

suspending liquidation will remain in effect until further notice.

Accordingly, effective on the date of publication of the ITC's final affirmative injury determination, CBP will require, at the same time as importers would normally deposit estimated duties on this subject merchandise, a cash deposit equal to the weighted-average dumping margins listed below. *See* section 736(a)(3) of the Act.

Provisional Measures

Section 733(d) of the Act states that instructions issued pursuant to an affirmative preliminary determination may not remain in effect for more than four months except where exporters representing a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise request the Department to extend that four-month period to no more than six months. At the request of an exporter that accounts for a significant proportion of certain nickel-plated, flat-rolled steel from Japan, we extended the four-month period to no more than six months.⁴ In the underlying investigation, the Department published the *Preliminary Determination* on November 19, 2013.⁵ Therefore, the six-month period beginning on the date of the publication of the *Preliminary Determination* will end on May 17, 2014. Furthermore, section 737(b) of the Act states that definitive duties are to begin on the date of publication of the ITC's final injury determination.

Therefore, in accordance with section 733(d) of the Act and our practice, we will instruct CBP to terminate the suspension of liquidation and to liquidate, without regard to antidumping duties, unliquidated entries of certain nickel-plated, flat-rolled steel from Japan entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption after May 17, 2014, the date provisional measures expired, until and through the day preceding the date of publication of the ITC's final injury determination in the **Federal Register**. Suspension of liquidation will resume on the date of publication of the ITC's final injury determination in the **Federal Register**.

The weighted-average dumping margins are as follows:

Manufacturer/exporter	Weighted-average margin (percent)
Toyo Kohan Co., Ltd.	45.42

⁴ *See* Letter from Toyo Kohan Co., Ltd. to the Department, dated October 28, 2013. *See also* Letter from Thomas Steel Strip Corporation (Petitioner) to the Department, dated October 29, 2013.

⁵ *See Preliminary Determination*.

Manufacturer/exporter	Weighted-average margin (percent)
Nippon Steel & Sumitomo Metal Corporation	77.70
All Others	45.42

This notice constitutes the antidumping duty order with respect to certain nickel-plated, flat-rolled steel from Japan pursuant to section 736(a) of the Act. Interested parties can find an updated list of antidumping duty orders currently in effect at <http://ia.ita.doc.gov/stats/iastats1.html>.

This order is published in accordance with section 736(a) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.211.

Dated: May 22, 2014.

Paul Piquado,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2014-12509 Filed 5-28-14; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-998]

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane From the People's Republic of China: Antidumping Duty Investigation, Preliminary Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Affirmative Preliminary Determination of Critical Circumstances, in Part, and Postponement of Final Determination

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

DATES: *Effective Date:* May 29, 2014.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce ("Department") preliminarily determines that 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane ("tetrafluoroethane") from the People's Republic of China ("PRC") is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value ("LTFV"), as provided in section 733 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended ("the Act"). The period of investigation ("POI") is April 1, 2013, through September 30, 2013. The estimated margins of sales at LTFV are shown in the "Preliminary Determination" section of this notice. The final determination will be issued 135 days after publication of this preliminary determination in the **Federal Register**. Interested parties are invited to comment on this preliminary determination.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Frances Veith or Bob Palmer, AD/CVD

Operations, Office V, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-4295 or (202) 482-9068, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Scope of the Investigation

The product subject to this investigation is 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, R-134a, or its chemical equivalent, regardless of form, type, or purity level. The chemical formula for 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane is CF₃-CH₂F, and the Chemical Abstracts Service ("CAS") registry number is CAS 811-97-2.

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane is sold under a number of trade names including Klea 134a and Zephex 134a (Mexichem Fluor); Genetron 134a (Honeywell); Suva 134a, Dymel 134a, and Dymel P134a (DuPont); Solkane 134a (Solvay); and Forane 134a (Arkema). Generically, 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane has been sold as Fluorocarbon 134a, R-134a, HFC-134a, HF A-134a, Refrigerant 134a, and UN3159.

Merchandise covered by the scope of this investigation is currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS") at subheading 2903.39.2020. Although the HTSUS subheading and CAS registry number are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope is dispositive.

Methodology

The Department conducted this investigation in accordance with section 731 of the Act. We calculated export prices and constructed export prices in accordance with section 772 of the Act. Because the PRC is a non-market economy within the meaning of section 771(18) of the Act, normal value ("NV") was calculated in accordance with section 773(c) of the Act.

For a full description of the methodology underlying our conclusions, *see* the Preliminary Decision Memorandum hereby adopted by this notice.¹ The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's

¹ *See* "Decision Memorandum for Preliminary Determination for the Antidumping Duty Investigation of 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane from the People's Republic of China," from Christian Marsh, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations, to Paul Piquado, Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, dated concurrently with this notice ("Preliminary Decision Memorandum").

Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System ("IA ACCESS"). IA ACCESS is available to registered users at <http://iaaccess.trade.gov>, and is available to all parties in the Central Records Unit, room 7046 of the main Department of Commerce building. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly on the Internet at <http://trade.gov/enforcement/>. The signed Preliminary Decision Memorandum and the electronic version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum are identical in content.

Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances, in Part

On February 19, 2014, Petitioner timely filed an amendment to the petition, pursuant to section 733(e)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.206(c)(2)(i), alleging that critical circumstances exist with respect to imports of the merchandise under consideration.² We preliminarily determine that critical circumstances do not exist for Bluestar but do exist with respect to Weitron, non-individually examined companies, and the PRC-wide entity. For a full description of the methodology and

results of our analysis, *see* the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Combination Rates

In the *Initiation Notice*,³ the Department stated that it would calculate combination rates for the respondents that are eligible for a separate rate in this investigation. Policy Bulletin 05.1 describes this practice.⁴

Preliminary Determination

The preliminary weighted-average antidumping duty ("AD") margin percentages are as follows:

Exporter	Producer	Weighted-average margin (%)
Weitron International Refrigeration Equipment (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Zhejiang Quhua Fluor-Chemistry Co., Ltd	133.47
Weitron International Refrigeration Equipment (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Sinochem Environmental Protection Chemicals (Taicang) Co., Ltd	133.47
Jiangsu Bluestar Green Technology Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Bluestar Green Technology Co., Ltd	237.33
Shandong Dongyue Chemical Co., Ltd	Shandong Dongyue Chemical Co., Ltd	187.48
T.T. International Co., Ltd	Sinochem Environmental Protection Chemicals (Taicang) Co., Ltd	187.48
T.T. International Co., Ltd	Zhejiang Quhua Fluor-Chemistry Co., Ltd	187.48
T.T. International Co., Ltd	Jiangsu Bluestar Green Technology Co., Ltd	187.48
T.T. International Co., Ltd	Zhejiang Sanmei Chemical Ind, Co., Ltd	187.48
T.T. International Co., Ltd	Zhejiang Pujiang Bailian Chemical Co., Ltd	187.48
T.T. International Co., Ltd	Jiangsu Jinxue Group Co., Ltd	187.48
T.T. International Co., Ltd	Zhejiang Quzhou Lianzhou Refrigerants Co., Ltd	187.48
Zhejiang Sanmei Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.	Zhejiang Sanmei Chemical Industry Co., Ltd	187.48
Zhejiang Sanmei Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Sanmei Chemicals Co., Ltd	187.48
PRC-Wide Entity ⁵		237.33

Disclosure and Public Comment

We will disclose the calculations performed to parties in this proceeding within five days of the date of publication of this notice in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b). Case briefs or other written comments may be submitted to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance no later than seven days after the date on which the final verification report is issued in this proceeding and rebuttal briefs, limited to issues raised in case briefs, may be submitted no later than five days after the deadline date for case briefs.⁶ A table of contents, list of authorities used, and an executive summary of

issues should accompany any briefs submitted to the Department.

Interested parties who wish to request a hearing, or to participate if one is requested, must submit a written request to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, U.S. Department of Commerce, filed electronically at Enforcement and Compliance's electronic records system, IA ACCESS. An electronically filed document must be received successfully in its entirety by the Department's electronic records system, IA ACCESS, by 5:00 p.m. Eastern Standard Time, within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice.⁷ Hearing requests should contain the party's

name, address, and telephone number, the number of participants, and a list of the issues you intend to present at the hearing. If a request for a hearing is made, the Department intends to hold the hearing at the U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20230, at a time and location to be determined. Parties should confirm by telephone the date, time, and location of the hearing two days before the scheduled date.

Pursuant to section 735(a)(1) of the Act, we will make our final determination no later than 135 days after the date of publication of this preliminary determination.

² See Letter from Petitioner to the Department, Re: "1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane from The People's Republic of China: Critical Circumstances Allegation," February 19, 2014.

³ See *1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane from the People's Republic of China: Initiation of Antidumping Duty Investigation*, 77 FR 73832, 73836 (December 9, 2013) ("Initiation Notice").

⁴ See Enforcement and Compliance's Policy Bulletin No. 05.1, regarding, "Separate-Rates Practice and Application of Combination Rates in Antidumping Investigations Involving Non-Market Economy Countries," (April 5, 2005) ("Policy Bulletin 05.1"), available on the Department's Web site at <http://enforcement.trade.gov/policy/bull05-1.pdf>.

⁵ This also includes Zhejiang Bailian Industry and Trade, Jiangsu Jin Xue Group Co., Ltd., SC Ningbo

International Ltd, Sinochem Environmental Protection Chemicals (Taichang) Co., Ltd., Sinochem Ningbo Ltd., Zhejiang Quhua Fluor-Chemistry Co., Ltd., Zhejiang Quzhou Lianzhou Refrigerants Co., Ltd. and Aerospace Communications Holdings, Co. Ltd.

⁶ See 19 CFR 351.309.

⁷ See 19 CFR 351.310(c).

Suspension of Liquidation

In accordance with section 733(d) of the Act the Department will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection (“CBP”) to suspend liquidation of all entries of tetrafluoroethane from the PRC, as described in the “Scope of the Investigation” section, entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.205(d), the Department will instruct CBP to require a cash deposit⁸ equal to the weighted-average amount by which NV exceeds U.S. price, adjusted where appropriate for export subsidies and estimated domestic subsidy pass-through,⁹ as follows: (1) The cash deposit rate for the exporter/producer combinations listed in the table above will be the rate the Department determines in this preliminary determination; (2) for all combinations of PRC exporters/producers of merchandise under consideration that have not received their own separate rate above, the cash-deposit rate will be the cash deposit rate established for the PRC-wide entity; and (3) for all non-PRC exporters of merchandise under consideration which have not received their own separate rate above, the cash-deposit rate will be the cash deposit rate applicable to the PRC exporter/producer combination that supplied that non-PRC exporter.

We did not adjust the preliminary determination AD margins for export subsidies because the Department found no evidence of export subsidies in the companion countervailing duty (“CVD”) proceeding. Additionally, the Department did not adjust the preliminary determination AD margins for estimated domestic subsidy pass-through because respondents provided no information to support an adjustment pursuant to section 777A(f) of the Act.¹⁰

⁸ See Modification of Regulations Regarding the Practice of Accepting Bonds During the Provisional Measures Period in Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Investigations, 76 FR 61042 (October 3, 2011).

⁹ See sections 772(c)(1)(C) and 777A(f) of the Act, respectively. Unlike in administrative reviews, the Department calculates the adjustment for export subsidies in investigations not in the margin calculation program, but in the cash deposit instructions issued to CBP. See *Notice of Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, and Negative Determination of Critical Circumstances: Certain Lined Paper Products from India*, 71 FR 45012 (August 8, 2006), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 1.

¹⁰ See Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Postponement of Final Determination and Extension of Provisional Measures

Pursuant to a request from Weitron, we are postponing the final determination and extending the provisional measures from a four-month period to no more than six months. Accordingly, we will make our final determination no later than 135 days after the date of publication of this preliminary determination, pursuant to section 735(a)(2) of the Act.¹¹

International Trade Commission (“ITC”) Notification

In accordance with section 733(f) of the Act, we notified the ITC of our preliminary affirmative determination of sales at LTFV. Section 735(b)(2) of the Act requires the ITC to make its final determination as to whether the domestic industry in the United States is materially injured, or threatened with material injury, by reason of imports of tetrafluoroethane, or sales (or the likelihood of sales) for importation, of the merchandise under consideration within 45 days of our final determination.

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 733(f) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: May 21, 2014.

Paul Piquado,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

1. Initiation
2. Period of Investigation
3. Postponement of Preliminary Determination
4. Scope of the Investigation
5. Scope Comments
6. Selection of Respondents
7. Critical Circumstances
8. Discussion of the Methodology
 - a. Non-Market Economy Country
 - b. Surrogate Country
 - c. Surrogate Value Comments
 - d. Separate Rates
 - e. Margin for the Separate Rate Companies
 - f. Combination Rates
 - g. The PRC-Wide Entity
 - h. Application of Facts Available and Adverse Facts Available
 - i. Affiliation
 - j. Date of Sale
 - k. Fair Value Comparisons
 - l. Export Price
 - m. Constructed Export Price
 - n. Normal Value
 - o. Factor Valuations Methodology
 - p. Comparison to Normal Value
 - q. Currency Conversion
9. Verification
10. Section 777A(f) of the Act
11. International Trade Commission

¹¹ See also 19 CFR 351.210(e).

Notification

12. Conclusion

[FR Doc. 2014–12484 Filed 5–28–14; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A–570–831]

Fresh Garlic From the People's Republic of China: Partial Rescission of the 19th Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2012–2013

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (the Department) is conducting the 19th administrative review of the antidumping duty order on fresh garlic from the People's Republic of China (PRC) covering the period of review November 1, 2012, through October 31, 2013. The Department is rescinding the review for 94 companies for which Petitioners and/or the companies withdrew their request(s) in a timely manner.

DATES: *Effective Date:* May 29, 2014.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Jacqueline Arrowsmith, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20120; telephone (202) 482–5255.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On November 1, 2013, the Department of Commerce published in the **Federal Register** a notice of the opportunity to request administrative review of, *inter alia*, the antidumping duty order on fresh garlic from the PRC covering the period November 1, 2012, through October 31, 2013.¹ In November 2013, the Department received review requests from PRC producers/exporters of fresh garlic and the Fresh Garlic Producers Association (FGPA) and its individual members (collectively, the Petitioners).² On December 30, 2013, the Department initiated this review for 147

¹ *Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Opportunity To Request Administrative Review*, 78 FR 65612 (November 1, 2013).

² Shenzhen Xinboda Industrial Co., Ltd. and Zhengzhou Harmoni Spice Co., Ltd. (Harmoni) are the PRC producer/exporters. The individual members of the FGPA are Christopher Ranch L.L.C.; the Garlic Company; Valley Garlic; and Vessey Company, Inc.