

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before November 6, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, referencing by Docket ID No. EPA-HQ-OLEM-2019-0558, at <https://www.regulations.gov> (our preferred method), or by mail to: EPA Docket Center, Environmental Protection Agency, Mail Code 28221T, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460. EPA's policy is that all comments received will be included in the public docket without change including any personal information provided, unless the comment includes profanity, threats, information claimed to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Peggy Vyas, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460; telephone number: 202-566-0453; vyas.peggy@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a proposed extension of the ICR, which is currently approved through April 30, 2024. An agency may not conduct or sponsor and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

This notice allows 60 days for public comments. Supporting documents, which explain in detail the information that the EPA will be collecting, are available in the public docket for this ICR. The docket can be viewed online at www.regulations.gov or in person at the EPA Docket Center, WJC West, Room 3334, 1301 Constitution Ave. NW, Washington, DC. The telephone number for the Docket Center is 202-566-1744. For additional information about EPA's public docket, visit <http://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

Pursuant to section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA, EPA is soliciting comments and information to enable it to: (i) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (ii) evaluate the accuracy of the Agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (iii) enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (iv) minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate forms of information technology. EPA will consider the comments received and

amend the ICR as appropriate. The final ICR package will then be submitted to OMB for review and approval. At that time, EPA will issue another **Federal Register** notice to announce the submission of the ICR to OMB and the opportunity to submit additional comments to OMB.

Abstract: Section 3002 of RCRA requires hazardous waste generators to report, at least every 2 years, the quantity and nature of hazardous waste generated and managed during that reporting cycle. Section 3004 requires treatment, storage, and disposal facilities (TSDFs) to report any waste received. This is mandatory reporting. The information is collected via the Hazardous Waste Report (EPA Form 8700-13 A/B). This form is also known as the "Biennial Report" form.

Section 3010 of RCRA requires any person who generates or transports regulated waste or who owns or operates a facility for the treatment, storage, or disposal of regulated waste to notify the EPA of their activities, including the location and general description of activities and the regulated wastes handled. The entity is then issued an EPA Identification number. Entities use the Notification Form (EPA Form 8700-12) to notify EPA of their hazardous waste activities. This form is also known as the "Notification" form.

Section 3005 of RCRA requires TSDFs to obtain a permit. To obtain the permit, the TSDF must submit an application describing the facility's operation. The RCRA Hazardous Waste Part A Permit Application form (EPA Form 8700-23) defines the processes to be used for treatment, storage, and disposal of hazardous wastes; the design capacity of such processes; and the specific hazardous wastes to be handled at the facility. This form is also known as the "Part A" form.

Form Numbers: EPA form numbers 8700-12, 8700-13A/B, and 8700-23.

Respondents/affected entities: Business or other for-profit as well as State, local, or Tribal governments.

Respondent's obligation to respond: Mandatory (RCRA Sections 3002, 3304, 3005, 3010).

Estimated number of respondents: 66,504.

Frequency of response: Biennially and on occasion.

Total estimated burden: 809,382 hours per year. Burden is defined at 5 CFR 1320.03(b).

Total estimated cost: \$402,545 (per year), includes \$343,016 annualized capital or operation & maintenance costs.

Changes in Estimates: The burden hours are likely to stay substantially the same.

Dated: August 31, 2023.

Carolyn Hoskinson,

Director, Office of Resource Conservation and Recovery.

[FR Doc. 2023-19178 Filed 9-5-23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Savings and Loan Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act ("Act") (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and of the Board's Regulation LL (12 CFR 238.31) to acquire shares of a savings and loan holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the notices are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at <https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/request.htm>. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in paragraph 7 of the Act.

Comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20551-0001, not later than September 21, 2023.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City Jeffrey Ingarten, Assistant Vice President, One Memorial Drive, Kansas City, Missouri 64198, Comments can also be sent electronically to KCAApplicationComments@kc.frb.org:

1. **Kathryn R. Ryan, Cherry Hills Village, Colorado, and Martha E. Records, Denver, Colorado;** to become co-trustees of the George J. and Nancy J. Records 1990 Irrevocable Trust;

Todd A. Dobson, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; to become trustee or co-trustee of the Kathryn R. Ryan 2012 Family Trust, Kathryn R. Ryan 2020 Family Trust, and Martha E. Records 2020 Family Trust;

Raymond Kido, Paradise Valley, Arizona, and Anat Bird, Scottsdale, Arizona; to become co-trustees of the G. Jeffrey Records, Jr. 2003 Family Trust; G. Jeffrey Records, Jr. 2004 Family Trust (KRR); G. Jeffrey Records, Jr. 2004 Family Trust (MER); G. Jeffrey Records, Jr. 2008 GST Exempt Family Trust; and 2012 Dorchester Trust; and

Anat Bird; to also become co-trustee of the G. Jeffrey Records, Jr. 2020 Family Trust.

As a result, each of the above-listed individuals would indirectly acquire control of voting shares of Midland Financial Co. and thereby indirectly acquire control of voting shares of Midfirst Bank, both of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Michele Taylor Fennell,

Deputy Associate Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2023–19196 Filed 9–5–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210–01–P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (“PRA”), the Federal Trade Commission (“FTC” or “Commission”) is seeking public comments on its proposal to seek Office of Management and Budget (“OMB”) clearance for information collection requirements contained in the Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, which requires the FTC to review plans for the rotation of health warnings on cigarette packaging and advertising. The proposed clearance request will be submitted to OMB for review following this opportunity for public comment. The current clearance expires on January 31, 2024, and the FTC intends to seek OMB renewal for three years.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before November 6, 2023.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may file a comment online or on paper, by following the instructions in the Request for Comment part of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section below. Write: “Surgeon General’s Cigarette Health Warnings: Paperwork Comment, FTC File No. P854505” on your comment, and file your comment online at <https://www.regulations.gov> by following the instructions on the web-

based form. If you prefer to file your comment on paper, mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Suite CC–5610 (Annex J), Washington, DC 20580.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Shira Modell, General Attorney, Division of Advertising Practices, Bureau of Consumer Protection, (202) 725–2162, smodell@ftc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

A. Background

The Federal Cigarette Labeling and Advertising Act, 15 U.S.C. 1331 *et seq.* (2006 ed.) (“FCLAA”), prohibits cigarette manufacturers and importers from manufacturing, packaging, importing for sale, or distributing cigarettes within the United States unless the packages bear one of four statutorily-prescribed Surgeon General’s health warnings. 15 U.S.C. 1333(a). Cigarette advertising by any of these entities must also bear statutorily-prescribed health warnings. *Id.* Section 1333(b) sets forth the location and format requirements for the health warnings on both packaging and advertising.

The FCLAA further provides that the health warnings “shall be rotated by each manufacturer or importer . . . quarterly in alternating sequence on packages of each brand of cigarettes manufactured by the manufacturer or importer and in the advertisements for each such brand of cigarettes in accordance with a plan submitted by the manufacturer or importer and approved by the Federal Trade Commission.” 15 U.S.C. 1333(c)(1).

The FCLAA does provide an alternative to the requirement of quarterly rotation on cigarette packaging for manufacturers and importers whose sales satisfy two criteria.¹ These manufacturers and importers can seek approval to display the Surgeon General’s warnings on a particular cigarette brand style² “an equal number of times within the twelve-month period beginning on the date of the approval by the Commission of the application” (hereinafter referred to as “equalization”). 15 U.S.C. 1333(c)(2)(C). In order to qualify for equalization, the

sales of a manufacturer or importer must meet the following two criteria:

(i) the number of cigarettes of such brand style sold in the fiscal year of the manufacturer or importer preceding the submission of the application is less than one-fourth of 1 percent of all the cigarettes sold in the United States in such year, and

(ii) more than one-half of the cigarettes manufactured or imported by such manufacturer or importer for sale in the United States are packaged into brand styles which meet the requirements of clause (i).

15 U.S.C. 1333(c)(2)(A). A manufacturer or importer can seek permission to equalize the display of the warnings on some of its brand styles, even if other brand styles do not qualify for equalization and are therefore subject to quarterly rotation.

Pursuant to the FCLAA, cigarette manufacturers and importers submit plans to the Commission explaining how they intend to comply with the statutory requirement to display the Surgeon General’s warnings on their packaging.³ If the company will be rotating the warnings on a quarterly basis, its plan must identify each of its brands and brand styles and include a schedule (or other explanation) showing the warning that will be assigned to each brand during each quarter of the year. The company must also specify when in the manufacturing process it will consult its rotation schedule for that particular brand in order to assign the appropriate quarterly warning.

If the company wishes to use the option provided by section 1333(c)(2) and display the four warnings an equal number of times during the year on the packaging of certain brand styles, its plan must provide information sufficient to show that its sales satisfy both of the criteria in 15 U.S.C. 1333(c)(2)(A). It must also explain how it will ensure that all four warnings will be equally displayed during the one-year period beginning on the date the plan is approved—for example, by using printing plates that produce an even number of all four warnings simultaneously on each print run. Finally, because the statute authorizes approval for equalization only for one year, *see* 15 U.S.C. 1333(c)(2)(C), the

³ Manufacturers and importers must also submit samples of actual packaging for any new cigarette brands or brand styles, or samples of new packaging for existing brands or brand styles. However, this requirement is not subject to clearance under the Paperwork Reduction Act (“PRA”). Such packaging samples do not constitute “information” for purposes of the PRA because they merely constitute “samples of . . . physical objects.” *See* 5 CFR 1320.3(h)(2). Accordingly, the burden associated with the submission of any such samples is not reflected in the Commission’s burden analysis below.

¹ There is no comparable alternative to quarterly rotation for cigarette advertising.

² The statute defines “brand style” as “a variety of cigarettes distinguished by the tobacco used, tar and nicotine content, flavoring used, size of the cigarette, filtration on the cigarette, or packaging.” 15 U.S.C. 1332(8).