

Florida Department of Health's License Verification, Licensee Lookup, <https://mqa-internet.doh.state.fl.us/MQASearch/Services/Home> (last visited date of signature of this Order).

Accordingly, I find that Registrant currently is not licensed to engage in the practice of pharmacy in Florida, the state in which Applicant applied for registration with the DEA.

#### Discussion

Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 824(a)(3), the Attorney General is authorized to suspend or revoke a registration issued under section 823 of the Controlled Substances Act (hereinafter, CSA) "upon a finding that the registrant . . . has had [its] State license or registration suspended . . . [or] revoked . . . by competent State authority and is no longer authorized by State law to engage in the . . . dispensing of controlled substances." With respect to a practitioner, the DEA has also long held that the possession of authority to dispense controlled substances under the laws of the state in which a practitioner engages in professional practice is a fundamental condition for obtaining and maintaining a practitioner's registration. *See, e.g., James L. Hooper, M.D.*, 76 FR 71,371 (2011), *pet. for rev. denied*, 481 F. App'x 826 (4th Cir. 2012); *Frederick Marsh Blanton, M.D.*, 43 FR 27,616, 27,617 (1978).

This rule derives from the text of two provisions of the CSA. First, Congress defined the term "practitioner" to mean "a pharmacy . . . or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted, by . . . the jurisdiction in which he practices . . . , to distribute, dispense, . . . [or] administer . . . a controlled substance in the course of professional practice." 21 U.S.C. 802(21). Second, in setting the requirements for obtaining a practitioner's registration, Congress directed that "[t]he Attorney General shall register practitioners . . . if the applicant is authorized to dispense . . . controlled substances under the laws of the State in which he practices." 21

U.S.C. 823(f). Because Congress has clearly mandated that a practitioner possess state authority in order to be deemed a practitioner under the CSA, the DEA has held repeatedly that revocation of a practitioner's registration is the appropriate sanction whenever he is no longer authorized to dispense controlled substances under the laws of the state in which he practices. *See, e.g., James L. Hooper*, 76 FR at 71,371–72; *Sheran Arden Yeates, M.D.*, 71 FR 39,130, 39,131 (2006); *Dominick A. Ricci, M.D.*, 58 FR 51,104, 51,105 (1993); *Bobby Watts, M.D.*, 53 FR 11,919, 11,920 (1988); *Frederick Marsh Blanton*, 43 FR at 27,617.

According to Florida statute, "It is unlawful for any person to own, operate, maintain, open, establish, conduct, or have charge of, either alone or with another person or persons, a pharmacy: (a) Which is not registered under the provisions of this chapter." <sup>5</sup> Fla. Stat. Ann. § 465.015(1). Further, "the practice of the profession of pharmacy" definition "includes compounding, dispensing, and consulting concerning contents, therapeutic values, and uses of any medicinal drug <sup>6</sup> . . . ." Fla. Stat. Ann. § 465.003(13) (West, 2021).

Here, the undisputed evidence in the record is that Applicant currently lacks authority to operate a pharmacy in Florida. As already discussed, a pharmacy must be a licensed to dispense a medicinal drug, including a controlled substance, in Florida. Thus, because Applicant lacks authority to practice pharmacy in Florida and, therefore, is not authorized to dispense controlled substances in Florida, Applicant is not eligible to receive a DEA registration. Accordingly, I will order that Applicant's application for a DEA registration be denied.

#### Order

Pursuant to 28 CFR 0.100(b) and the authority vested in me by 21 U.S.C. 823(f), I hereby order that the pending application for a Certificate of Registration, Control Number W18097945A, submitted by Cypress Creek Pharmacy, LLC is denied, as well as any other pending application of Cypress Creek Pharmacy, LLC for

additional registration in Florida. This Order is effective January 19, 2022.

Anne Milgram,  
Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2021–27486 Filed 12–17–21; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4410–09–P

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

### Employment and Training Administration

#### Agency Information Collection Activities; Comment Request; COVID–19 Symptom Tracker for Students, Emotional Wellness Form for Students, and Student Vaccination Status and Test Consent Form Collection

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Department of Labor's (DOL) Employment and Training Administration (ETA) is soliciting comments concerning a proposed extension for the authority to conduct the information collection request (ICR) titled, "COVID–19 Symptom Tracker for Students, Emotional Wellness Form for Students, and Student Vaccination Status and Test Consent Form Collection". This comment request is part of continuing Departmental efforts to reduce paperwork and respondent burden in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA).

**DATES:** Consideration will be given to all written comments received by February 18, 2022.

**ADDRESSES:** A copy of this ICR with applicable supporting documentation, including a description of the likely respondents, proposed frequency of response, and estimated total burden, may be obtained free by contacting Lawrence Lyford by telephone at 202–693–3121 (this is not a toll-free number), TTY 1–877–889–5627 (this is not a toll-free number), or by email at [Lyford.Lawrence@dol.gov](mailto:Lyford.Lawrence@dol.gov).

Submit written comments about, or requests for a copy of, this ICR by mail or courier to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Job Corps, 200 Constitution Avenue NW, Room N4459 Washington DC 20210; by email: [Lyford.Lawrence@dol.gov](mailto:Lyford.Lawrence@dol.gov); or by fax 202–693–3113.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Lawrence Lyford by telephone at 202–693–3121 (this is not a toll-free number) or by email at [Lyford.Lawrence@dol.gov](mailto:Lyford.Lawrence@dol.gov).  
*Authority:* 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** DOL, as part of continuing efforts to reduce

Act 80 (1947) (Wm. W. Gaunt & Sons, Inc., Reprint 1979). Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 556(e), "[w]hen an agency decision rests on official notice of a material fact not appearing in the evidence in the record, a party is entitled, on timely request, to an opportunity to show the contrary." Accordingly, Registrant may dispute my finding by filing a properly supported motion for reconsideration of finding of fact within fifteen calendar days of the date of this Order. Any such motion shall be filed with the Office of the Administrator and a copy shall be served on the Government. In the event Registrant files a motion, the Government shall have fifteen calendar days to file a response. Any such motion and response may be filed and served by email ([dea.addo.attorneys@dea.usdoj.gov](mailto:dea.addo.attorneys@dea.usdoj.gov)).

<sup>5</sup> The Government included an email from a Florida Medical Quality Assurance Investigator stating that "[p]harmacies are not allowed to operate at all on a delinquent license." RFAA B–2, at 1 (emphasis in original). This statement is supported by my analysis of Florida law.

<sup>6</sup> "Medicinal Drugs" or "Drugs" means "those substances or preparations commonly known as 'prescription' or 'legend' drugs which are required by federal or state law to be dispensed only on a prescription . . . ." Fla. Stat. Ann. § 465.003(8).

paperwork and respondent burden, conducts a pre-clearance consultation program to provide the general public and Federal agencies an opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing collections of information before submitting them to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for final approval. This program helps to ensure requested data can be provided in the desired format, reporting burden (time and financial resources) is minimized, collection instruments are clearly understood, and the impact of collection requirements can be properly assessed.

Job Corps is the nation's largest residential, educational, and career technical training program for the economically disadvantaged youths. The Economic Opportunity Act established Job Corps in 1964, and it currently operates under the authority of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) of 2014. For over 56 years, Job Corps has helped prepare over three million at-risk young people between the ages of 16 and 24 for success in our nation's workforce. With 121 centers in 50 states, Puerto Rico, and the District of Columbia, Job Corps assists students across the nation in attaining academic credentials, including High School Diplomas (HSD) and/or High School Equivalency (HSE), and career technical training credentials, including industry-recognized certifications, state licensures, and pre-apprenticeship credentials.

Job Corps is a national program administered by the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) through the Office of Job Corps and six Regional Offices. DOL awards and administers contracts for the recruiting and screening of new students, center operations, and the placement and transitional support of graduates and former enrollees. Large and small corporations and nonprofit organizations manage and operate 95 Job Corps centers under contractual agreements with DOL. These contract Center Operators are selected through a competitive procurement process that evaluates potential operators' technical expertise, proposed costs, past performance, and other factors, in accordance with the Competition in Contracting Act and the Federal Acquisition Regulations. Many of the current contractors operate more than one center. The two centers operated under demonstration grants are run by the State of Idaho and the National Guard Job Challenge program respectively. Of the 121 current centers, 24 are managed and operated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture—Forest Service (USDA) through an interagency

agreement. Additionally, there are 26 public colleges and universities operating Job Corps Scholars Program demonstration grants.

The Workforce Innovation Opportunity Act (WIOA), Section 116(b) (2) (A) (i), Section 159(c) (4) and Section 156 (a) authorizes this information collection.

This information collection is subject to the PRA. A Federal agency generally cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information, and the public is generally not required to respond to an information collection, unless OMB approves the collection under the PRA and displays a currently valid OMB Control Number. In addition, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall generally be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information that does not display a valid Control Number. See 5 CFR 1320.5(a) and 1320.6.

Interested parties are encouraged to provide comments to the contact shown in the **ADDRESSES** section. Comments must be written to receive consideration, and they will be summarized and included in the request for OMB approval of the final ICR. In order to help ensure appropriate consideration, comments should mention OMB control number 1205–0219.

Submitted comments will also be a matter of public record for this ICR and posted on the internet, without redaction. The DOL encourages commenters not to include personally identifiable information, confidential business data, or other sensitive statements/information in any comments.

DOL is particularly interested in comments that:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;
- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
  - Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and
  - Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, (e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses)

*Agency:* DOL.

*Type of Review:* Regular Clearance.

*Title of Collection:* COVID–19

Symptom Tracker for Students, Emotional Wellness Form for Students, and Student Vaccination Status and Test Consent Form Collection Standard Job Corps Contractor and Grantee Information Gathering.

*Forms:* ETA 9194: Job Corps COVID–19 Student Symptom Tracker and Attestation, ETA 9196: Student Daily Emotional Wellness Checklist, ETA 9197: Student COVID–19 Vaccine Certification, Authorizations, and Acknowledgements and Testing Consent.

*OMB Control Number:* 1205–0548.

*Affected Public:* Individuals or Households and Private Sector businesses, grantees or other for-profits.

*Estimated Number of Respondents:* 60,000.

*Frequency:* Various.

*Total Estimated Annual Responses:* 7,140,000.

*Estimated Average Time per Response:* 0.33 hours.

*Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours:* 360,360.

*Total Estimated Annual Other Cost Burden:* \$0.

**Angela Hanks,**

*Acting Assistant Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 2021–27410 Filed 12–17–21; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4510–FT–P**

## **NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION**

### **Business and Operations Advisory Committee; Notice of Meeting**

In accordance with the Federal Advisory Committee Act (Pub. L. 92–463, as amended), the National Science Foundation (NSF) announces the following meeting:

*Name and Committee Code:* Business and Operations Advisory Committee (9556) virtual meeting.

*Date and Time:* January 21, 2022; 1:00 p.m. to 2:00 p.m. (EST).

*Place:* National Science Foundation, 2415 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, Virginia, 22314 (Virtual attendance only).

To attend the virtual meeting, please send your request for the meeting link to the following email address: [negglest@nsf.gov](mailto:negglest@nsf.gov).

*Type of Meeting:* Open.

*Contact Person:* NaChanza Eggleston, National Science Foundation, 2415 Eisenhower Avenue, Alexandria, VA, 22314; Telephone: (703) 292–8100.

*Purpose of Meeting:* To provide advice concerning issues related to the