

other forms of information technology. OMB has approved this information collection for use through February 29, 2024. DoD, GSA, and NASA propose that OMB extend its approval for use for three additional years beyond the current expiration date.

DATES: DoD, GSA, and NASA will consider all comments received by October 30, 2023.

ADDRESSES: DoD, GSA, and NASA invite interested persons to submit comments on this collection through <https://www.regulations.gov> and follow the instructions on the site. This website provides the ability to type short comments directly into the comment field or attach a file for lengthier comments. If there are difficulties submitting comments, contact the GSA Regulatory Secretariat Division at 202–501–4755 or GSARegSec@gsa.gov.

Instructions: All items submitted must cite OMB Control No. 9000–0157, Architect-Engineer Qualifications (SF–330). Comments received generally will be posted without change to <https://www.regulations.gov>, including any personal and/or business confidential information provided. To confirm receipt of your comment(s), please check www.regulations.gov, approximately two-to-three days after submission to verify posting.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Zenaida Delgado, Procurement Analyst, at telephone 202–969–7207, or zenaida.delgado@gsa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. OMB Control Number, Title, and Any Associated Form(s)

9000–0157, Architect-Engineer Qualifications, SF–330.

B. Need and Uses

This clearance covers the information that offerors must submit to comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) requirement:

Standard Form (SF) 330, Architect-Engineer Qualifications. As specified in FAR 36.702(b), an architect-engineer firm must provide information about its qualifications for a specific contract when the contract amount is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold (SAT).

Part I—Contract-Specific Qualifications. The information on the form is reviewed by a selection panel composed of professionals and assists the panel in selecting the most qualified architect-engineer firm to perform the specific project. The form is designed to provide a uniform method for architect-engineer firms to submit information on experience, personnel, and capabilities

of the architect-engineer firm to perform along with information on the consultants they expect to collaborate with on the specific project. Part I of the SF 330 may be used when the contract amount is expected to be at or below the SAT, if the contracting officer determines that its use is appropriate.

Part II—General Qualifications. The information obtained on this form is used to determine if a firm should be solicited for architect-engineer projects. Architect-engineer firms are encouraged to update the form annually. Part II of the SF 330 is used to obtain information from an architect-engineer firm about its general professional qualifications.

The SF 330 accomplishes the following:

- Expands essential information about qualifications and experience data including:

- ❖ An organizational chart of all participating firms and key personnel.
 - ❖ For all key personnel, a description of their experience in 5 relevant projects.

- ❖ A description of each example project performed by the project team (or some elements of the project team) and its relevance to the agency's proposed contract.

- ❖ A matrix of key personnel who participated in the example projects. This matrix graphically illustrates the degree to which the proposed key personnel have worked together before on similar projects.

- Reflects current architect-engineer disciplines, experience types and technology.

- Permits limited submission length thereby reducing costs for both the architect-engineer industry and the Government. Lengthy submissions do not necessarily lead to a better decision on the best-qualified firm. The proposed SF 330 indicates that agencies may limit the length of a firm's submissions, either certain sections or the entire package. The Government's right to impose such limitations was established in case law (Coffman Specialties, Inc., B–284546. N–284546/2, 2000 U.S. Comp. Gen. LEXIS 58, May 10, 2000).

The contracting officer uses the information provided on the SF 330 to evaluate firms to select an architect-engineer firm for a contract.

C. Annual Burden

Respondents: 682.

Total Annual Responses: 2,728.

Total Burden Hours: 79,112.

Obtaining Copies: Requesters may obtain a copy of the information collection documents from the GSA Regulatory Secretariat Division by calling 202–501–4755 or emailing

GSARegSec@gsa.gov. Please cite OMB Control No. 9000–0157, Architect-Engineer Qualifications (SF–330).

Janet Fry,

Director, Federal Acquisition Policy Division, Office of Governmentwide Acquisition Policy, Office of Acquisition Policy, Office of Governmentwide Policy.

[FR Doc. 2023–18843 Filed 8–30–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6820–EP–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Notice of Closed Meeting

Pursuant to section 5 U.S.C. 1009(d), notice is hereby given of the following meeting.

The meeting will be closed to the public in accordance with the provisions set forth in sections 552b(c)(4) and 552b(c)(6), Title 5 U.S.C., as amended, and the Determination of the Director, Office of Strategic Business Initiatives, Office of the Chief Operating Officer, CDC, pursuant to Public Law 92–463. The grant applications and the discussions could disclose confidential trade secrets or commercial property such as patentable material, and personal information concerning individuals associated with the grant applications, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

Name of Committee: Disease, Disability, and Injury Prevention and Control Special Emphasis Panel; (SEP)–RFA–OH–22–003, Occupational Safety and Health Training Project Grants.

Date: November 30, 2023.

Time: 1 p.m.–5 p.m., EST.

Place: Video-Assisted Meeting.

Agenda: To review and evaluate grant applications.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Marilyn Ridenour, B.S.N., M.P.H., Scientific Review Official, Office of Extramural Programs, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 1095 Willowdale Road, Morgantown, West Virginia 26505. Telephone: (304) 285–5879; Email: MRidenour@cdc.gov.

The Director, Office of Strategic Business Initiatives, Office of the Chief Operating Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, has been delegated the authority to sign **Federal Register** notices pertaining to announcements of meetings and other committee management activities, for both the Centers for Disease Control and

Prevention and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry.

Kalwant Smagh,

Director, Office of Strategic Business Initiatives, Office of the Chief Operating Officer, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2023–18806 Filed 8–30–23; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

[Docket No. FDA–2023–N–0940]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for Office of Management and Budget Review; Comment Request; Food and Drug Administration Rapid Response Surveys

AGENCY: Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is announcing that a proposed collection of information has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DATES: Submit written comments (including recommendations) on the collection of information by October 2, 2023.

ADDRESSES: To ensure that comments on the information collection are received, OMB recommends that written comments be submitted to <https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain>. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function. The OMB control number for this information collection is 0910–0500. Also include the FDA docket number found in brackets in the heading of this document.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

JonnaLynn Capezzuto, Office of Operations, Food and Drug Administration, Three White Flint North, 10 a.m.–12 p.m., 11601 Landsdown St., North Bethesda, MD

20852, 301–796–3794, PRASStaff@fda.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In compliance with 44 U.S.C. 3507, FDA has submitted the following proposed collection of information to OMB for review and clearance.

Rapid Response Surveys

OMB Control Number 0910–0500—Extension

This generic information collection supports research conducted by FDA, as authorized under section 1003(d)(2) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 393(d)(2)).

FDA is requesting extension of OMB approval to conduct rapid response surveys (RRS). Through these surveys, FDA seeks to determine whether a problem impacts the public health and to quickly obtain vital information about risks and interventions. FDA will use the information gathered from these surveys to make quick turnaround decisions about safety problems or risk management solutions so the Agency may take appropriate public health action including dissemination of information as necessary. Participation in these surveys is voluntary.

Respondents may include manufacturers and distributors of biologics, drugs, food, animal food and drugs, dietary supplements, food additives, cosmetics, medical devices, and tobacco products; distributors; sponsors and importers; consumers; healthcare professionals; hospitals; specialized medical facilities (e.g., cardiac surgery, obstetrics/gynecology services, pediatric services, etc.) and other user facilities including nursing homes, ambulatory surgical and outpatient diagnostic and treatment facilities when FDA must quickly determine whether or not a problem impacts the public health. Once FDA understands the need for additional surveillance data to address a potential public health hazard, the appropriate respondents will be identified for each unique RRS.

In the **Federal Register** of April 20, 2023 (88 FR 24423), FDA published a 60-day notice requesting public comment on the proposed collection of information. We received one comment, which was generally supportive of FDA’s use of RRS. (Comment) The

comment suggested that FDA “authorize, develop, and implement a mechanism that provides States and the most local level of public health departments immediate notification and access to RRS results when the FDA issues a RRS wholly or partially in their areas of jurisdiction.” (Response) FDA already has in place mechanisms to share pertinent health information with State, local, and tribal authorities. We currently share aggregated data (without personally identifiable information) of hospital reporting RRS. However, FDA’s use of RRS has not recently developed data about potential safety problems or risk management solutions that would require development of a new mechanism for immediate notification and access to RRS results. For example, FDA used a RRS to identify and maintain a list of drugs essential for the care and management of hospitalized patients with COVID–19, particularly for ventilated patients in the intensive care units. FDA used the information to help to identify drugs that may be at risk of a regional or national shortage, and to help ensure these drugs remain available to meet the needs of our nation. FDA also used a RRS to engage stakeholders when developing the food safety surveillance sampling assignments. FDA shared information with key external stakeholders on the hot pepper and cucumber sampling assignments and garnered industry feedback through survey questions to ensure that sample collection is done as effectively and efficiently as possible. Neither of these surveys developed information that would require development of a new mechanism for immediate notification and access to RRS results. The latest update survey data from FDA can be found here: <https://www.fda.gov/science-research/fda-science-forum/fda-covid-19-critical-care-drug-monitoring-survey-portal-ongoing-surveillance-critical-drugs-related>. Please also note that if you or your hospital stakeholders are experiencing a drug shortage and need assistance on how to obtain supply, please refer to the information at Drugshortages@fda.hhs.gov. FDA Drug Shortage Staff responds to all reports received on a daily basis.

FDA estimates the burden of this collection of information as follows: