

Producer/exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
Industeel Belgium S.A	2.52

Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations performed in connection with these final results of review to parties in this review within five days after public announcement of the final results or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment Rates

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce has determined, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the final results of this review.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), we calculated importer-specific *ad valorem* duty assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for the examined sales to the total entered value of the sales. Where either the respondent's weighted-average dumping margin is zero or *de minimis*, within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), or an importer-specific rate is zero or *de minimis*, we will instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

Commerce's "automatic assessment" will apply to entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by Industeel in these final results of review for which Industeel did not know that the merchandise it sold to the intermediary (e.g., a reseller, trading company, or exporter) was destined for the United States. In such instances, we will instruct CBP to liquidate unreviewed entries at the all-others rate if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (i.e., within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

Upon publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, the following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for Industeel will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin established in the final results of this review; (2) for merchandise exported by producers or exporters not covered in this review but covered in a prior completed segment of the proceeding, the cash deposit will continue to be the company-specific rate published in the completed segment for the most recently completed period; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, a prior review, or the original less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation, but the producer has been covered in a prior completed segment of this proceeding, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established in the completed segment for the most recent period for the producer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers or exporters will continue to be 5.40 percent, the all-others rate established in the LTFV investigation for this proceeding.¹¹ These deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial

protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a violation subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: December 10, 2024.

Abdelali Elouaradia,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the *Order*
- IV. Changes Since the *Preliminary Results*
- V. Discussion of Issues
 - Comment 1: Industeel's Reported Section 232 Duties
 - Comment 2: Adjustments under the Transaction Disregarded Rule
 - Comment 3: Industeel's Reported Merchandise Processing Fee and Harbor Maintenance Fee
 - Comment 4: Correction of Certain Ministerial Errors and Adjustment to Certain Costs
- VI. Recommendation

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C-570-054]

Certain Aluminum Foil From the People's Republic of China: Amended Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative; 2022

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) is amending the final results of the countervailing duty administrative review of certain aluminum foil (aluminum foil) from the People's Republic of China (China) to correct a ministerial error. The period of review (POR) is January 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022.

DATES: Applicable December 17, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Natasia Harrison or Harrison Tanchuck, AD/CVD Operations, Office VI, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-1240 or (202) 482-7421, respectively.

¹¹ See *Order*, 82 FR at 24098.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

In accordance with sections 751(a)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(5), on November 12, 2024, Commerce published its final results in the countervailing duty administrative review of aluminum foil from China.¹ On November 13, 2024, the Aluminum Association Trade Enforcement Working Group and its individual members (collectively, the petitioners) timely alleged that Commerce made a ministerial error in the *Final Results*.² No party submitted rebuttal comments.

Scope of the Order³

The product covered by the scope of the *Order* is aluminum foil from China. A full description of the scope of the *Order* is contained in the *Final Results* IDM.

Ministerial Errors

Section 751(h) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.224(f) define a “ministerial error” as an error “in addition, subtraction, or other arithmetic function, clerical error resulting from inaccurate copying, duplication, or the like, and any similar type of unintentional error which the Secretary considers ministerial.” Commerce finds that the purported error alleged by the petitioners constitutes a ministerial error within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.224(f).⁴ Specifically, we committed a ministerial error with regard to the calculation of mandatory respondent Jiangsu Zhongji Lamination Materials Co., (HK) Limited’s (Zhongji HK’s) input supplier company sales denominators, and consequently, the subsidy rate calculations performed in connection with Zhongji HK’s affiliated input supplier company sales denominators. For a complete discussion of this alleged error, *see* the

Ministerial Error Analysis Memorandum.

In accordance with section 751(h) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.224(e), we are amending the *Final Results*.⁵ Specifically, we are amending the net subsidy rate for Zhongji HK. The revised net subsidy rate is provided in the table below. As a result of amending the net subsidy rate for Zhongji HK, we are also amending the rate for the non-selected companies, which is the average of the average of the rates calculated for two mandatory respondents, as provided in the table below.

Amended Final Results of Review

As a result of correcting the ministerial errors described above, Commerce determines the following net countervailable subsidy rates for the period January 1, 2022, through December 31, 2022:

Company	Subsidy rate (percent <i>ad valorem</i>)
Hangzhou Five Star Aluminium Co., Ltd. ⁶	⁷ 29.90
Jiangsu Zhongji Lamination Materials Co., (HK) Limited ⁸	⁹ 25.24
Non-Selected Companies Under Review ¹⁰	¹¹ 29.13

Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations performed for these

⁵ See *Final Results*, 89 FR at 88958.

⁶ Commerce finds the following companies to be cross-owned with Five Star: Jiangsu Dingsheng New Materials Joint-Stock Co., Ltd. (Jiangsu Dingsheng), Dingsheng Aluminum Industries (Hong Kong) Trading Co., Ltd. (Dingsheng HK), Hangzhou Dingsheng Import & Export Co., Ltd. (Dingsheng IE), Hangzhou Teemful Aluminium Co., Ltd. (Teemful), Inner Mongolia Liansheng New Energy Material Co., Ltd. or Inner Mongolia Liansheng New Energy Material Joint-Stock Co., Ltd. (Liansheng), Inner Mongolia Xinxing New Energy Material Co., Ltd. or Inner Mongolia Xinxing New Material Co., Ltd. (Xinxing), Hangzhou Dingsheng Industrial Group Co., Ltd. (Dingsheng Group), Hangzhou Dingcheng Aluminium Co., Ltd. (Dingcheng); Luoyang Longding Aluminium Co., Ltd. (Longding); Walson (HK) Trading Co., Limited (Walson HK); Dingheng New Materials Co., Ltd. (Dingheng) and Thai Ding Li New Materials Co., Ltd. (Ding Li), (collectively, Dingsheng Respondents). Walson HK, Dingheng and Ding Li were listed separately in *Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews*, 88 FR 38021 (June 12, 2023) (*Initiation Notice*). See Dingsheng Respondents’ Letter, “Hangzhou Five Star Affiliation Response,” dated August 25, 2023 (Dingsheng Respondents AQR) at Exhibit A.1.

⁷ Unchanged from *Final Results*.

⁸ As discussed in the *Preliminary Results*, Commerce finds the following companies to be to be cross-owned with Zhongji HK: Jiangsu Zhongji Lamination Materials Co., Ltd. (Zhongji) (FKA Jiangsu Zhongji Lamination Materials Stock Co., Ltd.); Jiangsu Huafeng Aluminium Industry Co.,

amended final results within five days after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment Rates

In accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(2), Commerce shall determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protections (CBP) shall assess, countervailing duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the amended final results of this review. Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of these amended final results of this review in the **Federal Register**. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

Cash Deposit Requirements

In accordance with section 751(a)(1) of the Act, Commerce also intends to instruct CBP to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties in the amounts shown for the companies subject to this review, effective November 12, 2024, the date of publication of the *Final Results* in the **Federal Register**. For all non-selected companies, CBP will continue to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties at the most recent company-specific or all-others rate applicable to the company, as appropriate. These cash deposits, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Ltd. (Jiangsu Huafeng); Shantou Wanshun New Material Group Co., Ltd. (Shantou Wanshun) (FKA Shantou Wanshun Package Material Stock Co., Ltd.); Anhui Zhongji Battery Foil Science & Technology Co., Ltd. (Anhui Zhongji) (FKA Anhui Maximum Aluminium Industries Company Limited); and Sichuan Wanshun Zhongji Aluminium Industry Co., Ltd. (Sichuan Wanshun). Anhui Zhongji, Anhui Maximum Aluminium Industries Company Limited, Jiangsu Huafeng, Zhongji, and Shantou Wanshun Package Material Stock Co., Ltd. were listed separately in the *Initiation Notice*.

⁹ This net countervailable *ad valorem* subsidy rate reflects an entered value adjustment (EVA). See *Final Results* IDM at Comment 3.

¹⁰ See Appendix for a list of the non-selected companies under review.

¹¹ The non-selected company rate reflects Five Star’s *ad valorem* net countervailable subsidy rate and Zhongji HK’s amended *ad valorem* net countervailable subsidy rate without the EVA, which is 28.35 percent. See *Final Results* IDM at Comment 3; *see also* Memorandum, “Amended Final Results Calculation of Subsidy Rate for Non-Selected Companies Under Review,” dated concurrently with this notice.

¹ See *Certain Aluminum Foil from the People’s Republic of China: Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative; 2022*, 89 FR 88957 (November 12, 2024) (*Final Results*), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum (IDM).

² See Petitioners’ Letter, “Ministerial Error Allegation,” dated November 13, 2024.

³ See *Certain Aluminum Foil from the People’s Republic of China: Amended Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Countervailing Duty Order*, 83 FR 17360 (April 19, 2018); *see also* *Certain Aluminum Foil from the People’s Republic of China: Notice of Court Decision Not in Harmony With the Amended Final Determination in the Countervailing Duty Investigation, and Notice of Amended Final Determination and Amended Countervailing Duty Order*, 85 FR 47730 (August 6, 2020) (collectively, *Order*).

⁴ See Memorandum, “Analysis of Ministerial Error Allegations,” dated concurrently with this notice (Ministerial Error Analysis Memorandum).

Administrative Protective Order

This notice also serves as a final reminder to parties subject to an administrative protective order (APO) of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these amended final results of the review in accordance with sections 751(h) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.224(e).

Dated: December 10, 2024.

Abdelali Elouaradia,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix**Non-Selected Companies Under Review**

1. Alcha International Holdings Limited
2. Baotou Alcha Aluminum Co., Ltd.
3. Granges Aluminum (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
4. Guangxi Baise Xinghe Aluminum Industry Co., Ltd.
5. Hunan Suntown Marketing Limited
6. Jiangyin Dolphin Pack Ltd. Co.
7. Luoyang Longding Aluminium Industries Co., Ltd.
8. Shandong Yuanrui Metal Material Co., Ltd.
9. Shanghai Huaon Aluminum Corporation
10. Shanghai Shenhua Aluminium Foil Co., Ltd.
11. Shanghai Shenyang Packaging Materials Co., Ltd.
12. SNTO International Trade Limited
13. Suntown Technology Group Corporation Limited
14. Xiamen Xiashun Aluminium Foil Co. Ltd.
15. Yangtai Jintai International Trade Co., Ltd.
16. Yantai Donghai Aluminum Co., Ltd.
17. Yinbang Clad Material Co., Ltd.
18. Zhejiang Zhongjin Aluminum Industry Co., Ltd.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**International Trade Administration**

[A–580–878]

Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products From the Republic of Korea: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2022–2023

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that Dongkuk Coated Metal Co., Ltd. (Dongkuk) and certain companies not selected for individual examination made sales of subject merchandise in the United States at prices below normal value (NV) during the period of review (POR) July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023. In addition, Commerce determines that Hyundai Steel Company (Hyundai) did not make sales of subject merchandise in the United States at prices below NV during the POR.

DATES: Applicable December 17, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Jaron Moore or William Horn, AD/CVD Operations, Office VIII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3640 or (202) 482–4868, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Background**

On August 12, 2024, Commerce published the *Preliminary Results* of this administrative review of the antidumping duty order on certain corrosion-resistant steel products (CORE) from the Republic of Korea (Korea) and invited interested parties to comment.¹ This administrative review covers 11 exporters and/or producers of the subject merchandise,² of which we selected Dongkuk and Hyundai as mandatory respondents. On December 9, 2024, Commerce tolled the deadline to issue the final results in this administrative review by 90 days.³ Accordingly, the deadline for these final results is now March 10, 2025. For a summary of the events that occurred since the *Preliminary Results*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.⁴ Commerce conducted this review in accordance with section 751(a)(1)(B) of

¹ See *Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review*, 2022–2023, 89 FR 65596 (August 12, 2024) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

² See *Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews*, 88 FR 62322, 62326 (September 11, 2023).

³ See Memorandum, “Tolling of Deadlines for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings,” dated December 9, 2024.

⁴ See Memorandum, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the 2022–2023 Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from the Republic of Korea,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Scope of the Order⁵

The merchandise covered by this *Order* is CORE from Korea. For a full description of the scope of the *Order*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised by parties in the case and rebuttal briefs are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is provided in the appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Changes Since the Preliminary Results

Based on comments received from interested parties regarding our *Preliminary Results*, we made certain changes to the preliminary weighted-average dumping margin calculation for Dongkuk,⁶ as well as the preliminary weighted-average dumping margin assigned to the companies not selected for individual examination.

Rates for Companies Not Selected for Individual Examination

The statute and Commerce’s regulations do not address the establishment of a rate to be applied to individual companies not selected for examination when Commerce limits its examination in an administrative review pursuant to section 777A(c)(2) of the Act. Generally, Commerce looks to section 735(c)(5) of the Act, which provides instructions for calculating the all-others rate in an investigation, for guidance when calculating the rate for companies which we did not individually examine in an administrative review. Section 735(c)(5)(A) of the Act establishes a preference to avoid using rates which are zero, *de minimis*, or based entirely

⁵ See *Certain Corrosion-Resistant Steel Products from India, Italy, the People’s Republic of China, the Republic of Korea and Taiwan: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Determination for India and Taiwan, and Antidumping Duty Orders*, 81 FR 48390 (July 25, 2016) (*Order*).

⁶ See Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 1.