

Register. A 15-day comment period ending on November 17, 2000, was provided. No comments were received.

A small business guide on complying with fruit, vegetable, and specialty crop marketing agreements and orders may be viewed at the following website:

<http://www.ams.usda.gov/fv/moab.html>.

Any questions about the compliance guide should be sent to Jay Guerber at the previously mentioned address in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section.

After consideration of all relevant material presented, including the information and recommendation submitted by the Committee and other available information, it is hereby found that this rule, as hereinafter set forth, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the Act.

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553, it is also found and determined that good cause exists for not postponing the effective date of this rule until 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register** because: (1) Handlers are already receiving 2000–2001 crop cranberries from growers and the assessment rate applies to all cranberries received during the 2000–2001 crop year and subsequent seasons; (2) the Committee needs to have sufficient funds to pay its expenses which are incurred on a continuous basis; (3) handlers are aware of this rule which was recommended at a public meeting; and (4) a 15-day comment period was provided for in the proposed rule published in the **Federal Register** and no comments were received.

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 929

Cranberries, Marketing agreements, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 7 CFR part 929 is amended as follows:

PART 929—CRANBERRIES GROWN IN THE STATES OF MASSACHUSETTS, RHODE ISLAND, CONNECTICUT, NEW JERSEY, WISCONSIN, MICHIGAN, MINNESOTA, OREGON, WASHINGTON, AND LONG ISLAND IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK

1. The authority citation for 7 CFR part 929 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 601–674.

2. Section 929.236 is revised to read as follows:

§ 929.236 Assessment rate.

On and after September 1, 2000, an assessment rate of \$0.08 per barrel is established for cranberries.

Dated: December 8, 2000.

Robert C. Keeney,

Deputy Administrator, Fruit and Vegetable Programs.

[FR Doc. 00–31798 Filed 12–13–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Marketing Service

7 CFR Part 984

[Docket No. FV00–984–2 FR]

Walnuts Grown in California; Increased Assessment Rate

AGENCY: Agricultural Marketing Service, USDA.

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This rule increases the assessment rate established for the Walnut Marketing Board (Board) for the 2000–01 and subsequent marketing years from \$0.0118 to \$0.0134 per kernelweight pound of assessable walnuts. The \$0.0016 increase is necessary because this year's estimate of assessable walnuts is about 13 percent less than last year's estimate. The Board locally administers the Federal marketing order which regulates the handling of walnuts grown in California (order). Authorization to assess walnut handlers enables the Board to incur expenses that are reasonable and necessary to administer the program. The marketing year runs from August 1 through July 31. The assessment rate will remain in effect indefinitely unless modified, suspended, or terminated.

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 15, 2000.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Toni Sasselli, Marketing Assistant, or Richard P. Van Diest, Marketing Specialist, California Marketing Field Office, Marketing Order Administration Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Programs, AMS, USDA, 2202 Monterey Street, suite 102B, Fresno, California 93721; telephone: (559) 487–5901, Fax: (559) 487–5906; or George Kelhart, Technical Advisor, Marketing Order Administration Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Programs, AMS, USDA, room 2525–S, P.O. Box 96456, Washington, DC 20090–6456; telephone: (202) 720–2491, Fax: (202) 720–5698.

Small businesses may request information on complying with this regulation by contacting Jay Guerber, Marketing Order Administration Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Programs, AMS, USDA, P.O. Box 96456, room 2525–S, Washington, DC 20090–6456; telephone: (202) 720–2491, Fax: (202)

720–5698, or E-mail:

Jay.Guerber@usda.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This rule is issued under Marketing Agreement and Order No. 984 (7 CFR part 984), both as amended, regulating the handling of walnuts grown in California, hereinafter referred to as the “order.” The marketing agreement and order are effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), hereinafter referred to as the “Act.”

The Department of Agriculture (Department) is issuing this rule in conformance with Executive Order 12866.

This rule has been reviewed under Executive Order 12988, Civil Justice Reform. Under the marketing order now in effect, California walnut handlers are subject to assessments. Funds to administer the order are derived from such assessments. It is intended that the assessment rate as issued herein will be applicable to all assessable walnuts beginning on August 1, 2000, and continue until amended, suspended, or terminated. This rule will not preempt any State or local laws, or policies, unless they present an irreconcilable conflict with this rule.

The Act provides that administrative proceedings must be exhausted before parties may file suit in court. Under section 608c(15)(A) of the Act, any handler subject to an order may file with the Secretary a petition stating that the order, any provision of the order, or any obligation imposed in connection with the order is not in accordance with law and request a modification of the order or to be exempted therefrom. Such handler is afforded the opportunity for a hearing on the petition. After the hearing the Secretary would rule on the petition. The Act provides that the district court of the United States in any district in which the handler is an inhabitant, or has his or her principal place of business, has jurisdiction to review the Secretary's ruling on the petition, provided an action is filed not later than 20 days after the date of the entry of the ruling.

This rule increases the assessment rate established for the Board for the 2000–01 and subsequent marketing years from \$0.0118 to \$0.0134 per kernelweight pound of assessable walnuts. The \$0.0016 increase is necessary because this year's estimate of assessable walnuts is about 13 percent less than last year's estimate. Thus, sufficient income will not be generated at the current assessment rate for the Board to meet its anticipated expenses.

The order provides authority for the Board, with the approval of the Department, to formulate an annual budget of expenses and collect assessments from handlers to administer the program. The members of the Board are producers and handlers of California walnuts. They are familiar with the Board's needs and with the costs of goods and services in their local area and are thus in a position to formulate an appropriate budget and assessment rate. The assessment rate is formulated and discussed in a public meeting. Thus, all directly affected persons have an opportunity to participate and provide input.

For the 1999–2000 and subsequent marketing years, the Board recommended, and the Department approved, an assessment rate of \$0.0118 per kernelweight pound of assessable walnuts that would continue in effect from year to year unless modified, suspended, or terminated by the Secretary upon recommendation and information submitted by the Board or other information available to the Secretary.

The Board met on September 8, 2000, and unanimously recommended 2000–01 expenditures of \$2,937,885 and an assessment rate of \$0.0134 per kernelweight pound of assessable walnuts. In comparison, last year's budgeted expenditures were \$2,967,356. The recommended assessment rate is \$0.0016 higher than the \$0.0118 rate currently in effect. The higher assessment rate is necessary because this year's crop is estimated by the California Agricultural Statistics Service (CASS) to be 245,000 tons (220,500,000 kernelweight pounds merchantable), which is about 13 percent less than last year's estimate. Thus, sufficient income would not be generated at the current rate for the Board to meet its anticipated expenses.

Major expenditures recommended by the Board for the 2000–01 year include \$2,382,455 for marketing and production research projects, \$305,250 for general expenses such as administrative salaries and insurance, \$165,380 for office expenses, \$59,800 for a production research director, and \$25,000 as a contingency. Budgeted expenses for these items last year were \$2,413,038 for marketing and production research projects, \$289,709 for general expenses, \$179,809 for office expenses, \$59,800 for a production research director, and \$25,000 as a contingency, respectively.

The assessment rate recommended by the Board was derived by dividing anticipated expenses by expected shipments of California walnuts

certified as merchantable. Merchantable shipments for the year are estimated at 220,500,000 kernelweight pounds which should provide \$2,954,700 in assessment income and allow the Board to cover its expenses. Unexpended funds may be used temporarily to defray expenses of the subsequent marketing year, but must be made available to the handlers from whom collected within 5 months after the end of the year (\$984.69). The assessment rate established in this rule will continue in effect indefinitely unless modified, suspended, or terminated by the Secretary upon recommendation and other information submitted by the Board or other available information.

Although this assessment rate will be in effect for an indefinite period, the Board will continue to meet prior to or during each marketing year to recommend a budget of expenses and consider recommendations for modification of the assessment rate. The dates and times of Board meetings are available from the Board or the Department. Board meetings are open to the public and interested persons may express their views at these meetings. The Department will evaluate Board recommendations and other available information to determine whether modification of the assessment rate is needed. Further rulemaking will be undertaken as necessary. The Board's 2000–01 budget and those for subsequent marketing years will be reviewed and, as appropriate, approved by the Department.

Pursuant to requirements set forth in the Regulatory Flexibility Act (RFA), the Agricultural Marketing Service (AMS) has considered the economic impact of this action on small entities. Accordingly, AMS has prepared this final regulatory flexibility analysis.

The purpose of the RFA is to fit regulatory actions to the scale of business subject to such actions in order that small businesses will not be unduly or disproportionately burdened. Marketing orders issued pursuant to the Act, and rules issued thereunder, are unique in that they are brought about through group action of essentially small entities acting on their own behalf. Thus, both statutes have small entity orientation and compatibility.

There are approximately 5,000 producers of walnuts in the production area and about 48 handlers subject to regulation under the order. Small agricultural producers are defined by the Small Business Administration (13 CFR 121.201) as those having annual receipts of less than \$500,000, and small agricultural service firms are defined as

those having annual receipts of less than \$5,000,000.

Using an average f.o.b. price of \$2.10 per kernelweight pound of walnuts for the 1999–2000 marketing year, handlers would have had to ship more than 2,380,953 pounds of walnuts to exceed sales of \$5,000,000. Approximately 33 percent of the handlers shipped over 2,380,953 kernelweight pounds of walnuts and 67 percent shipped less than that amount during the 1999–2000 marketing year. Based on the foregoing, it can be concluded that the majority of California walnut handlers may be classified as small entities, excluding receipts from other sources. A majority of the California walnut growers also may be classified as small entities.

This rule increases the assessment rate established for the Board and collected from handlers for the 2000–01 and subsequent marketing years from \$0.0118 to \$0.0134 per kernelweight pound of assessable walnuts. The Board unanimously recommended 2000–01 expenses of \$2,937,885. The recommended \$0.0016 increase in the assessment rate is necessary because this year's estimate of assessable walnuts is about 13 percent less than last year's estimate. Thus, sufficient income would not be generated at the current rate for the Board to meet its anticipated expenses.

Major expenditures recommended by the Board for the 2000–01 year include \$2,382,455 for marketing and production research projects, \$305,250 for general expenses such as administrative salaries and insurance, \$165,380 for office expenses, \$59,800 for a production research director, and \$25,000 as a contingency. Budgeted expenses for these items last year were \$2,413,038 for marketing and production research projects, \$289,709 for general expenses, \$179,809 for office expenses, \$59,800 for a production research director, and \$25,000 as a contingency, respectively.

Prior to arriving at this budget, the Board considered information from various sources, such as the Board's Budget and Personnel Committee, Research Committee, and Marketing Development Committee. Alternative expenditure levels were discussed by these groups, based upon the relative value of various research projects to the walnut industry. The recommended \$0.0134 per kernelweight pound assessment rate was then determined by dividing the total recommended budget by the 220,500,000 kernelweight pound estimate of assessable walnuts for the year. This is approximately \$16,815 above the anticipated expenses, which the Board determined to be acceptable.

Unexpended funds may be used temporarily to defray expenses of the subsequent marketing year, but must be made available to the handlers from whom collected within 5 months after the end of the year (§ 984.69).

A review of historical information and preliminary information pertaining to the current marketing year indicates that the grower price for 2000–01 could range between \$0.50 and \$0.70 per kernelweight pound of assessable walnuts. Therefore, the estimated assessment revenue for the 2000–01 year as a percentage of total grower revenue could range between 2.0 and 2.7 percent.

Regarding the impact of this action on affected entities, this action will increase the assessment rate currently imposed on walnut handlers. While assessments impose some additional costs on handlers, the costs are minimal and uniform on all handlers. Some of the additional costs may be passed on to producers. However, these costs are offset by the benefits derived by the operation of the order.

In addition, the Board's meeting was widely publicized throughout the walnut industry and all interested persons were invited to attend and participate in Board deliberations on all issues. Like all Board meetings, the September 8, 2000, meeting was a public meeting and all entities, both large and small, were able to express views on this issue.

This rule imposes no additional reporting or recordkeeping requirements on either small or large California walnut handlers. As with all Federal marketing order programs, reports and forms are periodically reviewed to reduce information requirements and duplication by industry and public sectors agencies.

The Department has not identified any relevant Federal rules that duplicate, overlap, or conflict with this rule.

A proposed rule concerning this action was published in the **Federal Register** on October 23, 2000 (65 FR 63219). Copies of the proposed rule were also mailed or sent via facsimile to all walnut handlers. The proposal was made available through the Internet by the Office of the Federal Register. A 30-day comment period ending November 22, 2000 was provided for interested persons to respond to the proposal. No comments were received.

A small business guide on complying with fruit, vegetable, and specialty crop marketing agreements and orders may be viewed at: <http://www.ams.usda.gov/fv/moab.html>. Any questions about the compliance guide should be sent to Jay

Guerber at the previously mentioned address in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section.

After consideration of all relevant material presented, including the information and recommendation submitted by the Board and other available information, it is hereby found that this rule, as hereinafter set forth, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the Act.

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553, it also found and determined that good cause exists for not postponing the effective date of this rule until 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register** because: (1) The 2000–01 marketing year began on August 1, 2000, and the order requires that the rate of assessment for each marketing year apply to all merchantable walnuts handled during the year; (2) the Board needs to have sufficient funds to pay its expenses which are incurred on a continuous basis; (3) handlers are aware of this action which was unanimously recommended at a public meeting and is similar to other assessment rate actions issued in past years; and (4) a proposed rule on this action was published in the **Federal Register** and no comments were received.

List of Subjects in 7 CFR Part 984

Marketing agreements, Nuts, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Walnuts.

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, 7 CFR part 984 is amended as follows:

PART 984—WALNUTS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA

1. The authority citation for 7 CFR part 984 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 7 U.S.C. 601–674.

2. Section 984.347 is revised to read as follows:

§ 984.347 Assessment rate.

On and after August 1, 2000, an assessment rate of \$0.0134 per kernelweight pound is established for California merchantable walnuts.

Dated: December 8, 2000.

Robert C. Keeney,

Deputy Administrator, Fruit and Vegetable Programs.

[FR Doc. 00–31797 Filed 12–13–00; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410–02–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2000–NE–43–AD; Amendment 39–12040; AD 2000–25–06]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Pratt & Whitney PW4000 Series Turbofan Engines.

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule, request for comments.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain Pratt & Whitney (PW) PW4000 turbofan engines with the current design low pressure turbine (LPT) 4th stage air seal installed. This action requires, based on engine model, replacement of the current design seal with a new design seal, or with a modified seal. This amendment is prompted by reports of cracks in LPT 4th stage air seals. The actions specified by this AD are intended to reduce stresses that could lead to LPT 4th stage air seal cracking, resulting in seal fracture, uncontained engine failure, and damage to the airplane.

DATES: Effective date December 29, 2000. Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before December 29, 2000.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2000–NE–43–AD, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803–5299. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: “*9-ane-adcomment@faa.gov*”. Comments sent via the Internet must contain the docket number in the subject line. The service information referenced under the caption **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** may be obtained from Pratt & Whitney, 400 Main St., East Hartford, CT 06108; telephone: (860) 565–6600, fax: (860) 565–4503. This information may be examined at the FAA, New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tara Goodman, Aerospace Engineer, Engine Certification Office, FAA, Engine and Propeller Directorate, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803–5299; telephone: (781) 238–7130; fax: (781) 238–7199.