Agro Industries Ltd. (Saptarishi Agro), Transchem Ltd. (Transchem), Techtran Agro Industries Limited (Techtran) and Weikfield Agro Products Ltd. (Weikfield). On March 23, 2005, the Department published a notice of initiation of an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on certain preserved mushrooms from India with respect to these companies. *See Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews and Requests for Revocation in Part*, 70 FR 14643.

On May 6, 2005, the petitioner timely withdrew its request for review with respect to KICM. On June 17, 2005, the petitioner requested that the Department extend the deadline established under 19 CFR 351.213(d)(1) to withdraw its request for review of other companies until July 5, 2005. On June 21, 2005, we granted this request. On June 29, 2005, the petitioner withdrew its request for review with respect to Alpine Biotech, Dinesh Agro, Flex Foods, Himalya, Hindustan, Mandeep, Premier, Saptarishi Agro, Transchem, Techtran and Weikfield.

Partial Rescission of Review

Section 351.213(d)(1) of the Department's regulations stipulates that the Secretary will rescind an administrative review, in whole or in part, if a party that requested a review withdraws the request within 90 days of the date of publication of notice of initiation of the requested review, unless the Secretary decides that it is reasonable to extend this time limit. In this case, the petitioner withdrew its request for review of Alpine Biotech, Dinesh Agro, Flex Foods, Himalya, Hindustan, KICM, Mandeep, Premier, Saptarishi Agro, Transchem, Techtran and Weikfield within the extended time limit. Therefore, because the petitioner was the only party to request the administrative review of these companies, we are rescinding, in part, this review of the antidumping duty order on certain preserved mushrooms from India as to Alpine Biotech, Dinesh Agro, Flex Foods, Himalya, Hindustan, KICM, Mandeep, Premier, Saptarishi Agro[2], Transchem, Techtran and Weikfield. This review will continue with respect to Agro Dutch.

[2] On March 25, 2005, Agro Dutch stated that it had purchased the mushroom operations of Saptarishi Agro prior to the current review period. Therefore, any sales made by Saptarishi Agro during the current review period will be examined in the context of the administrative review of Agro Dutch.

Assessment

The Department will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries. Antidumping duties for these rescinded companies shall be assessed at rates equal to the cash deposit of estimated antidumping duties required at the time of entry, or withdrawal from warehouse, for consumption, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(c)(1)(i). The Department will issue appropriate assessment instructions directly to CBP within 15 days of publication of this notice.

This notice is published in accordance with section 751 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and 19 CFR 351.213(d)(4).

Dated: July 11, 2005.

Susan H. Kuhbach,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

[FR Doc. E5–3778 Filed 7–14–05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE: 3510–DS–S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Institute of Standards and Technology

Advanced Technology Program (ATP) Advisory Committee

AGENCY: National Institute of Standards and Technology, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of renewal.

In accordance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act, 5 U.S.C. App. 2, and the General Services Administration (GSA) rule on Federal Advisory Committee Management, 41 CFR Part 101–6, and after consultation with GSA, the Secretary of Commerce has determined that the renewal of the Advanced Technology Program Advisory Committee is in the public interest in connection with the performance of the duties imposed on the Department by law.

The Committee was first established in July 1999 to advise ATP regarding their programs, plans, and policies. In renewing the Committee, the Secretary has established it for an additional six months. During the next six months, the Committee plans to provide advice on ATP programs, plans and policies, review ATP's efforts to assess the economic impact of the program, and report on the general health of the program and its effectiveness in achieving its legislatively mandated mission.

The Committee will consist of 6 to 12 members to be appointed by the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology to assure a balanced membership that will reflect the wide diversity of technical disciplines and industrial sectors represented in ATP projects.

The Committee will function solely as an advisory body and in compliance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act. Copies of the Committee's revised charter will be filed with the appropriate committees of the Congress and with the Library of Congress.

Inquiries or comments may be directed to Janet Brumby, Advanced Technology Program, National Institute of Standards and Technology, 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 4710, Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899–4710; telephone: 301–975–3189.

Dated: July 7, 2005.

Hratch G. Semerjian,

Acting Director, NIST.

[FR Doc. 05–13993 Filed 7–14–05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Institute of Standards and Technology

[Docket No. 060601149–5149–01]

Announcing Draft Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) Publication 200, Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems

AGENCY: National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) announces the release of draft Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Publication 200, Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems for public comment. Draft FIPS Publication 200 is one of a series of security standards and guidelines that NIST is developing to help federal agencies implement their responsibilities under the Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA). The FISMA requires that all federal agencies develop, document and implement agency-wide information security programs to protect federal information and information systems. Draft FIPS Publication 200, which will be used with other publications already issued by NIST, specifies minimum security requirements for federal information and information systems and a risk-based process for selecting

the security controls necessary to satisfy the minimum requirements.

Prior to the submission of this proposed standard to the Secretary of Commerce for review and approval, it is essential that consideration be given to the needs and views of the general public, the information technology industry, and federal, state, and local government organizations. The purpose of this notice is to solicit such views.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before 5 p.m., September 13, 2005.

ADDRESSES: Written comments may be sent to: Chief, Computer Security Division, Information Technology Laboratory, Attention: Comments on Draft FIPS Publication 200, 100 Bureau Drive (Stop 8930), National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD 20899–8930. Comments may also be sent via electronic mail to: *draftfips200@nist.gov*.

A copy of draft FIPS Publication 200 is available from the NIST Web site at: *http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/index.html*.

Comments received in response to this notice will be published at *http://csrc.nist.gov*.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dr. Ron Ross, Computer Security Division, National Institute of Standards and Technology, Gaithersburg, MD 20899–8930, telephone (301) 975–5390, e-mail: *ron.ross@nist.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Federal Information Security Management Act (FISMA) requires all federal agencies to develop, document, and implement agency-wide information security programs and to provide information security for the information and information systems that support the operations and assets of the agency, including those systems provided or managed by another agency, contractor, or other source.

To support agencies in conducting their information security programs, the FISMA called for NIST to develop federal standards for the security categorization of federal information and information systems according to risk levels, and for minimum security requirements for information and information systems in each security category. FIPS Publication 199, Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems, issued in February 2004, is the first standard that was specified by the FISMA. FIPS Publication 199 requires agencies to categorize their information and information systems as low-impact, moderate-impact, or high-impact for the security objectives of confidentiality, integrity, and availability.

Draft FIPS Publication 200, the second standard that was specified by the FISMA, is an integral part of the risk management framework that NIST has developed to assist federal agencies in providing appropriate levels of information security. FIPS Publication 200 specifies minimum security requirements for federal information and information systems and a risk-based process for selecting the security controls necessary to satisfy the minimum requirements. In applying the provisions of FIPS Publication 200, agencies will categorize their information systems as required by FIPS Publication 199, and subsequently select an appropriate set of security controls from NIST Special Publication 800–53, Recommended Security Controls for Federal Information Systems, to satisfy the minimum security requirements. Issued in February 2005, NIST Special Publication 800–53 defines minimum security controls needed to provide cost-effective protection for low-impact, moderate-impact, and high-impact information systems and the information processed, stored, and transmitted by those systems.

The proposed standard will be applicable to: (i) all information within the federal government other than that information that has been determined pursuant to Executive Order 12958, as amended by Executive Order 13292, or any predecessor order, or by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, to require protection against unauthorized disclosure and is marked to indicate its classified status; and (ii) all federal information systems other than those information systems designated as national security systems as defined in 44 United States Code Section 3542(b)(2). The standard has been broadly developed from a technical perspective to complement similar standards for national security systems. In addition to the agencies of the federal government, state, local, and tribal governments, and private sector organizations that compose the critical infrastructure of the United States are encouraged to consider the use of this standard, as appropriate.

Proposed FIPS Publication 200 specifies minimum security requirements for federal information and information systems in seventeen security-related areas that represent a broad-based, balanced information security program. The seventeen security-related areas encompass the management, operational, and technical aspects of protecting federal information and information systems, and include: access control; audit and accountability; awareness and training; certification, accreditation, and security assessments; configuration management; contingency planning; identification and authentication; incident response; maintenance; media protection; personnel security; physical and environmental protection; planning; risk assessment; systems and services acquisition; system and communications protection; and system and information integrity.

Authority: Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) are issued by the National Institute of Standards and Technology after approval by the Secretary of Commerce pursuant to Section 5131 of the Information Technology Management Reform Act of 1996 and the Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 (Public Law 107–347).

E.O. 12866: This notice has been determined not to be significant for the purposes of E.O. 12866.

Dated: July 7, 2005.

Hratch G. Semerjian,

Acting Director, NIST.

[FR Doc. 05–13994 Filed 7–14–05; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–CN–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Institute of Standards and Technology

[Docket No. 050329087–5087–01]

Proposed Withdrawal of Ten (10) Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS)

AGENCY: National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; request for comments.

SUMMARY: The National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) proposes to withdraw ten (10) Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) from the FIPS series. The standards proposed for withdrawal include FIPS 161–2, FIPS 183, FIPS 184, FIPS 192 and 192–1, which adopt voluntary industry standards for Federal government use. These FIPS are obsolete because they have not been updated to reference current or revised voluntary industry standards. In addition, FIPS 4–2, FIPS 5–2, FIPS 6–4, and FIPS 10–4, adopt specifications or data standards that are developed and maintained by other Federal government agencies or by voluntary industry standards organizations. These FIPS have not been updated to reflect