involve writing certain export control statements on shipping documents or reporting unforeseen changes in shipping and disposition of exported commodities. These activities are needed by the Office of Export Enforcement and the U.S. Customs Service to document export transactions, enforce the EAR and protect the National Security of the United States

Affected Public: Business or other forprofit organizations.

Frequency: On Occasion.
Respondent's Obligation: Voluntary.

This information collection request may be viewed at reginfo.gov—http://www.reginfo.gov/public/. Follow the instructions to view Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to *OIRA_Submission@* omb.eop.gov.

Sheleen Dumas,

Department PRA Clearance Officer, Office of the Chief Information Officer, Commerce Department.

[FR Doc. 2020–01571 Filed 1–28–20; 8:45 am] **BILLING CODE 3510–33–P**

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[C-560-829]

Uncoated Paper From Indonesia: Final Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2018

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that countervailable subsidies are being provided to producers and exporters of uncoated paper from Indonesia during the period of review (POR) January 1 through December 31, 2018.

DATES: Applicable January 29, 2020. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** William Miller, AD/CVD Operations, Office II, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401

Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3906.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The review covers PT Anugerah Kertas Utama, PT Riau Andalan Kertas, APRIL Fine Paper Macao Offshore Limited, PT Asia Pacific Rayon, PT Sateri Viscose International, A P Fine Paper Trading (Hong Kong) Limited, and APRIL International Enterprise Pte. Ltd. (collectively, APRIL).¹

On November 8, 2019, Commerce published the preliminary results of this administrative review in the **Federal Register**.² Although we invited interested parties to comment on the *Preliminary Results*,³ we received no comments. Accordingly, no decision memorandum accompanies this **Federal Register** notice.⁴

Scope of the Order

The merchandise under review includes uncoated paper in sheet form; weighing at least 40 grams per square meter but not more than 150 grams per square meter; that either is a white paper with a GE brightness level ⁵ of 85 or higher or is a colored paper; whether or not surface-decorated, printed (except as described below), embossed, perforated, or punched; irrespective of the smoothness of the surface; and irrespective of dimensions (Certain Uncoated Paper). Certain Uncoated Paper includes (a) uncoated free sheet paper that meets this scope definition; (b) uncoated ground wood paper produced from bleached chemi-thermomechanical pulp (BCTMP) that meets this scope definition; and (c) any other uncoated paper that meets this scope definition regardless of the type of pulp used to produce the paper.

Specifically excluded from the scope are: (1) Paper printed with final content of printed text or graphics and (2) lined paper products, typically school supplies, composed of paper that incorporates straight horizontal and/or vertical lines that would make the paper unsuitable for copying or printing purposes. For purposes of this scope definition, paper shall be considered "printed with final content" where at least one side of the sheet has printed text and/or graphics that cover at least five percent of the surface area of the entire sheet.

On September 1, 2017, Commerce determined that that imports of uncoated paper with a GE brightness of 83 +/- 1% (83 Bright paper), otherwise meeting the description of in-scope merchandise, constitute merchandise "altered in form or appearance in minor respects" from in-scope merchandise that are subject to this order.⁶

Imports of the subject merchandise are provided for under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) categories 4802.56.1000, 4802.56.2000, 4802.56.3000, 4802.56.4000, 4802.56.6000, 4802.56.7020, 4802.56.7040, 4802.57.1000, 4802.57.2000, 4802.57.3000, and 4802.57.4000. Some imports of subject merchandise may also be classified under 4802.62.1000, 4802.62.2000, 4802.62.3000, 4802.62.5000, 4802.62.6020, 4802.62.6040, 4802.69.1000, 4802.69.2000, 4802.69.3000, 4811.90.8050 and 4811.90.9080. While HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of the order is dispositive.

Final Results of the Review

We determine the following net countervailable subsidy rate for the period January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018:

¹ See Certain Uncoated Paper from Indonesia: Preliminary Results of Countervailing Duty Administrative Review; 2018, 84 FR 60378 (November 8, 2019) (Preliminary Results), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM) at 1.

² See Preliminary Results, 84 FR at 60378.

³ Id. at 60379.

⁴For further details of the issues addressed in this proceeding, *see Preliminary Results* and PDM.

⁵ One of the key measurements of any grade of paper is brightness. Generally speaking, the brighter the paper the better the contrast between the paper and the ink. Brightness is measured using a GE Reflectance Scale, which measures the reflection of light off a grade of paper. One is the lowest reflection, or what would be given to a totally black grade, and 100 is the brightest measured grade. "Colored paper" as used in this scope definition means a paper with a hue other than white that reflects one of the primary colors of magenta, yellow, and cyan (red, yellow, and blue) or a combination of such primary colors.

⁶ See Certain Uncoated Paper from Australia, Brazil, the People's Republic of China, Indonesia, and Portugal: Affirmative Final Determination of Circumvention of the Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Orders, 82 FR 41610 (September 1, 2017).

Company	Net subsidy rate ad valorem (percent)
PT Anugerah Kertas Utama, PT Riau Andalan Kertas, APRIL Fine Paper Macao Offshore Limited, PT Asia Pacific Rayon, PT Sateri Viscose International, A P Fine Paper Trading (Hong Kong) Limited, and APRIL International Enterprise Pte. Ltd. (collectively, APRIL)	104.00

Assessment Rates

Consistent with section 751(a)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(2), Commerce will determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, countervailing duties on all appropriate entries. Commerce intends to issue appropriate assessment instructions to CBP 15 days after publication of the final results of this review.

Cash Deposit Requirements

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act, Commerce also intends to instruct CBP to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties in the amount indicated above for APRIL on shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of publication of the final results of this administrative review. For all nonreviewed firms, we will instruct CBP to collect cash deposits of estimated countervailing duties at the most recent company-specific or all-others rate applicable to the company, as appropriate. These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification Regarding Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to APO of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of return/ destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

Notification to Interested Parties

This notice is issued and published in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act.

Dated: January 22, 2020.

Jeffrey I. Kessler,

Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2020–01561 Filed 1–28–20; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration [A-570-016, C-570-017]

Notice of Initiation and Preliminary Results of Changed Circumstances Reviews: Certain Passenger Vehicle and Light Truck Tires From the People's Republic of China

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: In response to a request for changed circumstances reviews (CCRs), the Department of Commerce (Commerce) is initiating CCRs of the antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) orders on certain passenger vehicle and light truck tires (passenger tires) from the People's Republic of China (China). We have preliminarily determined that: Sailun Group Co., Ltd. (Sailun Group) is the successor-in-interest to Sailun Jinyu Group Co., Ltd. (Sailun Jinyu); Sailun (Dongying) Tire Co., Ltd. (Sailun Dongying) is the successor-in-interest to Shandong Jinyu Industrial Co., Ltd. (Shandong Jinyu); and Sailun Group (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. (Sailun HK) is the successor-in-interest to Sailun Jinyu Group (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd. (Sailun Jinyu HK). As a result, these entities should be accorded the same treatment previously accorded to this company group. Interested parties are invited to comment on these preliminary results.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Toni Page at (202) 482–1398 (AD) or Andrew Huston at (202) 482–4261 (CVD), Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance,

DATES: Applicable January 29, 2020.

International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On August 10, 2015, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the AD and GVD *Orders* on passenger tires from China.¹ During the AD investigation of this proceeding, Commerce selected Sailun Jinyu as a mandatory respondent and found that Sailun Jinyu, Shandong Jinyu, Sailun Jinyu HK, as well as several other companies were part of the Sailun Jinyu Group and treated them as a single entity for purposes of calculating the AD margin.² In the companion CVD case, the Sailun Group has never been selected as a mandatory respondent in any of the proceedings and has received the all-others CVD subsidy rate in the investigation and subsequent administrative reviews.³

On October 25, 2019, Sailun Jinyu requested that Commerce conduct expedited CCRs of the Orders to determine that Sailun Group is the successor-in-interest to Sailun Jinyu, Sailun Dongying is the successor-ininterest to Shandong Jinyu, and Sailun HK is the successor-in-interest to Sailun Jinyu HK.⁴ Commerce continued to treat the Sailun Jinyu Group as a single entity through subsequent AD administrative reviews.⁵ In its requests, Sailun Jinyu addressed the factors Commerce analyzes with respect to successor-ininterest determinations in the AD and CVD context, and provided documentation in support.⁶ Commerce received no comments from interested parties on Sailun Jinyu's CCR requests. On December 6, 2019, Commerce extended the deadline to determine whether to initiate the CCR by 45 days, until January 23, 2020 7 in accordance with 19 CFR 351.302(b). On December 10, 2019, Commerce requested additional information from Sailun

Determination and Antidumping Duty Order; and Amended Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Countervailing Duty Order, 80 FR 47902 (August 10, 2015) (Orders).

² See Sailun Jinyu's Letter, "Sailun Request for a Changed Circumstances Review in Certain Passenger Vehicle and Light Truck Tires from the People's Republic of China, Case No. A–570–016," dated October 25, 2019 (AD CCR Request).

³ See Sailun Jinyu's Letter, "Sailun Request for a Changed Circumstances Review in Certain Passenger Vehicle and Light Truck Tires from the People's Republic of China, Case No. C-570-017," dated October 25, 2019 (CVD CCR Request).

- $^4\,See$ AD CCR Request; and CVD CCR Request.
- ⁵ See AD CCR Request at 5.
- $^{\rm 6}\,See$ AD CCR Request; and CVD CCR Request.
- ⁷ See Memorandum, "Initiation of Changed Circumstances Reviews: Certain Passenger Vehicle and Light Truck Tires from the People's Republic of China," dated December 6, 2019.

¹ See Certain Passenger Vehicle and Light Truck Tires from the People's Republic of China: Amended Final Affirmative Antidumping Duty