

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**Federal Railroad Administration****49 CFR Part 214****Railroad Workplace Safety***CFR Correction*

This rule is being published by the Office of the Federal Register to correct an editorial or technical error that appeared in the most recent annual revision of the Code of Federal Regulations.

In Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, parts 200 to 299, revised as of October 1, 2021, make the following corrections:

- 1. Amend § 214.115 by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 214.115 Foot protection.

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(b) Foot protection equipment required by this section shall conform to the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.136(b), as established by the U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

- 2. Amend § 214.117 by revising paragraph (b) to read as follows:

§ 214.117 Eye and face protection.

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(b) Eye and face protection equipment required by this section shall conform to the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.133(b), as established by the U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

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[FR Doc. 2022-09991 Filed 5-6-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 0099-10-P

ACTION: Final rule; inseason adjustments to biennial groundfish management measures.

SUMMARY: This final rule announces routine inseason adjustments to the harvest limits for incidental Pacific halibut retention in the sablefish primary fishery. This action decreases the incidental Pacific halibut catch limit to ensure equitable harvest opportunities without exceeding the harvest limit.

DATES: This final rule is effective May 9, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

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Electronic Access

This rule is accessible via the internet at the Office of the Federal Register website at <https://www.federalregister.gov>. Background information and documents are available at the Pacific Fishery Management Council's website at <http://www.pcouncil.org/>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**Background**

The Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery Management Plan (PCGFMP), and its implementing regulations at title 50 in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), 660, subparts C through G, regulate fishing for over 90 species of groundfish off the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California. The Pacific Fishery Management Council (Council) develops groundfish harvest specifications and management measures for two-year periods (*i.e.*, a biennium). NMFS published the final rule to implement harvest specifications and management measures for the 2021–2022 biennium for most species managed under the PCGFMP on December 11, 2020, (85 FR 79880). NMFS also published a correction (85 FR 86853, December 31, 2020), and a correcting amendment (86 FR 14379, March 16, 2021) to implement the Council's recommendations for the 2021–2022 harvest specifications and management measures.

In general, the management measures set at the start of the biennial harvest specifications cycle help the various sectors of the fishery attain, but not exceed, the catch limits for each stock. The Council, in coordination with Pacific Coast Treaty Indian Tribes and the states of Washington, Oregon, and California, recommends adjustments to the management measures during the fishing year to achieve this goal.

At its March 8–14, 2022 meeting, the Council recommended decreasing the

amount of Pacific halibut that vessels in the sablefish primary fishery north of Point Chehalis, WA, may retain incidentally to ensure that catch of Pacific halibut stays within its annual allocation. Pacific Coast groundfish fisheries are managed using harvest specifications or limits (*e.g.*, overfishing limits [OFL], acceptable biological catch [ABC], annual catch limits [ACL] and harvest guidelines [HG]) recommended biennially by the Council and based on the best scientific information available at that time (50 CFR 660.60(b)). During development of the harvest specifications, the Council also recommends management measures (*e.g.*, trip limits, area closures, and bag limits) that are meant to mitigate catch so as not to exceed the harvest specifications. The harvest specifications and mitigation measures developed for the 2021–2022 biennium used data through the 2019 fishing year. Each of the adjustments to management measures discussed below are based on updated fisheries information that was unavailable when the analysis for the current harvest specifications was completed. As new fisheries data becomes available, adjustments to management measures are projected so as to help harvesters achieve but not exceed the harvest limits.

Pacific halibut is generally a prohibited species for vessels fishing in Pacific Coast groundfish fisheries, unless explicitly allowed in groundfish regulations. The Council developed a Catch Sharing Plan for the International Pacific Halibut Commission (IPHC) Regulatory Area 2A, as provided for in the Northern Pacific Halibut Act of 1982 (16 U.S.C. 773–773k) (Halibut Act), to allocate the Area 2A annual catch limit for Pacific halibut among fisheries off Washington, Oregon, and California. The IPHC annually sets allocations for the various IPHC regulatory areas, including Area 2A and NMFS implements these allocations for fishing in U.S. waters pursuant to the Halibut Act. NMFS also annually implements management measures and approves changes to the Catch Sharing Plan for Area 2A.

Under the Catch Sharing Plan, the sablefish primary fishery north of Point Chehalis, WA (46°53.30' N. lat.) is allocated a portion of the Washington recreational allocation, which varies via a catch limit-dependent formula, as described in the Catch Sharing Plan and in regulations at 50 CFR 300.63(b)(3).

The sablefish primary fishery season is open from April 1 to October 31, though the fishery may close for

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration****50 CFR Part 660**

[Docket No. 201204–0325]

RIN 0648–BL44

**Magnuson-Stevens Act Provisions;
Fisheries Off West Coast States;
Pacific Coast Groundfish Fishery;
2021–2022 Biennial Specifications and
Management Measures; Inseason
Adjustments**

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.