Socata Mandatory Service Bulletin SB 70-087 57, Amendment 1, dated November 2000. The Director of the Federal Register approved this incorporation by reference under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. You may get copies from SOCATA Groupe AERÖSPATIALE, Customer Support, Aerodrome Tarbes-Ossun-Lourdes, BP 930-F65009 Tarbes Cedex, France; or the Product Support Manager, SOCATA—Groupe AEROSPATIALE, North Perry Airport, 7501 Pembroke Road, Pembroke Pines, Florida 33023. You may view copies at the FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri, or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC.

(i) Does this AD action affect any existing AD actions? This amendment supersedes AD 2001-05-03, Amendment 39-12139.

Note 2: The subject of this AD is addressed in French AD No. 2000-409(A) R1, dated September 29, 2001.

(j) When does this amendment become effective? This amendment becomes effective on June 20, 2002.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on April 29, 2002.

#### Michael Gallagher,

Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 02-11215 Filed 5-6-02; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-U

## NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

14 CFR Part 1260

RIN 2700-AC51

**NASA Grant and Cooperative** Agreement Handbook—Limitations on Incremental Funding and Deobligations on Grants, and Elimination of Delegation of Closeout of Grants and Cooperative Agreements to Office of Naval Research

**AGENCY:** National Aeronautics and Space Administration.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: This final rule amends the NASA Grant and Cooperative Agreement Handbook to revise the threshold for incrementally funding grants and to establish dollar thresholds for incremental funding and funding deobligation actions under grants. These changes will further limit the number of grants eligible to be incrementally funded and the number of incremental funding and funding deobligation actions. Additionally, this final rule eliminates the possibility of delegating closeout of grants and cooperative agreements to the Office of Naval Research (ONR). That function will be retained by NASA.

EFFECTIVE DATE: May 7, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rita Svarcas, NASA Headquarters, Code HC, Washington, DC, (202) 358-0464, e-mail: rsvarcas@hq.nasa.gov.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### A. Background

Currently, the Grant and Cooperative Agreement Handbook limits the incremental funding of grants. In spite of these restrictions, numerous incremental funding actions are being issued against grants. The high number of actions creates a workload burden for finance and procurement personnel in the Agency. This final rule further restricts the number of grants that can be incrementally funded by revising the dollar threshold that a grant must meet in order for it to be incrementally funded. An anticipated annual funding threshold of at least \$100,000 is now specified in order for a grant to be incrementally funded. It also establishes a minimum dollar threshold of \$25,000 that certain incremental funding and funding deobligation actions must meet.

Currently, section 1260.70 of the Grant and Cooperative Agreement Handbook states that NASA Centers will delegate both property administration and closeout of grants and cooperative agreements to ONR. Section 1260.77 discusses ONR tasks within the NASA closeout procedures, including certification that all required reports have been received and approved by the NASA technical officer. Both NASA and ONR were obtaining certifications. As a result, Grant Information Circular (GIC) 01-02 was issued on August 2, 2001. GIC 01-02 changed NASA's closeout policy by eliminating that specific closeout function from ONR's responsibilities. With the issuance of GIC 01-02, NASA Centers have started the process of bringing in-house the closeout function for grants and cooperative agreements. Eliminating the possibility of Centers delegating the closeout function to ONR assures that the duplication of effort (NASA and ONR) will end.

## B. Regulatory Flexibility Act

NASA certifies that this final rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities within the meaning of the Regulatory Flexibility Act, 5 U.S.C. 601 et seq. because the changes primarily affect internal procedures which will merely result in fewer, but larger dollar value, funding actions on grants.

## C. Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act does not apply because this rule does not

impose any new recordkeeping or information collection requirements, or collection of information from offerors, contractors, or members of the public that require the approval of the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. 3501, et. seq.

## List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 1260

Grant programs—science and technology.

#### Tom Luedtke,

Assistant Administrator for Procurement.

Accordingly, 14 CFR part 1260 is amended as follows:

1. The authority citation for 14 CFR 1260 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 2473(c)(1), Pub. L. 97-258, 96 Stat. 1003 (31 U.S.C. 6301 et seg.), and OMB Circular A-110.

### PART 1260—GRANTS AND **COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT**

2. In § 1260.11, revise paragraph (h) introductory text and add paragraphs (h)(3) and (h)(4) to read as follows:

## §1260.11 Evaluation and selection.

(h) NASA reserves the right to either fully fund or incrementally fund grants based on fiscal law and program considerations. Grants with anticipated annual funding exceeding \$100,000 may be funded for less than the amount stated in the proposal. On an exception basis, and with the concurrence of the installation comptroller, the procurement officer may allow individual grants with anticipated annual funding between \$50,000 and \$100,000 to be funded for less than the amount stated in the proposal. The procurement officer shall maintain a record of all such approvals during the fiscal year.

(3) Unless the action is necessary to fully fund a grant, incremental funding actions totaling less than \$25,000 shall not be issued.

(4) Unless the action is necessary to close out a grant or to make a corrective accounting adjustment, funding actions to deobligate funds totaling less than \$25,000 shall not be issued.

3. In § 1260.70, amend paragraph (a) introductory text, paragraphs (a)(3) and (a)(4), and paragraph (b) to read as follows:

\* \*

## §1260.70 Delegation of administration.

(a) In most cases, property administration of NASA grants and cooperative agreements will be delegated to the Office of Naval

Research (ONR). Other administration duties may be assigned as listed on NF 1674. Exceptions to this policy are:

\* \* \* \* \* \*

- (3) Grant officers may waive specific administration requirements (as listed on NF 1674) in exceptional circumstances for individual grants. Exceptions to administration duties that are normally delegated must be justified and approved in writing by the Grant Officer, and made part of the file.
- (4) Waiver of delegation of property administration duties that are to be instituted by a center as a standard practice constitutes a deviation to this handbook, and requires approval in accordance with § 1260.7.
- (b) Grant and cooperative agreement administration delegations will be made by use of NF 1674 (Exhibit F to subpart A of this part 1260). When administration duties have been assigned to ONR, the NF 1674, the award document, and the approved budget will be sent to ONR in a single package (electronically, when possible).
- 4. In § 1260.77, revise paragraphs (b), (c), (d) introductory text and (d)(1) through (3) to read as follows:

## § 1260.77 Closeout procedures.

- (b) Those who are designated to receive NASA reports (except for CASI, which only acknowledges receipt) must provide certification to the NASA grant officer that the reports have been received and satisfactorily completed. Electronic certifications are acceptable. See §§ 1260.75 and 1260.171(a). The property certification should indicate that disposal of any remaining Government property has been made as directed and that NASA has been compensated for any residual inventory.
- (c) When ONR has been delegated grant and cooperative agreement administration duties as listed on the NF 1674, and has completed its actions, the NASA grant officer is to receive from ONR all of the following:
- (1) For notification of the completion of property administration duties, a DD Form 1593 Contract Administration Completion Record (or equivalent electronic notification), without supporting or backup documents, indicating property administration is complete.
- (2) For other administration duties, an electronic notification confirming that all assigned administration duties have been completed is sufficient. Although a DD Form 1594 is not required, ONR may use this form if they choose.

- (d) A grant is administratively complete and ready for closeout by NASA when:
- (1) Property disposition has been completed.
- (2) The grant officer has obtained from the NASA technical officer certifications that all reports have been received.
- (3) When administration duties have been delegated to ONR, an electronic notification confirming the completion of all assigned administration duties has been received. Although not required, a DD Form 1594 may be used by ONR in lieu of the electronic notification.

\* \* \* \* \* \* [FR Doc. 02–11167 Filed 5–6– 8:45am] BILLING CODE 7510–01–P

## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Food and Drug Administration

#### 21 CFR Part 558

New Animal Drugs for Use in Animal Feeds; Bacitracin Methylene Disalicylate and Robenidine Hydrochloride

**AGENCY:** Food and Drug Administration, HHS.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Food and Drug
Administration (FDA) is amending the
animal drug regulations to reflect
approval of a new animal drug
application (NADA) filed by Alpharma,
Inc. The NADA provides for use of
approved single-ingredient bacitracin
methylene disalicylate (BMD) and
robenidine hydrochloride Type A
medicated articles to make two-way
combination Type C medicated broiler
and fryer chicken feeds used for
prevention of coccidiosis, and as an aid
in the prevention or control of necrotic
enteritis.

**DATES:** This rule is effective May 7, 2002.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Steven D. Vaughn, Center for Veterinary Medicine (HFV–130), Food and Drug Administration, 7500 Standish Pl., Rockville, MD 20855, 301–827–7584, e-mail: svaughn@cvm.fda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Alpharma, Inc., One Executive Dr., P.O. Box 1399, Fort Lee, NJ 07024, filed NADA 141–154 that provides for use of BMD (10, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, or 75 grams per pound (g/lb) BMD) and ROBENZ (30 g/lb robenidine hydrochloride) Type A medicated articles to make two-way combination Type C medicated feeds containing 30

g/ton robenidine hydrochloride and 50 or 100 to 200 g/ton BMD for use in broiler and fryer chickens.

The combination Type C medicated feeds containing 50 g/ton BMD are used for prevention of coccidiosis caused by Eimeria tenella, E. necatrix, E. acervulina, E. brunetti, E. mivati, and E. maxima, and as an aid in the prevention of necrotic enteritis caused or complicated by *Clostridium* spp. or other organisms susceptible to bacitracin. The combination Type C medicated feeds containing 100 to 200 g/ton BMD are used for prevention of coccidiosis caused E. tenella, E. necatrix, E. acervulina, E. brunetti, E. mivati, and E. maxima, and as an aid in the control of necrotic enteritis caused or complicated by *Clostridium* spp. or other organisms susceptible to bacitracin. NADA 141-154 is approved as of February 11, 2002, and the regulations are amended in 21 CFR 558.515 to reflect the approval. The basis of approval is discussed in the freedom of information summary.

In accordance with the freedom of information provisions of 21 CFR part 20 and 514.11(e)(2)(ii), a summary of safety and effectiveness data and information submitted to support approval of this application may be seen in the Dockets Management Branch (HFA–305), Food and Drug Administration, 5630 Fishers Lane, rm. 1061, Rockville, MD 20852, between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday.

The agency has determined under 21 CFR 25.33(a)(2) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

This rule does not meet the definition of "rule" in 5 U.S.C. 804(3)(A) because it is a rule of "particular applicability." Therefore, it is not subject to the congressional review requirements in 5 U.S.C. 801–808.

## List of Subjects in 21 CFR Part 558

Animal drugs, Animal feeds.

Therefore, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and under the authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and redelegated to the Center for Veterinary Medicine, 21 CFR part 558 is amended as follows:

# PART 558—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS FOR USE IN ANIMAL FEEDS

1. The authority citation for 21 CFR part 558 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 360b, 371.