

two additional 2-year terms. All members serve at the pleasure of the Secretary of Agriculture. The Advisory Committee will meet at least once annually to explore issues affecting beginning farmers and ranchers, USDA policies and programs, and related matters challenging new farmers and ranchers. Advisory Committee meetings may be held in hybrid style giving participants the choice to attend in person or virtually. During public meetings, the Advisory Committee shall explore and deliberate upon specific topics and frame up recommendations involving: (1) principles to leverage and maximize existing programs that assist beginning farmers and ranchers; (2) methods and strategies that amplify and improve State collaboration and participation in USDA programs; (3) opportunity creation strategies and pilot programs (e.g., farm apprenticeships, farm incubators); and (4) ideas that provide relief from labor and taxation burdens.

Member Nominations. Any interested person may nominate individuals for membership. Interested candidates may also nominate themselves. Individuals who wish to be considered for membership on the Advisory Committee must submit a nomination package that includes (1) the background disclosure form (Form AD-755) [<https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/ad-755.pdf>]; (2) a brief cover letter with a summary of nominee's qualifications to serve on the Advisory Committee; and (3) a resume providing the nominee's background, experience, and educational qualifications (5 pages or less). Nominees may also provide samples of published writings related to matters affecting new farmers and ranchers and letters of endorsement—both of which are optional. Nomination for membership is open to the public, including minorities, women, and persons with disabilities from within the United States and its territories (Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands). Final selection of Advisory Committee members is made by the Secretary.

The Advisory Committee was originally authorized pursuant to Section 5(b) of the Agricultural Credit Improvement Act of 1992, 7 U.S.C. 1929, as amended; and reauthorized under the Food, Conservation, and Energy Act of 2008; and is established and managed in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA), as amended, 5 U.S.C. 10.

The Advisory Committee is statutory, and its members may be designated as Representatives, Special Government Employees (SGEs), or Regular Government Employees (RGEs). Pursuant to the Advisory Committee's statutory composition, members should represent (1) new farmers and ranchers; (2) State beginning farming programs; (3) commercial lenders; (4) private nonprofit organizations with active beginning farmer or rancher programs; (5) educational institutions with demonstrated experience in training beginning farmers and ranchers; and (6) other organizations or persons who provide lending or technical assistance for farmers and ranchers. RGEs shall include employees from the Farm Service Agency and the National Institute of Food and Agriculture. SGEs shall be appointed for their personal knowledge, academic scholarship, background, and expertise in specific areas of focus as required during their terms.

Equal opportunity practices in accordance with USDA's policies will be followed in all appointments to the Committee. To ensure that the recommendations of the Committee have taken in account the needs of the diverse groups served by USDA, membership shall include, to the extent possible, individuals with demonstrated ability to represent minorities, women, and persons with disabilities.

Dated: September 1, 2023.

Cikena Reid,

USDA Committee Management Officer.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-010]

Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products From the People's Republic of China: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review and Final Determination of No Shipments; 2021-2022

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that the sole mandatory respondent under review sold subject merchandise at less than normal value during the period of review (POR), February 1, 2021, through January 31, 2022. Additionally, Commerce determines that Hubei Trina Solar Energy Co., Ltd. (THB) and Trina

Solar (Hefei) Science and Technology Co., Ltd. (THFT) did not ship subject merchandise during the POR.

DATES: Applicable September 8, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Krishna Hill, AD/CVD Operations, Office IV, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-4037.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On March 9, 2023, Commerce published the *Preliminary Results* of this review in the **Federal Register** and invited interested parties to comment on those results.¹ For details regarding the events that occurred subsequent to publication of the *Preliminary Results*, see the *Issues and Decision Memorandum*.² Commerce conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

Scope of the Order³

The products covered by the *Order* are certain crystalline silicon photovoltaic products (solar products) from the People's Republic of China (China). Merchandise covered by the *Order* is currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under subheadings 8501710000, 8501721000, 8501722000, 8501723000, 8501729000, 8501801000, 8501802000, 8501803000, 8501809000, 8507208031, 8507208041, 8507208061, 8507208091, 8541420010, and 8541430010. These HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes; the written description of the scope of the *Order* is dispositive.

¹ See *Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review, Partial Rescission of Antidumping Administrative Review, and Preliminary Determination of No Shipments; 2021-2022*, 88 FR 14602 (March 9, 2023) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

² See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the 2021-2022 Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products from the People's Republic of China," (Issues and Decision Memorandum), dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice.

³ See *Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products from the People's Republic of China: Antidumping Duty Order; and Amended Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Countervailing Duty Order*, 80 FR 8592 (February 18, 2015) (*Order*). For a complete description of the scope of the *Order*, see the *Issues and Decision Memorandum*.

Analysis of Comments Received

We addressed all the issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues that parties raised, and to which we responded in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, is provided in an appendix to this notice. The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance’s Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Changes Since the Preliminary Results

Based on a review of the record and comments received from interested parties regarding the *Preliminary Results*, we corrected a conversion error pertaining the truck freight surrogate value applied to solar cells⁴ and valued labor using data from the Republic of Turkey, rather than Malaysia.⁵

Final Determination of No Shipments

In the *Preliminary Results*, Commerce determined that THB and THFT did not sell or export subject merchandise to, nor was their subject merchandise entered into, the United States during the POR.⁶ Interested parties did not comment on Commerce’s “no shipments” determination. Because we have no basis to reconsider this determination, Commerce has continued to determine that THB and

THFT did not sell or export subject merchandise to, nor was their subject merchandise entered into, the United States during the POR.

Separate Rates

In the *Preliminary Results*, Commerce determined that Trina,⁷ the sole mandatory respondent under review, demonstrated its eligibility for a separate rate. Interested parties did not comment on Commerce’s separate rate determination. Because we have no basis to reconsider this determination, Commerce has continued to determine that Trina is eligible for a separate rate.

Final Results of Review

We are assigning the following weighted-average dumping margin to the firms listed below for the period February 1, 2021, through January 31, 2022:

Exporter	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)
Trina Solar (Changzhou) Science & Technology Co., Ltd./Trina Solar Co., Ltd./Yancheng Trina Guoneng Photovoltaic Technology Co., Ltd. (a.k.a. Yancheng Trina Solar Guoneng Science & Technology Co., Ltd.)/Trina Solar Yiwu Technology Co., Ltd./Trina Solar (Su Qian) Technology Co., Ltd./Trina Solar (Yancheng Dafeng) Co., Ltd./Changzhou Trina Hezhong Photoelectric Co., Ltd. (a.k.a. Changzhou Trina Hezhong PV Co., Ltd.)/Changzhou Trina Solar Yabang Energy Co., Ltd./Turpan Trina Solar Energy Co., Ltd	10.50

Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose to parties to the proceeding the calculations performed for these final results of review within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment Rates

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b), Commerce will determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise covered by the final results of this review. Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication date of the final results of this review in the

Federal Register. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (*i.e.*, within 90 days of publication).

Commerce will calculate importer-specific assessment rates for antidumping duties, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1). Trina reported reliable entered values. Thus, Commerce intends to calculate importer-specific *ad valorem* assessment rates by aggregating the amount of dumping calculated for all U.S. sales to the importer and dividing this amount by the total entered value of the merchandise sold to the importer.⁸ Where an importer-specific

ad valorem assessment rate is not zero or *de minimis*, Commerce will instruct CBP to collect the appropriate duties at the time of liquidation. However, where an importer specific *ad valorem* assessment rate is zero or *de minimis*, Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

For entries that were not reported in the U.S. sales database submitted by Trina, but that were entered under its case number (*i.e.*, at Trina’s cash deposit rate), Commerce will instruct CBP to liquidate such entries at the China-wide entity rate (*i.e.*, 152.84 percent).⁹

Additionally, for the companies that Commerce determined did not ship subject merchandise during the POR, any suspended entries under the

⁴ See Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 1.

⁵ *Id.* at Comment 5.

⁶ See *Preliminary Results* PDM at 5.

⁷ Trina refers to the single entity comprising the following companies: Trina Solar (Changzhou) Science & Technology Co., Ltd., Trina Solar Co., Ltd., Yancheng Trina Guoneng Photovoltaic Technology Co., Ltd. (a.k.a. Yancheng Trina Solar Guoneng Science & Technology Co., Ltd.), Trina Solar Yiwu Technology Co., Ltd., Trina Solar (Su Qian) Technology Co., Ltd., Trina Solar (Yancheng Dafeng) Co., Ltd., Changzhou Trina Hezhong

Photoelectric Co., Ltd. (a.k.a. Changzhou Trina Hezhong PV Co., Ltd.), Changzhou Trina Solar Yabang Energy Co., Ltd., and Turpan Trina Solar Energy Co., Ltd. Commerce determined that these companies are affiliated within the meaning of 771(33)(F) of the Act, and should be treated as a single entity, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.401(f). See *Preliminary Results* PDM at 5–6; see also Memorandum, “Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Certain Crystalline Silicon Photovoltaic Products from the People’s Republic of China: Preliminary Affiliation and Collapsing Memorandum,” dated February 28, 2023.

Commerce received no comments regarding the determination of affiliation among these companies. Accordingly, Commerce continues to find these companies are affiliated and continues to treat them as a single entity.

⁸ See 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1).

⁹ See *Order*, 80 FR at 8595; see also instructions issued to CBP following publication of the *Order*, Message Number 5061301 (listing the China-wide entity’s cash deposit rate as 152.84 percent), dated 03/02/2015, publicly available at <https://aceservices.cbp.dhs.gov/adcvdweb/#>.

company's case number will be liquidated at the China-wide entity rate.

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be in effect for all shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on, or after, the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, as provided for by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for Trina will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin that is listed for Trina in the table above; (2) for a previously investigated or reviewed exporter of subject merchandise that is not listed in the table above that has a separate rate, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the exporter's existing cash deposit rate; (3) for all China exporters of subject merchandise that do not have a separate rate, the cash deposit rate will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin assigned to the China-wide entity, which is 152.84 percent; and (4) for a non-China exporter of subject merchandise that does not have a separate rate, the cash deposit rate will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin applicable to the China exporter(s) that supplied that non-China exporter.

These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers Regarding the Reimbursement of Duties

This notice also serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during the POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties and/or antidumping duties increased by the amount of the countervailing duties.

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice also serves as a reminder to parties subject to APO of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305, which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials, or conversion to judicial

protective order, is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing these final results of administrative review and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.213(h)(2) and 351.221(b)(5).

Dated: September 1, 2023.

Lisa W. Wang,

Deputy Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

Appendix

List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the *Order*
- IV. Changes to the *Preliminary Results*
- V. Discussion of the Issues
 - Comment 1: Whether Commerce Erred in its Calculations
 - Comment 2: Whether to Adjust Trina's U.S. Prices for Domestic Subsidies
 - Comment 3: Whether to Include Additional Subsidy Programs in the Export Subsidy Offset Calculation
 - Comment 4: The Appropriate Surrogate Value for Coated Glass
 - Comment 5: The Appropriate Surrogate Value for Labor
- VI. Recommendation

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Advisory Committee

AGENCY: International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of an open meeting.

SUMMARY: The Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Advisory Committee (REEEAC or the Committee) will hold an in-person meeting, accessible to the public in-person and online, on Thursday, September 21, 2023 at the U.S. Department of Commerce in Washington, DC Registration instructions for the public to attend either in-person or online are provided below. The meeting has a limited number of spaces for members of the public to attend in-person. Requests to attend in-person will be considered on a first-come first-served basis.

DATES: Thursday September 21, 2023, from approximately 10:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. Eastern Daylight Time (EDT). Members of the public wishing to

participate must register in advance with Cora Dickson at the contact information below by 5:00 p.m. EDT on Monday, September 18, 2023, including any requests to make comments during the meeting or for accommodations or auxiliary aids.

ADDRESSES: To register, please contact Cora Dickson, Designated Federal Officer (DFO), Office of Energy and Environmental Industries (OEEI), Industry and Analysis, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce at (202) 482-6083; email: Cora.Dickson@trade.gov. In their registration, members of the public wishing to attend in-person must request in-person attendance by the firm deadline above.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Cora Dickson, DFO, Office of Energy and Environmental Industries (OEEI), Industry and Analysis, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce at (202) 482-6083; email: Cora.Dickson@trade.gov. Registered participants joining virtually will be emailed the login information for the meeting, which will be accessible as a livestream via WebEx Webinar. Registered participants joining in-person will be emailed instructions on accessing the designated meeting space.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background: The Secretary of Commerce established the REEEAC pursuant to discretionary authority and in accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. App.), on July 14, 2010. The REEEAC was re-chartered most recently on May 27, 2022. The REEEAC provides the Secretary of Commerce with advice from the private sector on the development and administration of programs and policies to expand the export competitiveness of U.S. renewable energy and energy efficiency products and services. More information about the REEEAC, including the list of appointed members for this charter, is published online at <http://trade.gov/reeeac>.

On September 21, 2023, the REEEAC will hold the fourth meeting of its current charter term. The Committee will deliberate on approval of several recommendations. The REEEAC will also be briefed on the Department of Energy's programs designed to enhance the competitiveness of the U.S. renewable energy and energy efficiency industries, and will be provided an overview of the National Export Strategy's chapter on climate and clean tech. The agenda will be made available by September 18, 2023 upon request to Cora Dickson.