annual audit.⁷ Thus, the IDSMs currently operating under the Rule would have a total estimated burden of about 9,235 hours $(36,936 \times 15 \text{ min. } 60 \text{ min./hr.})$.

Total annual labor cost: \$461,725. Assuming that IDSMs use skilled clerical or technical support staff to compile and maintain the records required by the Rule at an hourly rate of \$15, the labor cost associated with the 24,625 recordkeeping burden hours would be \$369,375. If IDSMs use clerical support at an hourly rate of \$10 to reproduce records, the labor costs of the 9,235 disclosure burden hours is approximately \$92,350. The combined total labor cost for recordkeeping and disclosures is \$461,725.

Total annual capital or other non-labor costs: \$300,000.

Total capital and start-up costs: The Rule imposes no appreciable current capital or start-up costs. The vast majority of warrantors have already developed systems to retain the records and provide the disclosures required by the Rule. Rule compliance does not require the use of any capital goods, other than ordinary office equipment, to which providers would already have access.

The only additional cost imposed on IDSMs operating under the Rule that would not be incurred for other IDSMs is the annual audit requirement. One of the IDSMs currently operating under the Rule estimates the total annual costs of this requirement to be under \$100,000. Since there are three IDSMs operating under the Rule (Toyota and Chrysler share the same IDSM, though each company is reported separately), staff estimates the total non-labor costs associated with the Rule to be three times that amount, or \$300,000.8 This extrapolated total, however, also reflects an estimated \$120,000 for copying costs, which is accounted for separately under the category below. Thus, estimated costs attribute solely to capital or startup expenditures is \$180,000.

Other non-labor costs: \$120,000 in copying costs. This total is based on estimated copying costs of 5 cents per page and several conservative assumptions or estimates. Staff estimates that the "average" disputerelated file is about 25 pages long and

that a typical annual audit file is about 200 pages in length. For purposes of estimating copying costs, staff assumes that every consumer complainant (or approximately 36,938 consumers) requests a copy of the file relating to his or her dispute. Staff also assumes that, for about 7,388 (20%) of the estimated 36,938 disputes each year, consumers request copies of warrantors' annual audit reports (although, based on requests for audit reports made directly to the FTC, the indications are that considerably fewer requests are actually made). Thus, the estimated total annual copying costs for avarage-sized files would be approximately \$46,173 (25 pages/file ×.05×36,938 requests) and \$73,880 for copies of annual audits (200 pages/audit report×.05×7,388 requests), for total copying costs of \$120,053, rounded to \$120,000).

John D. Graubert,

Acting General Counsel.
[FR Doc. 01–13646 Filed 5–30–01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6750–01–M

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Office of Communications; Cancellation of an Optional Form by the Department of Defense

AGENCY: General Services Administration. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Department of Defense canceled the following Optional Form because of low usage: OF 80, 999 (Label)

DATES: Effective May 31, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ms. Barbara Williams, General Services Administration, (202) 501–0581.

Dated: April 6, 2001.

Barbara M. Williams.

(Small)

Deputy Standard and Optional Forms Management Officer, General Services Administration.

[FR Doc. 01–13686 Filed 5–30–01; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 6820–34-M**

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Public Buildings Service; Availability of Draft Environmental Impact Statement: United States Mission to the United Nations

Pursuant to Section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969, as amended, as implemented by the Council on Environmental Quality (40 CFR parts 1500–1508), the General Services Administration (GSA) has filed with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and made available to other government agencies and interested private parties, the Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) for the demolition of the Federal building currently housing the United States Mission to the United Nations (USUN) and the subsequent construction of a new facility on the same site.

The DEIS is on file at GSA offices in Manhattan. Copies of the DEIS Executive Summary or additional information may be obtained from: General Services Administration, Public Buildings Service—2PT, 26 Federal Plaza, Room 1609, New York, New York, 10278, ATTN: Peter Sneed.

Written comments regarding the DEIS may be submitted until Friday July 13th, 2001 and should be addressed to General Services Administration in care of the above noted individual. A public hearing is scheduled for Wednesday June 13th, 2001, at the New York University Medical College Classroom A, 550 First Avenue (between 31st and 32nd Streets), New York, New York at 7 PM.

Dated: May 14, 2001.

Steve Ruggiero,

Acting Regional Administrator (2A). [FR Doc. 01–13587 Filed 5–30–01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6820–23–M

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60-Day-01-45]

Proposed Data Collections Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

In compliance with the requirement of section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 for opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) will publish periodic summaries of proposed projects. To request more information on the proposed projects or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and instruments, call the CDC Reports Clearance Officer on (404) 639–7090.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information shall have

⁷This estimate incorporates any additional time needed to reproduce copies of audit reports for consumers upon their request. Inasmuch as consumers request such copies in only a minority of cases, this estimate is likely an overstatement.

⁸ The industry source did not break down this estimate by cost item. Staff conservatively included the entire \$100,000 in its estimate of capital and other non-labor costs, even though some of this burden is likely already accounted for as labor costs.