long Staple Cotton | 722,750 | Kilograms | Aug 1, 2018–July 31, 2019. |
| • · · · · · · · | 700,495 | Kilograms | Aug 1, 2019–July 31, 2020. |
| Cotton Waste ² | 1,019,017 | Kilograms | Sep 20, 2018–Sep 19, 2019. |
| 0 11 12 12 2 | 1,050,003 | Kilograms | Sep 20, 2019–Sep 19, 2020. |
| Cotton Processed but not Spun ² | 198,226 | Kilograms | Sep 11, 2018–Sep 10, 2019. |
| | 211,509 | Kilograms | Sep 11, 2019-Sep 10, 2020. |

¹ Includes change in U.S. consumption.

[FR Doc. 2019–11281 Filed 5–29–19; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 3410–10–P**

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service

Lincoln National Forest; Lincoln, Otero, Eddy and Chaves Counties, New Mexico; Revision of the Land Management Plan for the Lincoln National Forest

AGENCY: Forest Service, USDA.

ACTION: Notice of intent to prepare an environmental impact statement.

SUMMARY: The USDA Forest Service is revising the Land Management Plan (Forest Plan) for the Lincoln National Forest and preparing an environmental impact statement (EIS). This notice describes the documents available for review and how to obtain them; summarizes the needs for change to the

existing Forest Plan; identifies where a Preliminary Draft Forest Plan (detailed proposed action) can be obtained; provides information concerning public participation and collaboration, including the process for submitting comments; provides an estimated schedule for the planning process, including the time available for comments, and includes the names and addresses of agency contacts who can provide additional information.

DATES: Comments concerning the needs for change and the Proposed Action provided in this notice will be most useful in the development of the revised plan and draft EIS if received by July 31, 2019. The draft revised Forest Plan and draft EIS are expected summer 2020, and the final revised Forest Plan and final EIS are expected late 2021.

ADDRESSES: Send written comments to Lincoln National Forest, Attn: Forest Plan, 3463 Las Palomas Rd.,

Alamogordo, New Mexico 88310 or via email to: *Inf fpr comments@fs.fed.us*.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Diane Prather, Forest Planner, Lincoln National Forest, 3463 Las Palomas Road, Alamogordo, New Mexico 88310, 575– 434–7200.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Nature of the Decision To Be Made

The Lincoln National Forest is preparing an EIS to revise the existing Forest Plan. The EIS process is meant to inform the Forest Supervisor so he can decide which alternative best maintains and restores National Forest System terrestrial and aquatic resources while providing ecosystem services and multiple uses, as required by the National Forest Management Act and the Multiple Use Sustained Yield Act.

The revised Forest Plan will describe the strategic intent of managing the Forest for the next 10 to 15 years and will address the identified needs for

² 12-month period from October to September.