

Dall's porpoise (*Phocoenoides dalli*), Steller sea lion (*Eumetopias jubatus*), California sea lion (*Zalophus californianus*), northern fur seal (*Callorhinus ursinus*), harbor seal (*Phoca vitulina*), and northern elephant seal (*Mirounga angustirostris*). A description of the methods and inputs used to estimate take anticipated to occur and, ultimately, the take that was authorized is found in the previous documents referenced above. The data inputs and methods of estimating take are identical to those used in the initial IHA. NMFS has reviewed recent Stock Assessment Reports (SAR), information on relevant Unusual Mortality Events, and recent scientific literature. The northern fur seal stock numbers were updated in the draft 2024 SAR. The population estimate and minimum populations estimates have slightly decreased since the initial IHA was issued to 612,765 and 518,651 animals respectively. The potential biological removal has also decreased slightly to 11,151 individuals and the estimated annual mortality/serious injury has also decreased slightly to 296 individuals. NMFS has determined that this new information does not affect our original analysis of impacts or take estimate under the initial IHA.

We refer to the documents related to the previously issued IHA, which include the **Federal Register** notice of the issuance of the initial 2024 IHA for ADOT&PF's construction work (89 FR 2584, January 16, 2024), ADOT&PF's application, the **Federal Register** notice of the proposed IHA (88 FR 22411, April 13, 2023), and all associated references and documents.

Determinations

ADOT&PF will conduct activities as analyzed in the initial 2024 IHA. As described above, the number of authorized takes of the same species and stocks of marine mammals are identical to the numbers that were found to meet the negligible impact small numbers standards and authorized under the initial IHA and despite the slight decrease in northern fur seal population that would not change either of those findings. The reissued 2024 IHA includes identical required mitigation, monitoring, and reporting measures as the initial IHA, and there is no new information suggesting that our analyses or findings should change.

Based on the information contained here and in the referenced documents, NMFS has determined the following: (1) the required mitigation measures will effect the least practicable impact on marine mammal species or stocks and their habitat; (2) the authorized takes

will have a negligible impact on the affected marine mammal species or stocks; (3) the authorized takes represent small numbers of marine mammals relative to the affected stock abundances; and (4) ADOT&PF's activities will not have an unmitigable adverse impact on taking for subsistence purposes.

National Environmental Policy Act

To comply with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA; 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*) and NOAA Administrative Order (NAO) 216-6A, NMFS must review our proposed action with respect to environmental consequences on the human environment.

Accordingly, NMFS determined that the issuance of the initial IHA qualified to be categorically excluded from further NEPA review. NMFS has determined that the application of this categorical exclusion remains appropriate for this reissued IHA.

Endangered Species Act (ESA)

Section 7(a)(2) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA; 16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) requires that each Federal agency insure that any action it authorizes, funds, or carries out is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any endangered or threatened species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of designated critical habitat. To ensure ESA compliance for the issuance of IHAs, NMFS consults internally, in this case with the Alaska Regional Office, whenever we propose to authorize take for endangered or threatened species.

The effects of this proposed Federal action were adequately analyzed in NMFS' Biological Opinion for the Auke Bay East Ferry Terminal Project, dated December 22, 2023, which concluded that the take NMFS proposed to authorize through this IHA would not jeopardize the continued existence of any endangered or threatened species or destroy or adversely modify any designated critical habitat.

Authorization

NMFS has issued an IHA to ADOT&PF for in-water construction activities associated with the specified activity from October 1, 2026 through September 30, 2027. All previously described mitigation, monitoring, and reporting requirements from the initial 2024 IHA are incorporated.

Dated: August 4, 2025.

Kimberly Damon-Randall,

*Director, Office of Protected Resources,
National Marine Fisheries Service.*

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COMMITTEE FOR PURCHASE FROM PEOPLE WHO ARE BLIND OR SEVERELY DISABLED

Procurement List; Additions

AGENCY: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled.

ACTION: Additions to from the Procurement List.

SUMMARY: This action adds service(s) to the Procurement List that will be furnished by nonprofit agencies employing persons who are blind or have other severe disabilities.

DATES: Date added to and deleted from the Procurement List: September 07, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled, 355 E Street SW, Suite 325, Washington, DC 20024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For further information or to submit comments contact: Michael R. Jurkowski, Telephone: (703) 489-1322 or email CMTEFedReg@AbilityOne.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Additions

On May 16, 2025, June 6, 2025, June 13, 2025, and June 20, 2025, the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled (operating as the U.S. AbilityOne Commission) published an initial notice of proposed additions to the Procurement List. (90 FR 21013, 90 FR 24103, 90 FR 25030, and 90 FR 26035). The Committee determined that the services listed below are suitable for procurement by the Federal Government and has added this services to the Procurement List as a mandatory purchase for the contracting activities listed. In accordance with 41 CFR 51-5.3(b), the mandatory purchase requirement is limited to the contracting activity listed at the location listed, and in accordance with 41 CFR 51-5.2, the Committee has authorized the nonprofit agency listed as the mandatory source of supply. After consideration of the material presented to it concerning capability of qualified nonprofit agencies to provide the service(s) and impact of the additions on the current or most recent contractors, the

Committee has determined that the service(s) listed below are suitable for procurement by the Federal Government under 41 U.S.C. 8501–8506 and 41 CFR 51–2.4.

Regulatory Flexibility Act Certification

I certify that the following action will not have a significant impact on a substantial number of small entities. The major factors considered for this certification were:

1. The action will not result in any additional reporting, recordkeeping or other compliance requirements for small entities other than the small organizations that will furnish the service(s) to the Government.
2. The action will result in authorizing small entities to furnish the service(s) to the Government.
3. There are no known regulatory alternatives which would accomplish the objectives of the Javits-Wagner-O'Day Act (41 U.S.C. 8501–8506) in connection with the service(s) proposed for addition to the Procurement List.

End of Certification

Accordingly, the following service(s) are added to the Procurement List:

Service(s)

Service Type: Custodial Service

Mandatory for: National Park Service, Pearl Harbor National Memorial, Shoreside Visitor Facilities Honolulu, HI

Authorized Source of Supply: Network Enterprises, Inc., Honolulu, HI

Contracting Activity: NATIONAL PARK SERVICE, NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Service Type: Grounds Maintenance

Mandatory for: GSA PBS Region 9, Frank Hagel Federal Building, Richmond, CA

Authorized Source of Supply: PRIDE Industries, Roseville, CA

Contracting Activity: PUBLIC BUILDINGS SERVICE, PBS R9 AMD SERVICES CONTRACTING BRANCH

Service Type: Scanning Support Services

Mandatory for: US Customs and Border Protection, Office of Human Resources Management, Talent Management Directorate, Processing and Servicing Center, Major General Emmett J. Bean Federal Center, Indianapolis, IN

Authorized Source of Supply: Coleman Professional Services, Kent, OH

Contracting Activity: U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION, MISSION SUPPORT CTR DIV

Service Type: Facility Support Services

Mandatory for: US Census Bureau, Headquarters (USCB), Bowie Computer Center (BCC), and Franconia Warehouse, Suitland and Bowie MD, & Springfield VA

Authorized Source of Supply: ServiceSource, Inc., Oakton, VA

Contracting Activity: US CENSUS BUREAU, DEPT OF COMMERCE CENSUS

Service Type: Janitorial Service

Mandatory for: The United States Geological Survey Western Fisheries Research Center (WFRS) Marrowstone Marine Field Station, Norland, WA

Authorized Source of Supply: Skookum Educational Programs, Bremerton, WA

Contracting Activity: US GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, OFFICE OF ACQUISITION GRANTS

Service Type: Postal Service Center Operations

Mandatory for: US Air Force, Postal Service Center, Altus Air Force Base, Altus AFB, OK

Authorized Source of Supply: VersAbility Resources, Inc., Hampton, VA

Contracting Activity: DEPT OF THE AIR FORCE, FA4419 97 CONS CC

Michael R. Jurkowski,

Director, Business Operations.

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DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army

[ID# EISX–007–21–001–1733763715]

Record of Decision on Army Training Land Retention of State Lands at Kahuku Training Area, Kawaihoa-Poamoho Training Area, and Makua Military Reservation, Island of O'ahu, Hawai'i

AGENCY: Department of the Army, DOD.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Army (Army) signed the Record of Decision (ROD) on August 4, 2025, for the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) Regarding Army Training Land Retention of State Lands at Kahuku Training Area (KTA), Kawaihoa-Poamoho Training Area (Poamoho), and Makua Military Reservation (MMR). The Army selected Alternative 2 at KTA and the No Action Alternative at Poamoho and MMR (the preferred alternative in the Final EIS). The ROD completes the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process for the action.

ADDRESSES: The ROD, Final EIS, and informational materials are available on the EIS website at: <https://home.army.mil/hawaii/OahuEIS/documents>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: U.S. Army Garrison Hawai'i, Mr. Nathan Wilkes, Public Affairs Office, by telephone at (808) 787–2140 or by email at usarmy.hawaii.nepa@army.mil.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In accordance with NEPA, the ROD identifies the Army's selected alternative and the basis for its selection. The ROD is based on the

results of the Final EIS, which analyzed the environmental impacts associated with the proposed action. The Army published the Final EIS on May 16, 2025.

The Final EIS evaluated the potential impacts of a range of reasonable alternatives:

For KTA—(1) Full Retention (of approximately 1,150 acres); (2) Modified Retention (of approximately 450 acres);

For Poamoho—(1) Full Retention (of approximately 4,390 acres); (2) Modified Retention (of approximately 3,170 acres); and

For MMR—(1) Full Retention (of approximately 782 acres); (2) Modified Retention (of approximately 572 acres); (3) Minimum Retention (of approximately 162 acres and 2.4 miles of select range and firebreak roads).

The Final EIS also analyzed the potential impacts of the No Action Alternative, under which Army use of the land would cease altogether when the lease expires in 2029. The Army selects Alternative 2 at KTA (retention of approximately 450 acres) and the No Action Alternative at Poamoho and MMR.

The Final EIS analyzed: land use; biological resources; historic and cultural resources; cultural practices; hazardous substances and hazardous wastes; air quality and greenhouse gases; noise; geology, topography, and soils; water resources; socioeconomic; environmental justice; transportation and traffic; and human health and safety.

The Final EIS was prepared according to certain, now-rescinded Executive Orders, and the Council on Environmental Quality's NEPA implementing regulations and the Army's NEPA implementing regulations, which are also now rescinded. Because analysis regarding greenhouse gases and environmental justice was already provided to the public for comment in the Draft EIS, such analysis was included in the Final EIS for transparency and continuity.

The Army's decision to select Alternative 2 at KTA and the No Action Alternative at Poamoho and MMR was based on consideration of the full analyses of all alternatives contained in the Final EIS, comments provided during formal public comment and review periods, and an evaluation of the ability of each alternative to meet the purpose of and need for the proposed action. The Army will proceed with Alternative 2 at KTA and the No Action Alternative at Poamoho and MMR, as described in the Final EIS.