### **Proposed Rules**

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This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

## FEDERAL RETIREMENT THRIFT INVESTMENT BOARD

#### 5 CFR Part 1653

## Methodology for Calculating Earnings on Court-Ordered Payments

**AGENCY:** Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board.

ACTION: Proposed rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board (FRTIB) proposes to change its regulations regarding the methodology used to calculate earnings and losses in connection with court-ordered payments to spouses, former spouses, children, or dependents (*i.e.*, payees) of Thrift Savings Plan (TSP) participants.

**DATES:** Comments must be received on or before December 26, 2024.

**ADDRESSES:** You may submit comments using one of the following methods:

- Federal eRulemaking Portal: https://www.regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.
- *Mail*: Office of General Counsel, Attn: Dharmesh Vashee, Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board, 77 K Street NE, Suite 1000, Washington, DC 20002.

Comments will be made available to the public online at https:// www.regulations.gov. Do not include any personally identifiable or confidential information that you do not want publicly disclosed. Anonymous comments are acceptable.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

For press inquiries: Kim Weaver at (202) 465–5220.

For information about how to comment on this proposed rule: Laurissa Stokes at (202) 308–7707.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FRTIB administers the TSP, which was established by the Federal Employees' Retirement System Act of 1986 (FERSA), Public Law 99–335, 100 Stat. 514. The TSP is a tax-deferred retirement savings plan for Federal civilian employees and members of the

uniformed services. The TSP is similar to cash or deferred arrangements established for private-sector employees under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. 401(k)). The provisions of FERSA that govern the TSP are codified, as amended, largely at 5 U.S.C. 8351 and 8401–79.

Section 8435(c) of FERSA requires the FRTIB to obey certain domestic relations court orders requiring payments from a TSP participant's account to the participant's spouse, former spouse, child, or dependent. A TSP account can be divided by means of a court decree of divorce, annulment, or legal separation; or a court order or court-approved property settlement agreement resulting from such a decree. A court order to divide a TSP account may be issued at any stage of a divorce, annulment, or legal separation proceeding.

Court orders sometimes award the participant's spouse, former spouse, child, or dependent (*i.e.*, the payee) earnings that accrue between the date used to calculate the payee's entitlement and the date payment is made. Currently, when a court order awards earnings, the FRTIB calculates the amount to which the payee is entitled by determining the payee's award amount (e.g., the percentage or fraction of the participant's account awarded by the court) and, based on the participant's investment allocation as of the date used to calculate the payee's entitlement, the number and composition of shares that the payee's award amount would have purchased as of that date. The FRTIB then multiplies the price per share as of the payment date by the calculated number and composition of shares to determine the payee's entitlement.

The FRTIB contracts with Accenture Federal Services to provide, maintain, and operate the technology platforms necessary to deliver retirement plan record keeping services to TSP participants. These services include processing retirement benefits court orders. The FRTIB proposes to update its methodology for calculating court ordered earnings to align with the methodology used by Accenture Federal Services. Accenture Federal Services calculates earnings by using a moneyweighted return commonly referred to in the financial industry as the internal rate of return. This methodology

considers the influence of cash flows (for example, contributions, withdrawals, loans, and loan payments) on asset allocation, and the resulting effect on investment performance.

Specifically, the FRTIB proposes to calculate earnings by (i) identifying the beginning balance, ending balance, and the cash flows between the two balances over the period of time between the entitlement date and the payment date, (ii) calculating the rate of return that increases (or reduces in the case of a loss) the balance at the beginning of the period, accounting for all cash flows, to equal the balance at the end of the period; and then (iii) multiplying the payee's award amount by the resulting rate of return.

The proposed methodology would ensure that the payee's entitlement consists of an award component and an earnings component that each reflects the percentage or fraction specified in the court order. The award component reflects the percentage or fraction of the participant's account on the entitlement date as specified in the order. The earnings component is based on the rate of return experienced on the participant's account during the period from the entitlement date to the payment date.

#### **Regulatory Flexibility Act**

This proposed regulation will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. This regulation will affect Federal employees, members of the uniformed services who participate in the TSP, and beneficiary participants.

#### **Paperwork Reduction Act**

This proposed regulation does not require additional reporting under the criteria of the Paperwork Reduction Act.

### Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of

Pursuant to the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995, 2 U.S.C. 602, 632, 653, and 1501–1571, the effects of this regulation on State, local, and tribal governments and the private sector have been assessed. This regulation will not compel the expenditure in any one year of \$100 million or more by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector. Therefore, a statement under 2 U.S.C. 1532 is not required.

#### List of Subjects in 5 CFR Part 1653

Alimony, Child support, Government employees, Pensions, Retirement.

#### Ravindra Deo.

Executive Director, Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the FRTIB proposes to amend 5 CFR chapter VI as follows:

#### PART 1653—COURT ORDERS AND LEGAL PROCESSES AFFECTING THRIFT SAVINGS PLAN ACCOUNTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 1653 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 5 U.S.C. 8432d, 8435, 8436(b), 8437(e), 8439(a)(3), 8467, 8474(b)(5) and 8474(c)(1).

■ 2. In § 1653.1, amend paragraph (b) by adding the definition of "Entitlement date" in alphabetical order, and revising the definition of "Payment date" to read as follows:

#### § 1653.1 Definitions.

\* \* \* \* \* \* (b) \* \* \*

Entitlement date means the date determined in accordance with paragraphs (b) and (c) of section 1653.4.

Payment date refers to the date on which a temporary account is established for the payee in the TSP.

\* \* \* \* \* \*

■ 3. Amend § 1653.3 by revising paragraph (f)(4)(ii) to read as follows:

## § 1653.3 Processing retirement benefits court orders.

(f) \* \* \* (4) \* \* \*

(ii) The anticipated payment date;

■ 4. Amend § 1653.4 by revising paragraphs (a), (c), (d)(2), and (f) to read as follows:

#### § 1653.4 Calculating entitlements.

(a) For purposes of computing the amount of a payee's entitlement under this section, a participant's TSP account balance will include any loan balance outstanding as of the entitlement date unless the court order provides otherwise.

\* \* \* \* \*

- (c) If the court order awards a percentage of an account but does not contain a specific date as of which to apply that percentage, the TSP record keeper will use the effective date of the court order.
  - (d) \* \* \*
  - (1) \* \* \*

(2) The vested account balance on the payment date.

\* \* \* \* \* \*

- (f) The payee's entitlement will be credited with TSP investment earnings as described:
- (1) The entitlement calculated under this section will not be credited with TSP investment earnings unless the court order specifically provides otherwise. The court order may not specify a rate for earnings.

(2) If earnings are awarded, the TSP record keeper will calculate earnings by:

(i) Identifying the beginning balance, ending balance, and the cash flows between the two balances over the period of time between the entitlement date and the payment date;

(ii) Calculating the rate of return that increases (or reduces in the case of a loss) the balance at the beginning of the period, accounting for all cash flows, to equal the balance at the end of the period; and

(iii) Multiplying the payee's award amount by the resulting rate of return.

■ 5. Amend § 1653.5 by revising paragraphs (d) and (h) to read as follows:

#### § 1653.5 Payment.

\* \* \* \* \*

(d) Payment will be made pro rata from the participant's traditional and Roth balances. The distribution from the traditional balance will be further pro rated between the tax-deferred balance and tax-exempt balance. The payment from the Roth balance will be further pro rated between contributions in the Roth balance and earnings in the Roth balance. In addition, all payments will be distributed pro rata from all TSP core funds in which the participant's account is invested. All pro rated amounts will be based on the balances in each fund or source of contributions on the payment date. The TSP record keeper will not honor provisions of a court order that require payment to be made from a specific TSP core fund, source of contributions, or balance.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

(h) If the payee dies before a payment is disbursed from the TSP, payment will be made to the estate of the payee, unless otherwise specified by the court order. A distribution to the estate of a deceased court order payee will be reported as income to the decedent's estate. If the participant dies before the payment date, the order will be honored so long as it is submitted to the TSP record keeper before the TSP account has been closed.

\* \* \* \* \*

■ 6. Revise § 1653.14 to read as follows:

### § 1653.14 Calculating entitlements.

A qualifying legal process can only require the payment of a specified dollar amount from the TSP. Payment pursuant to a qualifying legal process will be calculated in accordance with § 1653.4(a), (d), (f) and (g), except that the term "payment date" shall mean to the date the payment is disbursed from the TSP.

■ 7. Revise § 1653.15 to read as follows:

#### § 1653.15 Payment.

Payment pursuant to a qualifying legal process will be made in accordance with § 1653.5, except the term "payment date" shall mean to the date the payment is disbursed from the TSP.

■ 8. Amend § 1653.34 by revising paragraph (d)(4)(ii) to read as follows:

### § 1653.34 Processing Federal tax levies and criminal restitution orders.

(d) \* \* \*

(d) \* \* \* \* (4) \* \* \*

(ii) The anticipated date of disbursement.

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### FEDERAL ELECTION COMMISSION

#### 11 CFR Part 112

[Notice 2024-25]

# Contributions Through Untraceable Electronic Payment Methods

**AGENCY:** Federal Election Commission. **ACTION:** Notification of availability of petition for rulemaking.

**SUMMARY:** The Commission announces its receipt of a Petition for Rulemaking submitted by Ken Paxton, Attorney General of Texas. The Petition asks the Commission to amend its regulations concerning the use of credit cards to make contributions, to address the potential use of prepaid cards to circumvent contribution amount limitations and source prohibitions.

**DATES:** Comments must be submitted on or before January 27, 2025.

**ADDRESSES:** All comments must be in writing. Commenters may submit comments electronically via the Commission's website at *https://sers.fec.gov/fosers/*, reference REG 2024–08.

Each commenter must provide, at a minimum, his or her first name, last name, city and state. All properly submitted comments, including