

identification number or foreign country equivalent, passport number, financial account number, or credit or debit card number. You are also solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive health information, like medical records or other individually identifiable health information. In addition, do not include any “[t]rade secret or any commercial or financial information which is . . . privileged or confidential” as provided in Section 6(f) of the FTC Act 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 4.10(a)(2), 16 CFR 4.10(a)(2). In particular, do not include competitively sensitive information such as costs, sales statistics, inventories, formulas, patterns, devices, manufacturing processes, or customer names.

If you want the Commission to give your comment confidential treatment, you must file it in paper form, with a request for confidential treatment, and you have to follow the procedure explained in FTC Rule 4.9(c).¹⁶ Your comment will be kept confidential only if the FTC General Counsel grants your request in accordance with the law and the public interest. Once your comment is posted, as legally required by FTC Rule 4.9(b), we cannot redact or remove your comment from the FTC’s public record, including the FTC’s Web site, unless you submit a confidentiality request that meets the requirements for such treatment under FTC Rule 4.9(c), and the General Counsel grants that request in accordance with the law and the public interest, as explained above.

Postal mail addressed to the Commission is subject to delay due to heightened security screening. As a result, we encourage you to submit your comments online. To make sure that the Commission considers your online comment, you must file it at <https://ftcpublic.commentworks.com/ftc/funeralrulepra>, by following the instructions on the web-based form. If this Notice appears at <http://www.regulations.gov/#/home>, you also may file a comment through that Web site.

If you file your comment on paper, write “Funeral Rule PRA Comment: FTC File No. P084401” on your comment and on the envelope, and mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Suite CC–5610 (Annex J), Washington, DC 20580, or deliver your

comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, Constitution Center, 400 7th Street SW., 5th Floor, Suite 5610 (Annex J), Washington, DC 20024. If possible, submit your paper comment to the Commission by courier or overnight service.

The FTC Act and other laws that the Commission administers permit the collection of public comments to consider and use in this proceeding as appropriate. The Commission will consider all timely and responsive public comments that it receives on or before May 5, 2017. For information on the Commission’s privacy policy, including routine uses permitted by the Privacy Act, see <http://www.ftc.gov/ftc/privacy.htm>.

David C. Shonka,

Acting General Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2017–04289 Filed 3–3–17; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750–01–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality

Supplemental Evidence and Data Request on Effects of Dietary Sodium and Potassium Intake on Chronic Disease Outcomes and Related Risk Factors

AGENCY: Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ), HHS.

ACTION: Request for Supplemental Evidence and Data Submissions.

SUMMARY: The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality (AHRQ) is seeking scientific information submissions from the public. Scientific information is being solicited to inform our review of *Effects of Dietary Sodium and Potassium Intake on Chronic Disease Outcomes and Related Risk Factors*, which is currently being conducted by the AHRQ’s Evidence-based Practice Centers (EPC) Program. Access to published and unpublished pertinent scientific information will improve the quality of this review. AHRQ is conducting this systematic review pursuant to Section 902(a) of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C. 299a(a). **DATES:** *Submission Deadline* on or before April 5, 2017.

ADDRESSES: *Email submissions:* SEADS@epc-src.org.

Print submissions: Mailing Address: Portland VA Research Foundation, Scientific Resource Center, ATTN: Scientific Information Packet

Coordinator, P.O. Box 69539, Portland, OR 97239.

Shipping Address (FedEx, UPS, etc.): Portland VA Research Foundation, Scientific Resource Center, ATTN: Scientific Information Packet Coordinator, 3710 SW U.S. Veterans Hospital Road, Mail Code: R&D 71, Portland, OR 97239.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Ryan McKenna, Telephone: 503–220–8262 ext. 51723 or Email: SEADS@epc-src.org.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality has commissioned the Evidence-based Practice Centers (EPC) Program to complete a review of the evidence for *Effects of Dietary Sodium and Potassium Intake on Chronic Disease Outcomes and Related Risk Factors*.

The EPC Program is dedicated to identifying as many studies as possible that are relevant to the questions for each of its reviews. In order to do so, we are supplementing the usual manual and electronic database searches of the literature by requesting information from the public (e.g., details of studies conducted). We are looking for studies that report on *Effects of Dietary Sodium and Potassium Intake on Chronic Disease Outcomes and Related Risk Factors*, including those that describe adverse events. The entire research protocol, including the key questions, is also available online at: <https://www.effectivehealthcare.AHRQ.gov/index.cfm/search-for-guides-reviews-and-reports/?pageaction=displayproduct&productid=2428>.

This is to notify the public that the EPC Program would find the following information on *Effects of Dietary Sodium and Potassium Intake on Chronic Disease Outcomes and Related Risk Factors* helpful:

- A list of completed studies that your organization has sponsored for this indication. In the list, please indicate whether results are available on ClinicalTrials.gov along with the ClinicalTrials.gov trial number.

- For completed studies that do not have results on ClinicalTrials.gov, please provide a summary, including the following elements: Study number; study period; design, methodology; indication and diagnosis; proper use instructions; inclusion and exclusion criteria; primary and secondary outcomes; baseline characteristics; number of patients screened, eligible, enrolled, lost to follow up, withdrawn, and analyzed; as well as effectiveness and efficacy, and safety results.

- A list of ongoing studies that your organization has sponsored for this

¹⁶ In particular, the written request for confidential treatment that accompanies the comment must include the factual and legal basis for the request, and must identify the specific portions of the comment to be withheld from the public record. See FTC Rule 4.9(c), 16 CFR 4.9(c).

indication. In the list, please provide the *ClinicalTrials.gov* trial number or, if the trial is not registered, the protocol for the study including a study number, the study period, design, methodology, indication and diagnosis, proper use instructions, inclusion and exclusion criteria, and primary and secondary outcomes.

- Description of whether the above studies constitute ALL Phase II and above clinical trials sponsored by your organization for this indication and an index outlining the relevant information in each submitted file.

Your contribution will be very beneficial to the EPC Program. The contents of all submissions will be made available to the public upon request. Materials submitted must be publicly available or able to be made public. Materials that are considered confidential; marketing materials; study types not included in the review; or information on indications not included in the review cannot be used by the EPC Program. This is a voluntary request for information, and all costs for complying with this request must be borne by the submitter.

The draft of this review will be posted on AHRQ's EPC Program Web site and available for public comment for a period of 4 weeks. If you would like to be notified when the draft is posted, please sign up for the email list at: <https://www.effectivehealthcare.ahrq.gov/index.cfm/join-the-email-list1/>.

The systematic review will answer the following questions. This information is provided as background. AHRQ is not requesting that the public provide answers to these questions.

The Key Questions

Sodium

1. Among adults and children of all age groups (including both sexes and pregnant and lactating women), what is the effect (benefits and harms) of interventions to reduce dietary sodium intake on blood pressure at the time of the study and in later life?

I. Do other minerals (*e.g.*, potassium, calcium, magnesium) modify the effect of sodium?

II. Among subpopulations defined by sex, race/ethnicity, age (children, adolescents, young adults, older adults, elderly), and for women (pregnancy and lactation).

III. Among subpopulations defined by hypertension, diabetes, and obesity health status.

2. Among adults and children, what is the association between dietary sodium intake and blood pressure?

I. Among subpopulations defined by sex, race/ethnicity and age (children, adolescents, young adults, older adults, elderly).

II. Among subpopulations defined by hypertension, diabetes, and obesity health status.

3. Among adults, what is the effect (benefits and harms) of interventions to reduce dietary sodium intake on cardiovascular disease (CVD) and kidney disease morbidity and mortality and on total mortality?

I. Do other minerals (*e.g.*, potassium, calcium, magnesium) modify the effect of sodium?

II. Among subpopulations defined by sex, race/ethnicity, age (adults, older adults, elderly), and for women (pregnancy and lactation).

III. Among subpopulations defined by hypertension, diabetes, obesity and renal health status.

4. Among adults, what is the association between dietary sodium intake and CVD, coronary heart disease (CHD), stroke and kidney disease morbidity and mortality and between dietary sodium intake and total mortality?

I. Do other minerals (*e.g.*, potassium, calcium, magnesium) modify the association with sodium?

II. Among subpopulations defined by sex, race/ethnicity, age (adults, older adults, elderly), and for women (pregnancy and lactation).

III. Among subpopulations defined by hypertension, diabetes, obesity and renal health status.

Potassium

5. Among children and adults, what is the effect of interventions to increase potassium intake on blood pressure and kidney stone formation?

I. Do other minerals (*e.g.*, sodium, calcium, magnesium) modify the effect of potassium?

II. Among subpopulations defined by sex, race/ethnicity, age (children, adolescents, young adults, older adults, elderly), and for women (pregnancy and lactation).

III. Among subpopulations defined by hypertension, diabetes, obesity and renal health status.

6. Among children and adults, what is the association between potassium intake and blood pressure and kidney stone formation?

I. Among subpopulations defined by sex, race/ethnicity, and age (children, adolescents, young adults, older adults, elderly).

II. Among subpopulations defined by hypertension, diabetes, and obesity health status.

7. Among adults, what is the effect of interventions aimed at increasing

potassium intake on CVD, and kidney disease morbidity and mortality, and total mortality?

I. Do other minerals modify the effect of potassium (*e.g.*, sodium, calcium, magnesium)?

II. Among subpopulations defined by sex, race/ethnicity, age (young adults, older adults, elderly), and for women (pregnancy and lactation).

III. Among subpopulations defined by hypertension, diabetes, obesity and renal health status.

8. Among adults, what is the association between dietary potassium intake and CVD, CHD, stroke and kidney disease morbidity and mortality and between dietary potassium and total mortality?

I. Do other minerals (*e.g.*, sodium, calcium, magnesium) modify the association with potassium?

II. Among subpopulations defined by sex, race/ethnicity, age (young adults, older adults, elderly), and for women (pregnancy and lactation).

III. Among subpopulations defined by hypertension, diabetes, and obesity health status.

PICOTS (Populations, Interventions, Comparators, Outcomes, Timing, Settings)

Key Question 1

I. Population

A. Studies in human participants will be eligible for inclusion in the review, with the exception of studies exclusively reporting on patients with end stage renal disease, heart failure, HIV, or cancer.

II. Interventions

A. Studies evaluating interventions to reduce dietary sodium intake that specify the oral consumption from food or supplements of quantified amounts of sodium and sodium chloride (salt) or sodium-to-potassium ratio will be eligible, with the exception of trial arms in which participants demonstrate a weight change of $\pm 3\%$ or more. Interventions simultaneously addressing sodium and potassium intake that document sodium/potassium ratio are eligible; all other multicomponent interventions in which the effect of sodium reduction cannot be disaggregated from other intervention components will be excluded.

III. Comparators

A. Studies comparing interventions to placebo or control diets will be eligible. Studies comparing an experimental diet to usual diet, studies comparing levels of sodium intake, or studies that alter sodium/potassium ratio in other ways

will be included if they control for other nutrient levels.

IV. Outcomes

A. Studies reporting on blood pressure outcomes (*e.g.*, systolic blood pressure, diastolic blood pressure, rate of hypertensive/non-hypertensive participants, incident hypertension, percent of participants at blood pressure goal, and change in blood pressure) will be eligible.

V. Timing

A. Studies reporting on an intervention period of at least four weeks will be eligible.

VI. Setting

A. Studies in outpatient settings will be eligible.

VII. Study Design

A. Parallel RCTs and cross-over RCTs with a washout period of two weeks or more will be eligible.

Key Question 2

I. Population

A. Studies in community-dwelling (non-institutionalized) human participants will be eligible for inclusion in the review with the exception of studies exclusively reporting on patients with pre-existing conditions specific to the clinical outcome of interest, as well as studies exclusively reporting on patients with end stage renal disease, heart failure, HIV, or cancer.

II. Exposure

A. Studies that measure the intake (oral consumption from food or supplements of quantified amounts of sodium and sodium chloride [salt] or sodium-to-potassium ratio) with validated measures or that use biomarker values to assess sodium level (at least one 24-hour urinary analysis with or without reported quality control measure, chemical analysis of diet with intervention/exposure adherence measure, composition of salt substitute with intervention/exposure adherence measure, and food diaries with reported validation [adherence check, electronic prompts]) will be eligible. Observational studies that report a weight change of $\pm 3\%$ or more (in any exposure group) among adults; multicomponent studies that do not properly control for confounders; and studies relying only on serum sodium levels, composition of salt substitute without intervention/exposure adherence measure, food diaries without reported validation, use of a published food frequency questionnaire, or partial or spot urine

without reported prediction equation will be excluded.

III. Comparator

A. Studies comparing groups with different documented sodium intake or biomarker values for sodium will be eligible. Studies where differences in sodium intake or values are confounded with alteration of other nutrient levels will be excluded.

IV. Outcomes

A. Studies reporting on blood pressure outcomes (*e.g.*, systolic blood pressure, diastolic blood pressure, rate of hypertensive/non-hypertensive participants, incident hypertension, percent of participants at blood pressure goal, change in blood pressure) will be eligible. Studies that do not report baseline blood pressure status will be excluded.

V. Timing

A. Studies reporting on an intervention period of at least four weeks will be eligible.

VI. Setting

A. Studies in community-dwelling participants will be eligible.

VII. Study Design

A. Prospective cohort studies and nested case-control studies, where at least two groups are compared based on measured sodium intake or biomarker values will be eligible. Retrospective studies, case series, cross-sectional studies or surveys, and case reports will be excluded.

Key Question 3

I. Population

A. Studies in human adults will be eligible for inclusion in the review. Studies exclusively reporting on patients with end stage renal disease, heart failure, HIV, or cancer will be excluded.

II. Intervention

A. Studies evaluating interventions to reduce dietary sodium intake that specify the oral consumption from food or supplements of quantified amounts of sodium and sodium chloride (salt) or sodium-to-potassium ratio will be eligible. Studies with trial arms in which participants demonstrate a weight change of $\pm 3\%$ or more will be excluded. Interventions simultaneously addressing sodium and potassium intake with documents sodium/potassium ratio are eligible. All other multicomponent interventions in which the effect of sodium reduction cannot be disaggregated from other

intervention components will be excluded.

III. Comparators

A. Studies comparing interventions to placebo or control diets will be eligible. Studies comparing an experimental diet to usual diet, studies comparing levels of sodium intake, or studies that alter sodium/potassium ratio in other ways will be included if they control for other nutrient levels.

IV. Outcomes

A. Studies reporting on mortality (all-cause, CVD, CHD, or renal); cardiovascular disease morbidity, including acute coronary syndrome (unstable angina and myocardial infarction), stroke, myocardial infarction (ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction [STEMI] and non-ST elevation myocardial infarction [NSTEMI]), requiring coronary revascularization procedures (angioplasty, coronary stent placement, coronary artery bypass), other atherosclerotic revascularization procedures (carotid endarterectomy), left ventricular hypertrophy, hospitalization for heart failure, hospitalization for any cause of coronary heart disease or cardiovascular disease, or combined CVD morbidity and mortality; or reporting on renal function intermediary and clinical outcomes including creatinine clearance (CrCl), serum creatinine (SCr), glomerular filtration rate (GFR), end stage renal disease, chronic kidney disease (CKD), albuminuria or proteinuria (including urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio, urine albumin dipstick level, urine protein-to-creatinine ratio, albumin excretion rate), kidney stone incidence, or acute kidney injury will be eligible.

V. Timing

A. Only interventions of two years or longer will be included for kidney disease outcomes; only interventions of three months or longer will be included for cardiovascular disease outcomes; all other studies need to report on an intervention period of at least four weeks to be eligible.

VI. Setting

A. Studies in outpatient settings will be eligible.

VII. Study Design

A. Parallel RCTs and cross-over RCTs with a washout period of two weeks or more will be eligible.

Key Question 4

I. Population

A. Studies in community-dwelling (non-institutionalized) adults will be eligible for inclusion in the review with the exception of studies exclusively reporting on patients with pre-existing conditions specific to the clinical outcomes of interest, as well as studies exclusively reporting on patients with end stage renal disease, heart failure, HIV, or cancer.

II. Exposure

A. Studies that measure the intake (oral consumption from food or supplements of quantified amounts of sodium and sodium chloride [salt] or sodium-to-potassium ratio) with validated measures or use biomarker values to assess sodium level (at least one 24-hour urinary analysis with or without reported quality control measure, chemical analysis of diet with intervention/exposure adherence measure, composition of salt substitute with intervention/exposure adherence measure, and food diaries with reported validation [adherence check, electronic prompts]) will be eligible. Observational studies that report a weight change of $\pm 3\%$ or more (in any exposure group) among adults; multicomponent studies that do not properly control for confounders; and studies relying only on serum sodium levels, composition of salt substitute without intervention/exposure adherence measure, food diaries without reported validation, use of a published food frequency questionnaire, or partial or spot urine without reported prediction equation will be excluded.

III. Comparator

A. Studies comparing groups with different documented sodium intake or biomarker values for sodium will be eligible. Studies where differences in sodium intake or values are confounded with alteration of other nutrient levels will be excluded.

IV. Outcomes

A. Studies reporting on mortality (all-cause, CVD, CHD, or renal); cardiovascular mortality; cardiovascular disease morbidity, including coronary heart disease (CHD), acute coronary syndrome (unstable angina and myocardial infarction), stroke, myocardial infarction (ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction [STEMI] and non-ST elevation myocardial infarction [NSTEMI]), requiring coronary revascularization procedures (angioplasty, coronary stent placement, coronary artery bypass), other

atherosclerotic revascularization procedures (carotid endarterectomy), left ventricular hypertrophy, hospitalization for heart failure, or hospitalization for any cause of coronary heart disease or cardiovascular disease, or combined CVD morbidity and mortality; or reporting on renal function intermediary and clinical outcomes including creatinine clearance (CrCl), serum creatinine (SCr), glomerular filtration rate (GFR), end stage renal disease, chronic kidney disease (CKD), albuminuria/proteinuria (including, urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio, urine albumin dipstick level, urine protein-to-creatinine ratio, albumin excretion rate), acute kidney injury will be eligible. Studies that do not report baseline data for the outcomes of interest will be excluded.

V. Timing

A. Studies reporting exclusively on kidney disease outcomes need to report follow up periods of at least two years, studies reporting exclusively on cardiovascular disease outcomes or stroke need to report on follow up periods of at least 12 months duration; studies reporting on other outcomes need to evaluate exposure lasting at least four weeks to be eligible.

VI. Setting

A. Studies in community-dwelling participants will be eligible.

VII. Study Design

A. Prospective cohort studies and nested case-control studies, where at least two groups are compared based on measured sodium intake or biomarker values will be eligible. Retrospective studies, case series, cross-sectional studies or surveys, and case reports will be excluded.

Key Question 5

I. Population

A. Studies in human participants will be eligible for inclusion in the review; studies exclusively reporting on patients with end stage renal disease, heart failure, HIV, or cancer will be excluded.

II. Interventions

A. Studies evaluating interventions to increase dietary potassium intake that specify the oral consumption from food or supplements of quantified amounts of potassium, potassium supplements, salt substitutes such as potassium chloride, or sodium-to-potassium ratio will be eligible, with the exception of trial arms in which participants demonstrate a weight change of $\pm 3\%$ or more among adults. Interventions simultaneously addressing sodium and

potassium intake with documents sodium/potassium ratio are eligible; all other multicomponent interventions in which the effect of sodium reduction cannot be disaggregated from other intervention components will be excluded.

III. Comparators

A. Studies comparing interventions to placebo or control diets will be eligible. Studies comparing an experimental diet to usual diet, studies comparing levels of potassium intake, or studies that alter sodium/potassium ratio in other ways will be included if they control for other nutrient levels.

IV. Outcomes

A. Studies reporting on blood pressure outcomes (e.g., systolic blood pressure, diastolic blood pressure, rate of hypertensive/non-hypertensive participants, hypertension incidence, percent of participants at blood pressure goal, change in blood pressure) and incident kidney stones or kidney stone regrowth will be eligible.

V. Timing

A. Studies reporting exclusively on kidney stone formation need to report on an intervention period of two years; all other studies need to report on an intervention period of at least four weeks to be eligible.

VI. Setting

A. Studies in outpatient settings will be eligible.

VII. Study Design

A. Parallel RCTs and cross-over RCTs with a washout period of two weeks or more will be eligible.

Key Question 6

I. Population

A. Studies in community-dwelling (non-institutionalized) human participants will be eligible for inclusion in the review; studies reporting exclusively on patients with pre-existing conditions specific to the clinical outcomes of interest, as well as studies exclusively reporting on patients with end stage renal disease, heart failure, HIV, or cancer will be excluded.

II. Exposure

A. Studies that measure intake (oral consumption from food or supplements of quantified amounts of potassium, potassium supplements, salt substitutes such as potassium chloride, or sodium-to-potassium ratio) with validated measures or use biomarkers values to assess potassium level (at least one 24-hour urinary analysis with or without

reported quality control measure, chemical analysis of diet with intervention/exposure adherence measure, composition of potassium supplement with intervention/exposure adherence measure, use of a published food frequency questionnaire, and food diaries) will be eligible. Observational studies that report a weight change of $\pm 3\%$ or more (in any exposure group) among adults; multicomponent studies that do not properly control for confounders; and studies measuring potassium intake by reporting chemical analysis of diet without intervention/exposure adherence measures, composition of potassium supplement without intervention/exposure measure, or serum potassium will be excluded.

III. Comparator

A. Studies comparing groups with different documented potassium intake, serum potassium levels, or urinary potassium excretion will be eligible. Studies where differences in potassium intake or values are confounded with alteration of other nutrient levels will be excluded.

IV. Outcomes

A. Studies reporting on blood pressure outcomes (*e.g.*, systolic blood pressure, diastolic blood pressure, rate of hypertensive/non-hypertensive participants, hypertension incidence, percent of participants at blood pressure goal, change in blood pressure), and kidney stone incident or kidney stone regrowth will be eligible. Studies that do not report baseline blood pressure status and the presence or absence of kidney stones will be excluded.

V. Timing

A. Studies exclusively reporting on kidney stone formation need to follow participants for at least five years; all other studies need to report on exposure of at least four weeks to be eligible.

VI. Setting

A. Studies in community-dwelling participants will be eligible.

VII. Study Design

A. Prospective cohort studies and nested case-control studies, where at least two groups are compared based on measured potassium intake or biomarker values will be eligible. Retrospective studies, case series, cross-sectional studies or surveys, and case reports will be excluded.

Key Question 7

I. Population

A. Studies in adults will be eligible for inclusion in the review; studies

reporting exclusively on patients with heart failure, end stage renal disease, HIV, or cancer will be excluded.

II. Interventions

A. Studies evaluating interventions to increase dietary potassium intake that specify the oral consumption from food or supplements of quantified amounts of potassium, potassium supplements, salt substitutes such as potassium chloride, or sodium-to-potassium ratio will be eligible, with the exception of trial arms in which participants demonstrate a weight change of $\pm 3\%$ or more. Interventions simultaneously addressing sodium and potassium intake with documents sodium/potassium ratio are eligible; all other multicomponent interventions in which the effect of sodium reduction cannot be disaggregated from other intervention components will be excluded.

III. Comparators

A. Studies comparing interventions to placebo or control diets will be eligible. Studies comparing an experimental diet to usual diet, studies comparing levels of potassium intake, or studies that alter sodium/potassium ratio in other ways will be included if they control for other nutrient levels.

IV. Outcomes

A. Studies reporting on mortality (all-cause, CVD, CHD, or renal); cardiovascular disease morbidity, including acute coronary syndrome (unstable angina and myocardial infarction), stroke, myocardial infarction (ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction [STEMI] and non-ST elevation myocardial infarction [NSTEMI]), requiring coronary revascularization procedures (angioplasty, coronary stent placement, coronary artery bypass), other atherosclerotic revascularization procedures (carotid endarterectomy), left ventricular hypertrophy, hospitalization for heart failure, or hospitalization for any cause of coronary heart disease or cardiovascular disease, or combined CVD morbidity and mortality; or reporting on renal function intermediary and clinical outcomes including creatinine clearance (CrCl), serum creatinine (SCr), glomerular filtration rate (GFR), end stage renal disease, chronic kidney disease (CKD), albuminuria or proteinuria (including urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio, urine albumin dipstick level, urine protein-to-creatinine ratio, albumin excretion rate), kidney stone incidence, or acute kidney injury will be eligible.

V. Timing

A. Studies reporting exclusively on kidney disease outcomes need to report on an intervention period of two years, studies reporting on cardiovascular disease or stroke need to report on an intervention period of three months; all other studies need to report on an intervention period of at least four weeks to be eligible.

VI. Setting

A. Studies in outpatient settings will be eligible.

VII. Study Design

A. Parallel RCTs and cross-over RCTs with a washout period of two weeks or more will be eligible.

Key Question 8

I. Population

A. Studies in community-dwelling (non-institutionalized) adults will be eligible for inclusion in the review with the exception of studies exclusively reporting on patients with pre-existing conditions specific to the clinical outcomes of interest, as well as studies exclusively reporting on patients with end stage renal disease, heart failure, HIV, or cancer.

II. Exposure

A. Studies that measure intake (oral consumption from food or supplements of quantified amounts of potassium, potassium supplements, salt substitutes such as potassium chloride, or sodium-to-potassium ratio) with validated measures or use biomarkers values to assess potassium level (at least one 24-hour urinary analysis with or without reported quality control measure, chemical analysis of diet with intervention/exposure adherence measure, composition of potassium supplement with intervention/exposure adherence measure, use of a published food frequency questionnaire, and food diaries) will be eligible. Observational studies that report a weight change of $\pm 3\%$ or more (in any exposure group) among adults; multicomponent studies that do not properly control for confounders; and studies measuring potassium intake by reporting chemical analysis of diet without intervention/exposure adherence measures, composition of potassium supplement without intervention/exposure measure, or serum potassium will be excluded.

III. Comparator

A. Studies comparing groups with different documented potassium intake, serum potassium levels, or urinary potassium excretion will be eligible.

Studies where differences in potassium intake or values are confounded with alteration of other nutrient levels will be excluded.

IV. Outcomes

A. Studies reporting on mortality (all-cause, CVD, CHD, or renal); cardiovascular disease morbidity, including coronary heart disease (CHD), acute coronary syndrome (unstable angina and myocardial infarction), stroke, myocardial infarction (ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction [STEMI] and non-ST elevation myocardial infarction [NSTEMI]), requiring coronary revascularization procedures (angioplasty, coronary stent placement, coronary artery bypass), other atherosclerotic revascularization procedures (carotid endarterectomy), left ventricular hypertrophy, hospitalization for heart failure, or hospitalization for any cause of coronary heart disease or cardiovascular disease, or combined CVD morbidity and mortality; or reporting on renal function intermediary and clinical outcomes including creatinine clearance (CrCl), serum creatinine (SCr), glomerular filtration rate (GFR), end stage renal disease, chronic kidney disease (CKD), albuminuria/proteinuria (including urine albumin-to-creatinine ratio, urine albumin dipstick level, urine protein-to-creatinine ratio, albumin excretion rate), kidney stone incidence, or acute kidney injury will be eligible. Studies that do not report baseline data on the outcomes of interest will be excluded.

V. Timing

A. Studies reporting exclusively on kidney stone formation need to follow participants for at least five years, studies reporting exclusively on kidney disease need to follow participants for at least two years, studies reporting exclusively on cardiovascular disease or stroke need to follow patients for at least 12 months; all other studies need to report on an exposure period of at least four weeks to be eligible.

VI. Setting

A. Studies in community-dwelling participants will be eligible.

VII. Study Design

A. Prospective cohort studies and nested case-control studies, where at least two groups are compared based on measured potassium intake or biomarker values will be eligible. Retrospective studies, case series, cross-

sectional studies or surveys, and case reports will be excluded.

Sharon B. Arnold,

Acting AHRQ Director.

[FR Doc. 2017-04193 Filed 3-3-17; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4160-90-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Administration for Community Living

Administration on Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities, President's Committee for People With Intellectual Disabilities

AGENCY: Administration for Community Living, HHS.

ACTION: Notice.

DATES: Thursday, March 23, 2017 from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.; and Friday, March 24, 2017 from 9:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.

These meetings will be open to the general public.

ADDRESSES: These meetings will be held in U.S. Department of Health and Human Services/Hubert H. Humphrey Building located at 200 Independence Avenue SW., Conference Room 705A, Washington, DC 20201.

Individuals who would like to participate via conference call may do so by dialing toll-free #: 1-800-779-4694, when prompted enter pass code: 4511687. Individuals whose full participation in the meeting will require special accommodations (e.g., sign language interpreting services, assistive listening devices, materials in alternative format such as large print or Braille) should notify Ms. Allison Cruz, Director, Office of Innovation, via email at Allison.Cruz@acl.hhs.gov, or via telephone at 202-795-7334, *no later than* Monday, March 6, 2017. The PCPID will attempt to accommodate requests made after this date, *but cannot guarantee the ability to grant requests received after the deadline*. All meeting sites are barrier free, consistent with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA).

AGENDA: The Committee Members will discuss preparation of the PCPID 2017 Report to the President, including its content and format, and related data collection and analysis required to complete the writing of the Report.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: For further information, please contact Ms. Allison Cruz, Director, Office of Innovation, 330 C Street SW., Switzer Building, Room 1114, Washington, DC 20201.

Telephone: 202-795-7334. Fax: 202-795-7334. Email: Allison.Cruz@acl.hhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The PCPID acts in an advisory capacity to the President and the Secretary of Health and Human Services on a broad range of topics relating to programs, services and support for individuals with intellectual disabilities. The PCPID executive order stipulates that the Committee shall: (1) Provide such advice concerning intellectual disabilities as the President or the Secretary of Health and Human Services may request; and (2) provide advice to the President concerning the following for people with intellectual disabilities: (A) Expansion of educational opportunities; (B) promotion of homeownership; (C) assurance of workplace integration; (D) improvement of transportation options; (E) expansion of full access to community living; and (F) increasing access to assistive and universally designed technologies.

Dated: February 27, 2017.

Bob Williams,

Acting Designated Federal Official, PCPID, Administration on Disabilities (AoD).

[FR Doc. 2017-04165 Filed 3-3-17; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4154-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Administration for Community Living

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Public Comment Request; Extension of a Currently Approved Information Collection (ICR-REV); Centers for Independent Living Annual Performance Report (CILPPR); Correction

AGENCY: Independent Living Administration, Administration for Community Living, HHS.

ACTION: Notice of correction.

SUMMARY: The Administration for Community Living published a proposed collection of information document in the **Federal Register** on February 23, 2017. (82 FR 11471 and 11472) The document contained an incorrect date and email address. In addition under the heading "New Requirements", the first paragraph was revised.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Corinna Styles, 202-795-7446.

Corrections:

Under the **DATES** section, page 11471, column two, correct the notice to read: "Submit written or electronic comments