C. Definitions of Key Terms

Census Block: A geographic area bounded by visible and/or invisible features shown on a map prepared by the Census Bureau. A census block is the smallest geographic entity for which the Census Bureau tabulates decennial census data.

Census Designated Place (CDP): A statistical geographic entity encompassing a concentration of population, housing, and commercial structures that is clearly identifiable by a single name, but is not within an incorporated place. CDPs are the statistical counterparts of incorporated places for distinct unincorporated communities.

Census Tract: A small, relatively permanent statistical geographic subdivision of a county or county equivalent defined for the tabulation and publication of Census Bureau data. The primary goal of the census tract program is to provide a set of nationally consistent small, statistical geographic units, with stable boundaries that facilitate analysis of data across time.

Contiguous: Refers to two or more areas sharing common boundaries.

Core Based Statistical Area (CBSA): A statistical geographic entity defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget, consisting of the county or counties or equivalent entities associated with at least one core of at least 10,000 population, plus adjacent counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the core as measured through commuting ties with the counties containing the core. Metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas are the two types of core based statistical areas.

Enclave: An area with population or housing unit density lower than the minimum for qualification that is completely surrounded by area already qualified for inclusion as urban.

Exempted Territory: Pre-existing land cover that offsets the pattern of urban development.

Group Quarters (GQs): A place where people live or stay, in a group living arrangement that is owned or managed by an entity or organization providing housing and/or services for the residents. These services may include custodial or medical care, as well as other types of assistance, and residency is commonly restricted to those receiving these services. This is not a typical household-type living arrangement. People living in GQs are usually not related to each other. GQs include such facilities as college residence halls, residential treatment centers, skilled nursing facilities, group

homes, military barracks, correctional facilities, and workers' dormitories.

Impervious Surface: Paved, man-made surfaces, such as roads, parking lots, and rooftops.

Indentation: Areas that are partially enveloped by, and likely to be affected by and integrated with, an already qualified urban territory.

Incorporated Place: A type of governmental unit, incorporated under state law as a city, town (except in New England, New York, and Wisconsin), borough (except in Alaska and New York), or village, generally to provide specific governmental services for a concentration of people within legally prescribed boundaries.

Metropolitan Statistical Area: A core based statistical area associated with at least one urban area that has a population of at least 50,000. The metropolitan statistical area comprises the central county or counties or equivalent entities containing the core, plus adjacent outlying counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the central county or counties as measured through commuting.

Micropolitan Statistical Area: A core based statistical area associated with at least one urban area that has a population of at least 10,000, but less than 50,000. The micropolitan statistical area comprises the central county or counties or equivalent entities containing the core, plus adjacent outlying counties having a high degree of social and economic integration with the central county or counties as measured through commuting.

Minor Civil Division (MCD): The primary governmental or administrative division of a county or equivalent entity in 29 states and the Island Areas having legal boundaries, names, and descriptions. MCDs represent many different types of legal entities with a wide variety of characteristics, powers, and functions depending on the state and type of MCD. In some states, some or all of the incorporated places also constitute MCDs.

New England City and Town Area (NECTA): A statistical geographic entity that is delineated by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget based on county subdivisions—usually cities and towns. NECTAs are defined using the same criteria as county-based CBSAs, and, similar to CBSAs, NECTAs are categorized as metropolitan or micropolitan.

Noncontiguous: Two or more areas that do not share common boundaries, such that the areas are separated by intervening territory.

Rural: Territory not defined as urban.

Topologically Integrated Geographic Encoding and Referencing (TIGER):
Database developed by the Census Bureau to support its mapping needs for the decennial census and other Census Bureau programs. The topological structure of the TIGER database defines the location and relationship of boundaries, streets, rivers, railroads, and other features to each other and to the numerous geographic areas for which the Census Bureau tabulates data from its censuses and surveys.

Urban: Generally, densely developed territory, encompassing residential, commercial, and other non-residential urban land uses within which social and economic interactions occur.

Urban Area Core: Continuous area qualified as urban prior to the application of the hop and jump criteria.

Urban Cluster: A statistical geographic entity consisting of a densely settled core created from census tracts or blocks and contiguous qualifying territory that together have at least 2,500 persons but fewer than 50,000 persons.

Urbanized Area: A statistical geographic entity consisting of a densely settled core created from census tracts or blocks and adjacent densely settled territory that together have a minimum population of 50,000 people.

Ron S. Jarmin, Acting Director, Bureau of the Census, approved the publication of this Notice in the **Federal Register**.

Authority: Title 13, U.S.C., Chapter V.

Dated: February 16, 2021.

Sheleen Dumas,

Department PRA Clearance Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Commerce Department.

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board [B-62-2020]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 266—Dane County, Wisconsin; Authorization of Production Activity; Coating Place, Inc. (Pharmaceuticals); Verona, Wisconsin

On October 16, 2020, Coating Place, Inc. submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board for its facility within FTZ 266, in Verona, Wisconsin.

The notification was processed in accordance with the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR part 400), including notice in the **Federal Register** inviting public comment (85 FR 67709, October 26, 2020). On February 16, 2021, the

applicant was notified of the FTZ Board's decision that no further review of the activity is warranted at this time. The production activity described in the notification was authorized, subject to the FTZ Act and the FTZ Board's regulations, including Section 400.14.

Dated: February 16, 2021.

Elizabeth Whiteman,

Acting Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2021–03399 Filed 2–18–21; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [C-570-116, C-428-848, C-533-894, C-475-841]

Forged Steel Fluid End Blocks From the People's Republic of China, the Federal Republic of Germany, India, and Italy: Correction to Countervailing Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) is correcting the orders for the countervailing duty (CVD) investigations on forged steel fluid end blocks (FEBs) from the People's Republic of China (China), the Federal

Republic of Germany (Germany), India, and Italy.

DATES: Applicable February 19, 2021. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jaron Moore at (202) 482-3640 or Janae Martin at (202) 482-0238 (China); Joseph Dowling at (202) 482–1646 or Robert Palmer at (202) 482-9068 (Germany); William Langley at (202) 482-3861 or Nicholas Czajkowski at (202) 482–1395 (India); and Konrad Ptaszynski at (202) 482–6187 or Nicholas Czajkowski at (202) 482-1395 (Italy); AD/CVD Operations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On January 29, 2021, Commerce published orders for the CVD investigations on FEBs from China, Germany, India, and Italy and an amended final determination for the CVD investigation on FEBs from China. Commerce is correcting the *Orders* to include the names of the cross-owned affiliates of certain companies which were inadvertently omitted from the *Orders*.

Correction to the Orders

We are correcting the *Orders* to reflect that the net countervailable subsidy rates in the *Orders* are also applicable to the cross-owned companies of certain companies as reflected in the charts below.

Suspension of Liquidation and Cash Deposits

In accordance with section 706 of the Act, Commerce will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to reinstitute the suspension of liquidation of FEBs from China, Germany, India, and Italy, as described in the appendix to this notice, effective on the date of publication of the International Trade Commission's (ITC's) notice of final determination in the Federal Register, and to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, pursuant to section 706(a)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), countervailing duties for each entry of the subject merchandise in an amount based on the net countervailable subsidy rates for the subject merchandise as stated in the charts below. On or after the date of publication of the ITC's final injury determination in the Federal Register, CBP must require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties on this merchandise, a cash deposit equal to the rates stated in the charts below. The all-others rate applies to all producers or exporters not specifically listed below.

Exporter/producer	Subsidy rate (percent)
China: Nanjing Develop Advanced Manufacturing Co., Ltd²	16.80 19.88 337.07

¹ See Forged Steel Fluid End Blocks From the People's Republic of China, the Federal Republic of Germany, India, and Italy: Countervailing Duty Orders, and Amended Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination for the People's Republic of China, 85 FR 7535 (January 29, 2021) (Orders).

Bicomet S.p.A.; and Setrans SrL. The names of these companies were also inadvertently omitted from the final determination notice. See Forged Steel Fluid End Blocks from Italy: Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, 85 FR 80022 (December 11, 2020) (Italy Final Determination), and accompanying IDM. They were listed in the preliminary determination notice, and there were no changes which impacted this cross-ownership determination for the final determination. See Forged Steel Fluid End Blocks from Italy: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, and Alignment of Final Determination With Final Antidumping Duty Determination, 85 FR 31460, 31461 (May 26, 2020) (Italy Prelim Determination); see also Italy Final Determination IDM at 3.

⁸Commerce has found the following companies to be cross-owned with Metalcam S.p.A.: Adamello Meccanica S.r.l.; and B.S. S.r.l. The names of these companies were also inadvertently omitted from the final determination notice. See Italy Final Determination IDM. They were listed in the preliminary determination notice, and there were no changes which impacted this cross-ownership determination for the final determination. See Italy Frelim Determination, 85 FR at 31461; see also Italy Final Determination IDM at 3.

²Commerce has found the following company to be cross-owned with Nanjing Develop Advanced Manufacturing Co., Ltd.: Nanjing Develop Industrial and Commercial Co., Ltd. See Forged Steel Fluid End Blocks from the People's Republic of China: Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, 85 FR 80020, 80021 (December 11, 2020) (China Final Determination).

³Commerce has found the following companies to be cross-owned with Shanghai Qinghe Machinery Co., Ltd.: Haimo Technologies Group Corp.; and Lanzhou Chenglin Oil Drilling Equipment Co., Ltd. See China Final Determination, 85 FR at 80021.

⁴Commerce found the following companies to be cross-owned with BGH Edelstahl Siegen GmbH: Boschgotthardshütte O. Breyer GmbH; BGH Edelstahlwerke GmbH, Rohstoff-, Press- und Schneidbetrieb Siegen GmbH; and SRG Schrott und Recycling GmbH. See Forged Steel Fluid End Blocks from the Federal Republic of Germany: Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, 85

FR 80011, 80012 (December 11, 2020) (Germany Final Determination).

⁵ Commerce found the following companies to be cross-owned with Schmiedewerke Gröditz GmbH: GMH Schmiedetechnik GmbH; Georgsmarienhütte Holding GmbH; and GHM Recycling GmbH. See Germany Final Determination, 85 FR at 80012.

⁶ Commerce found the following company to be cross-owned with Bharat Forge Limited: Saarloha Advanced Materials Private Limited. The name of this company was also inadvertently omitted from the final determination notice. See Forged Steel Fluid End Blocks from India: Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, 85 FR 79999 (December 11, 2020) (India Final Determination), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum (IDM). It was listed in the preliminary determination notice, and there were no changes which impacted this cross-ownership determination for the final determination. See Forged Steel Fluid End Blocks from India: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, and Alignment of Final Determination With Final Antidumping Duty Determination, 85 FR 31452, 31453 (May 26, 2020); see also India Final Determination IDM at 3.

⁷Commerce has found the following companies to be cross-owned with Lucchini Mame Forge S.p.A.: Lucchini RS S.p.A.; Lucchini Industries;