

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

**Notice of Opportunity To Comment on Proposed Settlement Under the Oil Pollution Act**

Notice is hereby given that the United States of America, on behalf of the Department of the Interior (“DOI”) acting through the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the State of Oregon represented by Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife (“ODFW”), the Confederated Tribes of Grand Ronde, and the Confederated Tribes of Siletz Indians (“Tribes”) (DOI, ODFW and Tribes collectively, the “Trustees”), are providing an opportunity for public comment on a proposed Settlement Agreement (“Settlement Agreement”) among the Trustees and settling party Central Petro, Inc. (“Central Petro”).

The Settlement Agreement resolves civil claims under the natural resource damages provision of the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (“OPA”), 33 U.S.C. 2702 for injury to, impairment of, destruction of, loss of, diminution of value of and/or loss of use of natural resources, including the reasonable costs of assessing the injuries, resulting from the December 15, 2017 discharge of approximately 11,600 gallons of unleaded gasoline from a fuel tanker owned by Central Petro near Idanha Oregon.

The Settlement Agreement resolves these claims by requiring a payment of \$567,155.97 for past assessment costs and implementation of natural resource restoration projects to be selected by the Trustees.

This publication of this notice holds opens the period for public comment on the Settlement Agreement. Comments should be addressed to the Assistant Attorney General, Environment and Natural Resources Division, and should refer to *United States et al v. Central Petro*, D.J. Ref. No. 90–5–1–1–12594. All comments must be submitted no later than thirty (30) days after the publication date of this notice. Comments may be submitted either by email or by mail:

<i>To submit comments:</i>	<i>Send them to:</i>
By email .....	<i>pubcomment- ees.enrd@ usdoj.gov.</i>
By mail .....	Assistant Attorney General, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Wash- ington, DC 20044– 7611.

During the public comment period, the Settlement Agreement may be

examined and downloaded at this Justice Department website: <https://www.justice.gov/enrd/consent-decrees>. We will provide a paper copy of the Settlement Agreement upon written request and payment of reproduction costs. Please mail your request and payment to: Consent Decree Library, U.S. DOJ—ENRD, P.O. Box 7611, Washington, DC 20044–7611.

Please enclose a check or money order for \$8.75 (25 cents per page reproduction cost) payable to the United States Treasury.

**Kathryn C. Macdonald,**

*Assistant Section Chief, Environmental Enforcement Section, Environment and Natural Resources Division.*

[FR Doc. 2023–01589 Filed 1–25–23; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4410–15–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

**Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; Plan Asset Transactions Determined by Independent Qualified Professional Asset Managers Prohibited Transaction Exemption**

**ACTION:** Notice of availability; request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Labor (DOL) is submitting this Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA)-sponsored information collection request (ICR) to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA). Public comments on the ICR are invited.

**DATES:** The OMB will consider all written comments that the agency receives on or before February 27, 2023.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to [www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain](http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain). Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function.

*Comments are invited on:* (1) whether the collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the Department, including whether the information will have practical utility; (2) if the information will be processed and used in a timely manner; (3) the accuracy of the agency’s estimates of the burden and cost of the collection of information,

including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (4) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information collection; and (5) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Mara Blumenthal by telephone at 202–693–8538, or by email at [DOL\\_PRA\\_PUBLIC@dol.gov](mailto:DOL_PRA_PUBLIC@dol.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Section 408(a) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) authorizes this information collection. Prohibited Transaction Class Exemption 84–14 permits a party that is related to an employee benefit plan to engage in transactions involving plan assets if, among other conditions, the assets are managed by a qualified professional asset manager (QPAM) that is independent of the parties in interest. The information collection requirements that are conditions of the exemption include written policies and procedures by a QPAM and audit requirements. An independent auditor uses the written policies and procedures to determine whether the QPAM is in compliance with the written policies and procedures and whether the exemption conditions have been met. For additional substantive information about this ICR, see the related notice published in the **Federal Register** on July 22, 2022 (87 FR 43897).

This information collection is subject to the PRA. A Federal agency generally cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information, and the public is generally not required to respond to an information collection, unless the OMB approves it and displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. In addition, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall generally be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information that does not display a valid OMB Control Number. See 5 CFR 1320.5(a) and 1320.6.

DOL seeks PRA authorization for this information collection for three (3) years. OMB authorization for an ICR cannot be for more than three (3) years without renewal. The DOL notes that information collection requirements submitted to the OMB for existing ICRs receive a month-to-month extension while they undergo review.

*Agency:* DOL—EBSA.

*Title of Collection:* Plan Asset Transactions Determined by Independent Qualified Professional Asset Managers Prohibited Transaction Exemption.

OMB Control Number: 1210–0128.  
 Affected Public: Private Sector—  
 Businesses or other for-profits.  
 Total Estimated Number of  
 Respondents: 11,000.  
 Total Estimated Number of  
 Responses: 11,110.  
 Total Estimated Annual Time Burden:  
 264,110 hours.  
 Total Estimated Annual Other Costs  
 Burden: \$110,000,000.

(Authority: 44 U.S.C. 3507(a)(1)(D))

Dated: January 20, 2023.

**Mara Blumenthal,**  
 Senior PRA Analyst.

[FR Doc. 2023–01525 Filed 1–25–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–29–P

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Occupational Safety and Health Administration

[Docket No. OSHA–2010–0021]

#### **Susan Harwood Training Grant Program; Revision of the Office of Management and Budget's (OMB) Approval of Information Collection (Paperwork) Requirements**

**AGENCY:** Occupational Safety and Health  
 Administration (OSHA), Labor.

**ACTION:** Request for public comments.

**SUMMARY:** OSHA solicits public  
 comments concerning the proposal to  
 extend the Office of Management and  
 Budget's (OMB) approval of the  
 information collection requirements  
 specified in the Susan Harwood  
 Training Grant Program.

**DATES:** Comments must be submitted  
 (postmarked, sent, or received) by  
 March 27, 2023.

#### **ADDRESSES:**

*Electronically:* You may submit  
 comments and attachments  
 electronically at <http://www.regulations.gov>, which is the  
 Federal eRulemaking Portal. Follow the  
 instructions online for submitting  
 comments.

*Docket:* To read or download  
 comments or other material in the  
 docket, go to <http://www.regulations.gov>. Documents in the  
 docket are listed in the <http://www.regulations.gov> index; however,  
 some information (e.g., copyrighted  
 material) is not publicly available to  
 read or download through the website.  
 All submissions, including copyrighted  
 material, are available for inspection  
 through the OSHA Docket Office.  
 Contact the OSHA Docket Office at (202)  
 693–2350 (TTY (877) 889–5627) for

assistance in locating docket  
 submissions.

*Instructions:* All submissions must  
 include the agency name and OSHA  
 docket number (OSHA–2010–0021) for  
 the Information Collection Request  
 (ICR). OSHA will place all comments,  
 including any personal information, in  
 the public docket, which may be made  
 available online. Therefore, OSHA  
 cautions interested parties about  
 submitting personal information such as  
 social security numbers and birthdates.

For further information on submitting  
 comments, see the “Public  
 Participation” heading in the section of  
 this notice titled **SUPPLEMENTARY  
 INFORMATION**.

#### **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Seleda Perryman or Theda Kenney,  
 Directorate of Standards and Guidance,  
 OSHA, U.S. Department of Labor;  
 telephone (202) 693–2222.

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

##### **I. Background**

The Department of Labor, as part of  
 the continuing effort to reduce  
 paperwork and respondent (i.e.,  
 employer) burden, conducts a  
 preclearance consultation program to  
 provide the public with an opportunity  
 to comment on proposed and  
 continuing information collection  
 requirements in accordance with the  
 Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA)  
 (44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A)). This program  
 ensures that information is in the  
 desired format, reporting burden (time  
 and costs) is minimal, the collection  
 instruments are clearly understood, and  
 OSHA's estimate of the information  
 collection burden is accurate. The  
 Occupational Safety and Health Act of  
 1970 (OSH Act) (29 U.S.C. 651 *et seq.*)  
 authorizes information collection by  
 employers as necessary or appropriate  
 for enforcement of the OSH Act or for  
 developing information regarding the  
 causes and prevention of occupational  
 injuries, illnesses, and accidents (29  
 U.S.C. 657). The OSH Act also requires  
 that OSHA obtain such information  
 with minimum burden upon employers,  
 especially those operating small  
 businesses, and to reduce to the  
 maximum extent feasible unnecessary  
 duplication of effort in obtaining  
 information (29 U.S.C. 657).

Section 21 of the Occupational Safety  
 and Health Act of 1970 (the “OSH Act”)  
 (29 U.S.C. 670) authorizes the  
 Occupational Safety and Health  
 Administration (OSHA) to conduct  
 directly, or through grants and  
 contracts, education, and training  
 courses. These courses must ensure an  
 adequate number of qualified personnel

to fulfill the purposes of the Act,  
 provide them with short-term training,  
 inform them of the importance and  
 proper use of safety and health  
 equipment, and train employers and  
 workers to recognize, avoid, and prevent  
 unsafe and unhealthful working  
 conditions.

Under Section 21, the agency awards  
 training grants to nonprofit  
 organizations to provide part of the  
 training. Organizations that receive  
 these grants must submit the Grantee  
 Quarterly Progress Report (GQPR;  
 OSHA 171, Revised 5/14) as required by  
 the Department of Labor under 29 CFR  
 95.51. This regulation states that grant  
 recipients (grantees) must submit  
 progress reports to the awarding agency  
 at least annually but no more than  
 quarterly. The reports must contain a  
 comparison of actual accomplishments  
 with goals and objectives established for  
 the reporting period and, if appropriate,  
 the program's output.

Therefore, the GQPR allows OSHA to  
 monitor a grantee's performance and to  
 determine if a recipient is using funds  
 as specified in its grant application.  
 After the grant recipient submits a  
 GQPR, the agency compares the  
 information provided by the grant  
 recipient in the report to the quarterly  
 milestones proposed by the grant  
 recipient in the work plan and budget  
 that accompanied its grant application.

This information includes: identifier  
 data (organization name, grant number,  
 and period covered by the report); the  
 date and location where the training  
 occurred; the number of workers and  
 employers attending training sessions  
 provided by the organization during the  
 quarter; the class length (in quarter  
 hours); the language used to deliver the  
 training; a description of the training  
 provided; a narrative account of grant  
 activities during the quarter (including  
 capacity building activities, needs  
 assessment activities, development of  
 training materials/curriculum,  
 evaluation activities, and other  
 educational activities); and an  
 evaluation of progress regarding  
 planned versus actual work  
 accomplished.

Using this information, OSHA can  
 determine if the grant recipient is  
 meeting the proposed program goals and  
 objectives, as described in the grant  
 proposal, and is spending funds  
 consistent with the proposed budget.

The lack of disaggregated  
 demographic data variables impedes  
 efforts to measure and advance equity.  
 Section 9 of the E.O. 13895 on  
 Advancing Racial Equity and Support  
 for Underserved Communities Through  
 the Federal Government requires each