## **Abstract of Information Available**

A total of one cultural item has been requested for repatriation. The one object of cultural patrimony is a quill stitched buffalo robe (52.376.103) belonging to the Women's Quill Society of the Arapaho. The robe was donated to the museum in 1952 by Margaret Morehouse. The buffalo robe holds significant historical and cultural importance within the Arapaho community, and these items are of immense spiritual value. Porcupine quills hold profound cultural and spiritual significance for the Arapaho people. They were traditionally used for clothing, blankets, teepees, and other essential items. The Arapaho Quill Women's Society, composed of seven elderly women, each possessed a sacred quill-working bag. The quill stitch designs they created were closely tied to the Arapaho spiritual beliefs and traditions. It was understood that one could not simply create quill stitch patterns independently or devise new designs without sacred guidance.

#### **Determinations**

The Children's Museum of Indianapolis has determined that:

- The one object of cultural patrimony described in this notice has ongoing historical, traditional, or cultural importance central to the Northern Arapaho Tribe of the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming, according to the Northern Arapaho Tribe of the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming traditional knowledge.
- There is a reasonable connection between the cultural item described in this notice and the Northern Arapaho Tribe of the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming.

# Requests for Repatriation

Additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural item in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under ADDRESSES. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the cultural item in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after July 3, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, The Children's Museum of Indianapolis must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the cultural items are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Children's Museum of Indianapolis is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and to any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3004 and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.9.

Dated: May 13, 2025.

#### Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program. [FR Doc. 2025–10004 Filed 6–2–25; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

# **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

## **National Park Service**

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0040172; PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation Division of Archaeology, Nashville, TN

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Tennessee Department of Conservation and Environment, Division of Archaeology (TDEC-DOA) has completed an inventory of human remains from in Perry and Stewart Counties, Tennessee and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

**DATES:** Repatriation of the human remains in this notice may occur on or after July 3, 2025.

ADDRESSES: Phillip R. Hodge, Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation, Division of Archaeology (TDEC–DOA), 1216 Foster Avenue, Cole Building #3, Nashville, TN 37243, telephone (615) 626–2025, email phil.hodge@tn.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the TDEC-DOA, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

## **Abstract of Information Available**

Human remains representing, at least, two individuals have been identified.

Unknown Site Locations, Perry County, TN

Human remains representing, at least, one individual. No information is available regarding the location from which these remains were acquired or their transfer into TDEC–DOA care. There is no known exposure to hazardous substances or treatments.

Site 40SW71, Stewart County, TN

Human remains representing, at least, one individual. Collections data indicates this material was recovered from the site surface in 1971. No further information is available regarding the circumstances of their collection. There is no known exposure to hazardous substances or treatments.

#### **Cultural Affiliation**

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is reasonably identified by the geographical location or acquisition history of the human remains described in this notice.

### **Determinations**

The TDEC-DOA has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of at least, two individuals of Native American ancestry.
- There is a connection between the human remains described in this notice and the Cherokee Nation; Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians; The Chickasaw Nation; and the United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma.

# **Requests for Repatriation**

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

- 1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
- 2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the human remains described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after July 3, 2025. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the TDEC–DOA must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests

for joint repatriation of the human remains are considered a single request and not competing requests. The TDEC– DOA is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: May 13, 2025.

#### Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program. [FR Doc. 2025–10015 Filed 6–2–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312-52-P

# **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

# **National Park Service**

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0040183; PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History (SNOMNH) has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

**DATES:** Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after July 3, 2025.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Zachary Garrett, NAGPRA Program Coordinator, Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, University of Oklahoma, telephone (405) 325–1994, email zacgarrett@ou.edu. Individuals who are deaf, deafblind, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability may dial 711 (TTY, TDD, or TeleBraille) to access telecommunications relay services. Individuals outside the United States should use the relay services offered within their country to make international calls to the point-of-contact in the United States.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the

sole responsibility of the SNOMNH, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

# **Abstract of Information Available**

Based on the information available, eight associated funerary objects were removed from the Brackett site (34Ck43) in Cherokee County, OK, in 1939. The eight associated funerary objects are five complete vessels, one bag of potsherds, one stone knife fragment, and one mussel shell fragment. This list of objects is an addition to the group of associated funerary objects previously identified in a Notice of Inventory Completion published in the **Federal Register** on April 1, 2019 (84 FR 12274–12277).

Based on the information available, 47 associated funerary objects were removed from the Reed 4 site (34Dl4) in Delaware County, OK, in 1937. The 47 associated funerary objects are five ceramic vessels, five bags of potsherds, one ceramic pipe fragment, one ceramic bead, one bag with a sample of scrapings from the inside of a vessel, one projectile point, one stone pipe, two stone celts, four stone earspools, one stone abrader, one perforated stone, one pebble, two paintstones, two worked stones, one bag of shell beads, two copper bodkins, four decorated copper sheet fragments, 11 copper ornaments, and one copper tube. This list of objects is an addition to the group of associated funerary objects previously identified in a Notice of Inventory Completion published in the **Federal Register** on October 17, 2018 (83 FR 52522-52525).

Human remains representing, at least, three individuals have been identified. The five associated funerary objects are two projectile points, one bag of shell beads, one bone awl, and one bone hair pin. These human remains and associated funerary objects were removed from the Henry Heflin 1 site (34Lf14) in LeFlore County, OK in 1941. The human remains include two probable female adults and one probable male adult. This list of human remains and associated funerary objects are additions to the group of human remains and associated funerary objects previously identified in a Notice of Inventory Completion published in the Federal Register in a Notice of Inventory Completion on July 1, 2024 (89 FR 54499-54501).

Based on the information available, 11 associated funerary objects were removed from the Hooks site (34Lf19) in LeFlore County, OK in 1941. The 11

associated funerary objects are three bags of potsherds, five projectile points, two stone knives, and one stone ax. This list of objects is an addition to the group of associated funerary objects previously identified in a Notice of Inventory Completion published in the **Federal Register** on December 19, 2023 (88 FR 87803–87804).

Based on the information available, 20 associated funerary objects were removed from the Copeland site (34Lf20) in LeFlore County, OK in 1941. The 20 associated funerary objects are one ceramic vessel (in fragments), two bags of potsherds, three projectile points, four stone beads, one stone celt, one mano, one stone gorget, one piece of galena, one stone fossil, two paintstones, two bone awls, and one shell hoe. This list of objects is an addition to the group of associated funerary objects previously identified in a Notice of Inventory Completion published in the **Federal Register** on July 1, 2024 (89 FR 54499-54501).

Based on the information available, 10 associated funerary objects were removed from the Smith site (34Lf22) in LeFlore County, OK in 1940–1941. The 10 associated funerary objects include two stone celts, one projectile point, one boatstone, three worked antlers, two bone hair pins, and one bone awl. This list of objects is an addition to the group of associated funerary objects previously identified in a Notice of Inventory Completion published in the Federal Register on July 1, 2024 (89 FR 54499–54501).

Based on the information available, 65 associated funerary objects were removed from the Moore site (34Lf31) in LeFlore County, OK in 1938-1939 and 1969. The 65 associated funerary objects are 16 complete ceramic vessels, two vessels (in fragments), four bags of potsherds, 29 projectile points, one paintstone, one unidentified worked stone, three groundstone fragments, three bags of stone flakes, one partial squirrel skeleton, one bone awl fragment, one bag of animal bone fragments, one bag of shell beads, one shell hoe fragment, and one bag of shell fragments. This list of objects is an addition to the group of associated funerary objects previously identified in a Notice of Inventory Completion published in the Federal Register on December 19, 2023 (88 FR 87803-87804).

Based on the information available, six associated funerary objects were removed from the Hughes site (34Ms4) in Muskogee County, OK in 1938. The six associated funerary objects are one reconstructed vessel, four bags of potsherds, and one reconstructed