TABLE OF REGULATORY SECTIONS AND RESPONDENT BURDEN—Continued

Type of burden	Transactions per year	Estimated time per transaction	Annual re- sponse burden (hours)
Subtotal	90,453		22,681
Total Recordkeeping			42,655
Total Annual Burden			74,918

Send comments to Susan G. Queen, Ph.D., HRSA Reports Clearance Officer, Room 16C–17, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Dated: August 19, 2003.

Jane Harrison,

Director, Division of Policy Review and Coordination.

[FR Doc. 03–21752 Filed 8–26–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4165–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Health Resources and Services Administration

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

In compliance with the requirement for the opportunity for public comment on proposed data collection projects (section 3506(c)(2)(A) of Title 44, United States Code, as amended by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104–13), the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) publishes periodic summaries of proposed projects being developed for submission to OMB under the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. To request more information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the data collection plans and draft

instruments, call the HRSA Reports Clearance Officer at (301) 443–1129.

Comments are invited on: (a) Whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Agency, including whether the information shall have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the Agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

Proposed Project: Evaluation of the Implementation and Outcomes of the Maternal and Child Health Bureau's National Healthy Start Program—NEW

HRSA's Maternal and Child Health Bureau is planning to conduct a survey to collect information concerning Healthy Start, a community-based initiative, to understand how Healthy Start services are expected to change local health care systems and service delivery and ultimately affect maternal and child health outcomes. The purpose of the survey is to collect consistent and comprehensive information across current grantees about their Healthy Start program, its organizational configuration, community context, and the extent to which the program components address service needs and contribute to grantees meeting their

Healthy Start goals. A two-part survey consisting of a mail component followed by a telephone follow-up is proposed. The mail survey will focus on obtaining descriptive and quantitative data that is currently not available. The phone survey will be used to obtain grantee assessments of program achievements, factors that facilitated their achievements, and challenges that they faced.

Data collection will cover information on the five service components (case management, health education, outreach, perinatal depression screening, and interconceptional care), and the four systems-building components (consortium, collaboration with Title V, local health systems action plan, and sustainability plan) that comprise the Healthy Start program. Data gathered from the survey will be used to provide HRSA the information necessary to assess the grantees' achievements of three core Healthy Start program goals: (1) Reduced racial and ethnic disparities in access to and utilization of health services; (2) improved local health care system; and (3) increased consumer or community voice in health care decisions. The survey will provide information that is currently unavailable from the service delivery and performance measure data. Based on the data collected in this survey, the National Evaluator will conduct cross-site analyses.

The estimated burden on respondents is as follows:

Respondents	Number of respondents	Hours per respondent	Total burden hour
Grantees	96	4 (assume mail and phone)	384

The estimated response burden for service providers is as follows:

Send comments to Susan G. Queen, Ph.D., HRSA Reports Clearance Officer, Room 14–45, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857. Written comments should be received within 60 days of this notice.

Dated: August 18, 2003.

Jane M. Harrison,

Director, Division of Policy Review and Coordination.

[FR Doc. 03–21753 Filed 8–25–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4165–15–P

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Health Resources and Services Administration

Agency Information Collection Activities: Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

Periodically, the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) publishes abstracts of information collection requests under review by the Office of Management and Budget, in compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35). To request a copy of the clearance requests submitted to OMB for review, call the HRSA Reports Clearance Office on (301) 443–1129.

Proposed Project: Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency (CARE) Act and Minority AIDS Initiative (MAI) Consultation Form—New

The purpose of the Ryan White CARE Act is to provide emergency assistance to localities that are disproportionately affected by the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) epidemic and to make financial assistance available for the development, organization, coordination, and operation of more effective and costefficient systems for the delivery of essential services to persons with HIV

disease. The CARE Act also provides grants to States, eligible metropolitan areas, community-based programs, and early intervention programs for the delivery of services to individuals and families with HIV infection.

The HRSA's HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB) administers Titles I, II, III, and IV of the Ryan White CARE Act of 1990, as amended by the Ryan White CARE Act Amendments of 1996 and 2000 (codified under Title XXVI of the Public Health Service Act).

In 1998, President Clinton declared that HIV was a severe and ongoing health crisis among racial/ethnic minority communities. In response to the President's declaration, in fiscal year 1999 the Congressional Black Caucus (CBC) announced funding of a new initiative to address the disproportionate impact of HIV on African-American and Hispanic communities. Since 1999, the initial CBC initiative has been broadened to address the HIV epidemic in other racial and ethnic minority communities. Currently, the HRSA, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the National Institutes of Health, the Office of Public Health and Sciences' Office of Minority Health, the Indian Health Service, and the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration allocate MAI funds. Direct service providers receiving MAI funds through HAB include organizations whose board of directors and/or direct service employees are racial/ethnic minorities, as well as organizations whose mission is focused on providing care to racial/ ethnic minority populations.

The Fax Consultation Form for Minority Providers and Providers Receiving MAI Funds is designed to collect information from (1) service providers receiving MAI funds and (2) service providers funded by the Ryan White CARE Act whose board members or direct service staff are predominantly racial/ethnic minority members. The Fax Consultation Form will address several over-arching questions

including: (1) Have the MAI funds increased the number of persons served and the type and availability of services provided in communities of color; (2) have the MAI funds increased the capacity of minority and other CARE Act service providers to provide care and services in communities of color; (3) what has been the impact of MAI funded training, technical assistance (TA), and capacity building of minority and other organizations; and (4) what administrative impact have MAI funds had on CARE Act programs? Information obtained from the Fax Consultation Form for Minority Providers and Providers Receiving MAI Funds will be used to address the overarching questions, plan new technical assistance and capacity development activities, and inform HAB policies and program management.

The Fax Consultation Form for Minority Providers and Providers Receiving MAI Funds will be transmitted by facsimile to service providers who meet the criteria for completing the form. Responding service providers will return their completed forms by the United States Postal Service, an Internet web-based response form, or by facsimile. The form will be designed to include check box responses and open-ended questions. The form will not require additional data to be collected or analyzed by the responding provider. The form will take no longer than 20 minutes to complete. The form will include questions regarding facilitators and barriers to CARE Act and MAI funding, training and technical assistance needs, ways in which the number of minority service providers engaged in HIV care might be increased, new and expanded activities funded by MAI, extent to which MAI funds have met the needs of racial/ ethnic communities, the impact of MAI funds on the administration activities, and methods used to track MAI funds.

The estimated response burden for service providers is as follows:

Estimated number of provider respondents	Estimated responses per provider	Estimated minutes per response	Estimated total minutes burden	Estimated total hour burden
1,500	1	20	30,000	500