

assessment or environmental impact study.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

The Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for 14 CFR part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§ 71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order JO 7400.11H, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 11, 2023, and effective September 15, 2023, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6010(b) Alaskan VOR Federal Airways.

* * * * *

V-506 [Amended]

From Kotzebue, AK; 53 miles 12 AGL, 71 miles 55 MSL, 35 miles 12 AGL; Nome, AK; Bethel, AK; 63 miles 12 AGL, 84 miles 70 MSL, 51 miles 12 AGL; to King Salmon, AK.

* * * * *

Issued in Washington, DC, on April 16, 2024.

Frank Lias,

Manager, Rules and Regulations Group.

[FR Doc. 2024–08432 Filed 4–19–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Industry and Security

15 CFR Part 746

[Docket No. 240417–0112]

RIN 0694–AJ61

Export Control Measures Under the Export Administration Regulations (EAR) To Address Iranian Aggression Against Israel and Military Support for Russia

AGENCY: Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: In this final rule, the Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) makes

changes to the Export Administration Regulations (EAR) to expand the scope of items that require a license for export and reexport to Iran; this rule also expands the scope of the Russia/Belarus/Temporarily occupied Crimea region of Ukraine Foreign Direct Product (FDP) rule and the Iran FDP rule. Certain foreign-made items located outside of the United States are subject to the EAR because they meet criteria specified under one of the FDP rules under the EAR. This final rule expands the product scope of two of the FDP rules to make additional items subject to the EAR and imposes a license requirement when they are reexported or exported from abroad to Iran, Russia, Belarus, or the Temporarily occupied Crimea region of Ukraine. Prior to this rule, BIS had not controlled all foreign transactions involving items covered by this rule, but in light of recent events and the need to fully leverage EAR controls to address U.S. national security and foreign policy interests, these additional controls are now warranted under the EAR.

DATES: This rule is effective on April 18, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For questions on this final rule, contact Tracy Patts, Supervisory Export Policy Analyst, Office of Nonproliferation and Foreign Policy Controls, Bureau of Industry and Security, Department of Commerce, Phone: 202–482–4252, Email: Foreign.Policy@bis.doc.gov

For emails, include “supplement no. 7” in the subject line.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

On April 13, 2024, the Islamic Republic of Iran and its proxies conducted an unprecedented air attack on Israel. Iran’s destabilizing actions endanger the region and all its people. In addition, Iran’s military cooperation with Russia has increased Russia’s capacity to wage war against Ukraine while enabling advancements in Iran’s and Russia’s military capabilities. Consistent with the U.S. Government’s commitment to restrict Iran from obtaining any item that might contribute to its manufacture of missiles, including those used against Israel and Ukraine, this rule amends the EAR to impose new controls restricting Iran’s access to additional low-level technology, including items manufactured outside the United States that are produced using U.S. technology, *i.e.*, through the Iran FDP Rule in § 734.9(j) of the EAR.

Iran is already subject to comprehensive export restrictions under U.S. law, including licensing

requirements described in § 746.7 of the EAR. This rule builds on BIS’s February 2023 action that targeted Iran’s involvement in supplying Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs) in support of Russia’s war in Ukraine (see 88 FR 12150, February 24, 2023). In that rule, BIS imposed export and reexport license requirements on a subset of EAR99 items, *i.e.*, items not specified on the Commerce Control List (CCL, supplement no. 1 to part 774 of the EAR) if destined to Iran, regardless of whether a U.S. person is involved in the transaction. BIS also added a new Iran Foreign Direct Product rule for items in certain categories of the CCL and for certain other items identified by Harmonized Tariff System Codes at the six-digit level (HTS–6 Codes) in supplement no. 7 to part 746 of the EAR in the February 24, 2023 rule. On January 23, 2024, BIS expanded the list of items included in supplement no. 7 to part 746 of the EAR (see 89 FR 4804, January 23, 2024).

Russia, Belarus, and certain temporarily occupied regions of Ukraine have been subjected to increasing export controls since Russia’s full-scale invasion of Ukraine on February 24, 2022. There are now thousands of categories of items controlled to these destinations, including those controlled together with substantially aligned allies and partners in the Global Export Control Coalition (GECC). Export controls in the EAR extend to foreign produced items caught by the Russia/Belarus/Temporarily occupied Crimea region of Ukraine FDP rule in § 734.9(f) of the EAR (Russia FDP), ensuring that foreign items produced with controlled software and technology are also caught by U.S. restrictions. The continued expansion of controls on Russia, Belarus, and the temporarily occupied regions of Ukraine meets U.S. national security and foreign policy objectives to continue the degradation of Russia’s ability to execute its war against Ukraine.

This action is consistent with U.S. policy objectives to continue to strengthen the impact of export control measures in response to Iran’s attack on Israel and Iran’s support for Russia’s war in Ukraine by limiting Iran’s and Russia’s access to certain EAR99 items critical to their weapons programs.

II. Overview of New Controls

This rule revises the EAR to enhance and strengthen existing measures against Iran, Russia, and Belarus. Specifically, this rule further expands the list of items included in supplement no. 7 to part 746 to include additional items that are critical to Iran and

Russia's weapons programs. The export control measures in this final rule build upon the national security and foreign policy objectives of the United States. The expansion of items included in supplement no. 7 to part 746 will enhance the effectiveness of export controls on Iran and Russia by further limiting access to items that enable their military capabilities.

While BIS's controls cover a vast array of items necessary to the defense industries of Iran and Russia, certain items are more significant to their weaponry than others. The items in supplement no. 7 to part 746 will now include the entirety of the 'Common High Priority List' (CHPL). (See <https://www.bis.doc.gov/index.php/all-articles/13-policy-guidance/country-guidance/2172-russia-export-controls-list-of-common-high-priority-items>) BIS, in coordination with its partners in the European Union, Japan, and the United Kingdom, developed the CHPL to jointly identify items used in Russian weapons development by HTS-6 Codes. The 50 CHPL HTS-6 Codes include electronic components such as integrated circuits and radio frequency (RF) transceiver modules, items essential for the manufacturing and testing of electronic components, and computer numerically controlled (CNC) machine tools. Iran's drone program is also dependent on foreign sources for these items. In adding 39 additional items to supplement no. 7 to part 746, the supplement will now include all 50 Common High Priority items.

III. Amendments to the EAR

This rule expands the list of items in supplement no. 7 to part 746 (Items That Require a License Under § 746.6 When Destined to the Temporarily Occupied Crimea region of Ukraine, Under § 746.7 When Destined to Iran, and Under § 746.8 When Destined to Russia or Belarus) by adding 39 additional HTS-6 Code entries (845710, 845811, 845891, 845961, 846693, 847180, 848210, 848220, 848230, 848250, 848610, 848620, 848640, 850440, 851769, 852589, 852990, 853400, 853669, 853690, 854110, 854121, 854129, 854130, 854149, 854151, 854159, 854160, 854320, 880730, 901310, 901380, 901420, 901480, 902750, 903020, 903032, 903039, and 903082).

All items subject to the EAR that are classified under these HTS-6 entries already require a license for export, reexport, or transfer (in-country) to Russia and Belarus under § 746.5 of the EAR. In addition, CCL and U.S.-origin EAR99 items classified under these HTS-6 entries are prohibited for export

or reexport to Iran under § 746.7(e) of the EAR. By adding these items to supplement no. 7 to part 746, BIS jurisdiction over foreign produced items in these categories will be expanded, which will in turn expand license requirements for Russia and Belarus under § 746.8(a)(2). The addition of these codes to supplement no. 7 to part 746 will also expand EAR restrictions over foreign transactions with Iran under § 746.7(a). The restrictions on these items are intended to further undermine the ability of Iran and Russia to support the production of missiles, drones, and other military items for use against Israel and Ukraine.

Savings Clause

Shipments of items removed from eligibility for a License Exception or export, reexport, or transfer (in-country) without a license (NLR) as a result of this regulatory action that were en route aboard a carrier to a port of export, reexport, or transfer (in-country), on April 18, 2024, pursuant to actual orders for export, reexport, or transfer (in-country) to or within a foreign destination, may proceed to that destination under the previous eligibility for a License Exception or export, reexport, or transfer (in-country) without a license (NLR), provided the export, reexport, or transfer (in-country) is completed no later than on May 20, 2024.

Export Control Reform Act of 2018

On August 13, 2018, the President signed into law the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019, which included the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (ECRA) (codified, as amended, at 50 U.S.C. 4801-4852). ECRA provides the legal basis for BIS's principal authorities and serves as the authority under which BIS issues this rule.

Rulemaking Requirements

1. BIS has examined the impact of this rule as required by Executive Orders 12866, 13563, and 14094, which direct agencies to assess all costs and benefits of available regulatory alternatives and, if regulation is necessary, to select regulatory approaches that maximize net benefits (e.g., potential economic, environmental, public, health, and safety effects, distributive impacts, and equity). Pursuant to E.O. 12866, as amended, this final rule is not a "significant regulatory action."

2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person is required to respond to, nor shall any person be subject to a penalty for failure to comply with, a collection of information subject

to the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*) (PRA), unless that collection of information displays a currently valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Control Number. This rule involves the following OMB-approved collections of information subject to the PRA:

- 0694-0088, "Simple Network Application Process and Multipurpose Application Form," which carries a burden hour estimate of 29.4 minutes for a manual or electronic submission;
- 0694-0096 "Five Year Records Retention Period," which carries a burden hour estimate of less than 1 minute; and
- 0607-0152 "Automated Export System (AES) Program," which carries a burden hour estimate of 3 minutes per electronic submission.

BIS estimates that these new controls on Iran under the EAR will result in an increase of five license applications submitted annually to BIS. However, the additional burden falls within the existing estimates currently associated with these control numbers. Additional information regarding these collections of information—including all background materials—can be found at <https://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain> by using the search function to enter either the title of the collection or the OMB Control Number.

3. This rule does not contain policies with federalism implications as that term is defined in E.O. 13132.

4. Pursuant to section 1762 of ECRA (50 U.S.C. 4821), this action is exempt from the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 553) requirements for notice of proposed rulemaking, opportunity for public participation, and delay in effective date. While section 1762 of ECRA provides sufficient authority for such an exemption, this action is also independently exempt from these APA requirements because it involves a military or foreign affairs function of the United States (5 U.S.C. 553(a)(1)).

5. Because neither the Administrative Procedure Act nor any other law requires that notice of proposed rulemaking and an opportunity for public comment be given for this rule, the analytical requirements of the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*) are not applicable. Accordingly, no Final Regulatory Flexibility Analysis is required and none has been prepared.

List of Subjects in 15 CFR Part 746

Exports, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, part 746 of the Export

Administration Regulations (15 CFR parts 730 through 774) is amended as follows:

PART 746—EMBARGOES AND OTHER SPECIAL CONTROLS

■ 1. The authority citation for 15 CFR part 746 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 50 U.S.C. 4801–4852; 50 U.S.C. 4601 *et seq.*; 50 U.S.C. 1701 *et seq.*; 22 U.S.C. 3201 *et seq.*; 42 U.S.C. 2139a; 22 U.S.C. 7201 *et seq.*; 22 U.S.C. 7210; E.O. 12058, 43 FR 20947, 3 CFR, 1978 Comp., p. 179; E.O. 12851, 58 FR 33181, 3 CFR, 1993 Comp., p. 608; E.O. 12938, 59 FR 59099, 3 CFR, 1994 Comp., p. 950; E.O. 13026, 61 FR 58767, 3

CFR, 1996 Comp., p. 228; E.O. 13099, 63 FR 45167, 3 CFR, 1998 Comp., p. 208; E.O. 13222, 66 FR 44025, 3 CFR, 2001 Comp., p. 783; E.O. 13224, 66 FR 49079, 3 CFR, 2001 Comp., p. 786; Notice of September 19, 2022, 87 FR 57569 (September 21, 2022); Notice of November 8, 2022, 87 FR 68015, 3 CFR, 2022 Comp., p. 563; Notice of September 7, 2023, 88 FR 62439 (September 11, 2023).

■ 2. Supplement no. 7 to part 746 is amended by adding in numerical order the following entries to the table:
845710, 845811, 845891, 845961, 846693, 847180, 848210, 848220, 848230, 848250, 848610, 848620, 848640, 850440, 851769, 852589,

852990, 853400, 853669, 853690, 854110, 854121, 854129, 854130, 854149, 854151, 854159, 854160, 854320, 880730, 901310, 901380, 901420, 901480, 902750, 903020, 903032, 903039, and 903082.

Supplement No. 7 to Part 746—Items That Require a License Under § 746.6 When Destined to the Temporarily Occupied Crimea Region of Ukraine, Under § 746.7 When Destined to Iran, and Under § 746.8 When Destined to Russia or Belarus

* * * * *

HTS-6 codes	HTS description
845710	Machining centers for working metal.
845811	Horizontal lathes for removing metal, numerically controlled.
845891	Lathes, excluding horizontal, for removing metal, numerically controlled.
845961	Milling machines, not knee type, for removing metal, numerically controlled.
846693	Parts and accessories for machine tools, for laser operation, metalworking machining centers, lathes and drilling machines, etc., NESOI.
847180	Automatic data processing units, NESOI.
848210	Ball bearings.
848220	Tapered roller bearings, including cone and tapered roller assemblies.
848230	Spherical roller bearings.
848250	Cylindrical roller bearings NESOI.
848610	Machines and apparatus for the manufacture of boules or wafers.
848620	Machines and apparatus for the manufacture of semiconductor devices or of electronic integrated circuits.
848640	Machines and apparatus for the manufacture or repair of masks and reticles; for assembling semiconductor devices; for lifting, handling, loading or unloading of semi-conductor devices.
850440	Electrical static converters; power supplies for ADP machines or units of 8471.
851769	Apparatus for the transmission or reception of voice, images or other data, including switching and routing apparatus, NESOI.
852589	Television cameras, digital cameras and video camera recorders.
852990	Parts (except antennas and reflectors) sfor use with radio transmission, radar, radio navigational aid, reception and television apparatus, NESOI.
853400	Printed circuits.
853669	Electric plugs and sockets for a voltage not exceeding 1,000 V.
853690	Electrical apparatus for switching, protecting or making connections to or in electrical circuits, for a voltage not exceeding 1,000 V, NESOI.
854110	Diodes, other than photosensitive or light-emitting diodes.
854121	Transistors, other than photosensitive, with a dissipation rate of less than 1W.
854129	Transistors, other than photosensitive, NESOI.
854130	Thyristors, diacs and triacs, other than photosensitive devices.
854149	Photosensitive semiconductor devices, excluding photovoltaic generators and cells.
854151	Semiconductor-based transducers, NESOI.
854159	Semiconductor devices NESOI.
854160	Mounted piezoelectric crystals.
854320	Electrical signal generators.
880730	Other parts of airplanes, helicopters or unmanned aircraft.
901310	Telescopic sights for fitting to arms; periscopes; telescopes designed to form parts of machines, appliances, instruments or apparatus of this chapter or Section XVI.
901380	Other optical devices, appliances and instruments not elsewhere specified.
901420	Instruments and appliances for aeronautical or space navigation (other than compasses).
901480	Other navigational instruments and appliances.
902750	Other instruments and apparatus using optical radiations (ultraviolet, visible, infrared).
903020	Oscilloscopes and oscillographs.
903032	Multimeters with recording device.

HTS-6 codes	HTS description
903039	Instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking voltage, current, resistance or electrical power, with recording device.
903082	Oscilloscopes, spectrum analyzers and other instruments and apparatus for measuring or checking electrical quantities, for measuring or checking semiconductor wafers or devices.

Thea D. Rozman Kendler,
Assistant Secretary for Export
Administration.

[FR Doc. 2024-08622 Filed 4-18-24; 11:15 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-JT-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service

26 CFR Part 1

[TD 9989]

RIN 1545-BQ75

Elective Payment of Advanced Manufacturing Investment Credit; Correction

AGENCY: Internal Revenue Service (IRS),
Treasury.

ACTION: Final rule; correction.

SUMMARY: This document contains corrections to Treasury Decision 9989, which was published in the **Federal Register** for Monday, March 11, 2024. Treasury Decision 9989 issued final regulations concerning the elective payment election of the advanced manufacturing investment credit under the Creating Helpful Incentives to Produce Semiconductors (CHIPS) Act of 2022.

DATES: These corrections are effective on April 22, 2024 and for dates of applicability see § 1.48D-6(h).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Concerning these final regulations, Lani M. Sinfield of the Office of Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries) at (202) 317-4137 (not a toll-free number).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

The final regulations (TD 9989) that are the subject of this correction are under section 48D of the Internal Revenue Code.

Corrections to Publication

Accordingly, the final regulations (TD 9989) that are the subject of FR Doc. 2024-04605, published on March 11, 2024, are corrected to read:

■ 1. On page 17597, in the third column, the ninth line of the first full paragraph is corrected to read “§ 1.48D-6(b)(7)(iv) is revised in the”.

■ 2. On page 17600, in the first column, fourth line from the bottom of the column is corrected to read, “completed Form 3800 which may be”.

■ 3. On page 17605, in the third column, the second line from the bottom of the column is corrected to read, “credit. A partnership or S corporation”.

§ 1.48D-6 [Corrected]

■ 4. On page 17608, in the third column, paragraph (c)(1)(iv)(A) is corrected to read “The taxpayer claiming to be an eligible taxpayer is not a foreign entity of concern within the meaning of regulations under section 48D and has not made an applicable transaction as defined under regulations under section 50 during the taxable year that the qualified property is placed in service; and”.

■ 5. On page 17612, in the first column, the third line from the bottom of paragraph (f)(3)(i) is corrected to read “48D(d)(2)(A)(i)(I) and paragraph (d) of”.

■ 6. On page 17612, in the second column, lines twenty-two through twenty-nine of paragraph (f)(4) are corrected to read, “\$100,000. In 2025, the IRS determines that the amount of the section 48D credit properly allowable to A Corp in 2023 with respect to Facility A (as determined under regulations under section 48D that apply for purposes of determining the amount of the section 48D credit and without regard to the limitation based on tax in section 38(c)) was \$60,000. A Corp is not able to show”.

■ 7. On page 17612, in the third column, the second line of paragraph (h)(2) is corrected to read, “years ending before March 11, 2024,”.

Aron L. Cosby,

Federal Register Liaison, Publications & Regulations Branch, Legal Processing Division, Associate Chief Counsel, (Procedure and Administration).

[FR Doc. 2024-08494 Filed 4-19-24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4830-01-P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA-R09-OAR-2022-0090; FRL-9528-02-R9]

Air Plan Approval; California; Feather River Air Quality Management District; Nonattainment New Source Review; 2015 Ozone Standard

AGENCY: Environmental Protection
Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is taking final action to approve a state implementation plan (SIP) revision submitted by the State of California addressing the nonattainment new source review (NNSR) requirements for the 2015 ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS). This SIP revision addresses the Feather River Air Quality Management District (District) portion of the California SIP. This action is being taken pursuant to the Clean Air Act (CAA or Act) and its implementing regulations.

DATES: This rule is effective on May 22, 2024.

ADDRESSES: The EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket ID No. EPA-R09-OAR-2022-0090. All documents in the docket are listed on the <https://www.regulations.gov> website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet and will be publicly available only in hard copy form. Publicly available docket materials are available through <https://www.regulations.gov>, or please contact the person identified in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section for additional availability information. If you need assistance in a language other than English or if you are a person with disabilities who needs a reasonable accommodation at no cost to you, please contact the person identified in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:
Amita Muralidharan, EPA Region IX, 75