

ADDRESSES: Written comments for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

The Office of Management and Budget is particularly interested in comments which:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If additional information is required contact: Kevin Donovan, 202–505–6441, kevin.donovan@mail.cisa.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) operates Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure (CVD) in partnership with industry stakeholders and community researchers alike. Through this collaboration, CISA provides technical assistance and guidance on detecting and handling security Vulnerability Disclosures, compiles, and analyzes incident information that may threaten information security. 6 U.S.C. 659(c)(1), see also 6 U.S.C. 659(c)(6) (providing for information sharing capabilities as the federal civilian interface for sharing of cybersecurity information and providing technical assistance and risk management support for both Federal Government and non-Federal Government entities). CISA is also authorized to carry out these CVD functions by 6 U.S.C. 659(n) on Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure, which authorizes CISA to, in coordination with industry and other stakeholders, may develop and adhere to DHS policies and procedures for coordinating vulnerability disclosures.

CISA is responsible for performing Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure, which may originate outside the United States Government (USG) network/ community and affect users within the USG and/or broader community or originate within the USG community and affect users both within and outside of it. Often, therefore, the effective handling of security incidents relies on information sharing among individual users, industry, and the USG, which may be facilitated by and through CISA. A dedicated form on the CISA website will allow for reporting of vulnerabilities that the reporting entity believes to be CISA Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure (CVD) eligible. Upon submission, CISA will evaluate the information provided, and then will triage through the CVD process, if all CISA scoped CVD requirements are met.

CISA received one comment during the 60-day comment period. The commentator provided comments on the reporting process and questioned the accuracy of the burden estimate to include the numbers and the terminology between the use of the word “respondents” as opposed to “response.” The same commentator inquired as to what amount of preparation if any is given to those who advise on vendor vulnerabilities.

CISA thanked the commentator on the feedback and analysis and clarified that CISA’s Vulnerability Disclosure Submission Form is an effort to improve how CISA collects vulnerability information from the public. CISA explained that the form is designed to improve CISA’s intake and triage capabilities and that the form builds upon existing processes and does not involve developing an entirely new or independent framework. As to the burden estimates, CISA explained that the estimates were derived from historical data and operational experience under CISA’s existing vulnerability coordination efforts. CISA further noted the suggested term of “responses” instead of “respondents” may better reflect number of submissions rather than unique individuals is noted and indicated the change to be incorporated into future communications on the effort to ensure clarity.

Analysis

Agency: Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA), Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

Title: Vulnerability Disclosure Submission Form.

OMB Number: 1670–NEW.

Frequency: Per report on a voluntary basis.

Affected Public: State, local, Territorial, and Tribal, International, Private Sector Partners.

Number of Respondents: 2,725.

Estimated Time Per Respondent: 0.167 hours.

Annualized Respondent Cost: \$39,536.

Total Annualized Respondent Out-of-Pocket Cost: \$0.

Total Annualized Government Cost: \$63,447.

Robert J. Costello,

Chief Information Officer, Department of Homeland Security, Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency.

[FR Doc. 2025–15887 Filed 8–19–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

[Docket No. CISA–2025–0001]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission to the Office of Management and Budget for Review and Approval; Comment Request; Speaker Request Form

AGENCY: Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA), Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

ACTION: 30-Day notice of information collection; request for comment; this is an extension of a previously approved information collection (1670–0047).

SUMMARY: The Office of the Chief External Affairs Officer (EA) within Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) submits the following information collection request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance. CISA previously published this information collection request (ICR) in the **Federal Register** on May 29, 2025 for a 60-day public comment period. Zero comments were received by CISA. The purpose of this notice is to allow additional 30-days for public comments.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until September 19, 2025. Submissions received after the deadline for receiving comments may not be considered.

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for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

The Office of Management and Budget is particularly interested in comments which:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
4. Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submissions of responses.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If additional information is required contact: Ken Bradley, 202–380–5309, Kenneth.Bradley@mail.cisa.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency Act of 2018 (Pub. L. 115–278) created the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA). CISA is responsible for protecting the Nation's critical infrastructure from physical and cyber threats. This mission requires effective coordination and collaboration from government and private sector organizations. As part of the collaboration efforts, CISA receives requests for CISA employees to give presentations and speeches at various events.

This digital collection of information is necessary to ensure an efficient and timely process to schedule outreach and engagement with CISA stakeholders. This information may be disclosed as generally permitted under 5 U.S.C. 522.

The Speaker Request Form will be the first point of contact between CISA and the public to initiate CISA speaking engagements. The form will be available on www.cisa.gov and any member of the public can submit a request for a CISA employee to speak at an event. The form will be used by CISA to track and manage external speaking engagements. The information will also be used to schedule and determine the most appropriate CISA speaker based on date, time, location, presentation format, and topic. The form collects information regarding the requested speaking

engagement, e.g., the host organization, the speaking topic, agenda, and additional event details.

The requested information helps CISA determine whether the speaker should attend the engagement and/or how CISA should best prepare for the event. The information is used to determine if accepting the request will further CISA's mission.

The CISA Speakers Bureau team will use the information to identify a speaker and route the Speakers Request Form to that person for consideration. The form will be available on www.cisa.gov as a fillable pdf and/or webform and will be submitted to the CISA External Affairs Speakers Bureau. The data collected will be stored in an internal SharePoint site.

The CISA Speaker Request Form was previously approved by OMB on July 26, 2022, and is set to expire on July 31, 2025. This is an extension of an existing information collection.

Analysis

Agency: Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA), Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

Title: Speaker Request Form.

OMB Number: 1670–0047.

Frequency: Annually.

Affected Public: State, Local, Tribal and Territorial Governments, and Public Organizations.

Number of Respondents: 1,300.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 0.25 hours.

Total Burden Hours: 325 hours.

Total Annual Burden Cost: \$14,813.60.

Total Government Burden Cost: \$26,718.16.

Robert J. Costello,

Chief Information Officer, Department of Homeland Security, Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency.

[FR Doc. 2025–15861 Filed 8–19–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[N6429; NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0040836; PPWOCRADNO–PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and

Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History (SNOMNH), has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after September 19, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Send written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to Zachary Garrett, NAGPRA Program Coordinator, Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, University of Oklahoma, 2401 Chautauqua Avenue, Norman, OK 73072–7029, email zacgarrett@ou.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of SNOMNH, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Human remains representing, at least, seven individuals have been identified. The 31 associated funerary objects are two lots of ceramic bowls, two lots of ceramic jars, two lots of ceramic pots, two lots of ceramic bottles, three lots of ceramic sherds, four lots of ceramic effigies, four lots of ground stone, three lots of chipped stone objects, two lots of beads, two lots of gorgets, one lot of faunal pins, three lots of pipes, and one lot of hematite.

These individuals and associated funerary objects were removed from multiple burial sites in Red River County-Texas, McCurtain County-Oklahoma, and other parts of northeastern TX and southeastern OK. They were removed by George T. Wright, a local landowner and collector. Wright targeted burials and was specifically interested in Caddo ceramic vessels. He worked most often in Red River and McCurtain Counties, and dug at sites he knew in the area, including the Wright Plantation site (41RR7) which he owned, and the Sam Kaufman/Coffman site (41RR16, sometimes known as the Arnold Roitsch site), which was just a few miles downstream along the Red River. The