stamped postcard in the envelope containing your comments. Upon receiving your comments, Docket Management will return the postcard by mail. You may also periodically access http://www.regulations.gov and enter the number for this docket (NHTSA–2014–0053) to see if your comments are on line.

How do I submit confidential business information?

If you wish to submit any information under a claim of confidentiality, you should submit three copies of your complete submission, including the information you claim to be confidential business information, to the Chief Counsel, NHTSA, U.S. Department of Transportation, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590. In addition, you should submit a copy, from which you have deleted the claimed confidential business information, to Docket Management at the address given above under ADDRESSES. When you send a comment containing information claimed to be confidential business information, you should include a cover letter setting forth the information specified in our confidential business information

regulation. (49 CFR Part 512.) Will the agency consider late comments?

In our response, we will consider all comments that Docket Management receives before the close of business on the comment closing date indicated above under **DATES**. To the extent possible, we will also consider comments that Docket Management receives after that date.

How can I read the comments submitted by other people?

You may read the comments received by Docket Management at the address given above under **ADDRESSES**. The hours of the Docket are indicated above in the same location.

You may also see the comments on the Internet. To read the comments on the Internet, take the following steps:

(1) Go to the Federal Docket
Management System (FDMS) at http://www.regulations.gov.

(2) FDMS provides two basic methods of searching to retrieve dockets and docket materials that are available in the system: (a) "Quick Search" to search using a full-text search engine, or (b) "Advanced Search," which displays various indexed fields such as the docket name, docket identification number, phase of the action, initiating office, date of issuance, document title, document identification number, type of

document, **Federal Register** reference, CFR citation, etc. Each data field in the advanced search may be searched independently or in combination with other fields, as desired. Each search yields a simultaneous display of all available information found in FDMS that is relevant to the requested subject or topic.

(3) You may download the comments. However, since the comments are imaged documents, instead of word processing documents, the "pdf" versions of the documents are word searchable.

Please note that even after the comment closing date, we will continue to file relevant information in the Docket as it becomes available. Further, some people may submit late comments. Accordingly, we recommend that you periodically check the Docket for new material.

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 30111, 30181–83 delegation of authority at 49 CFR 1.95 and 501.8.

Issued in Washington, DC, on May 15, 2014.

Terry Shelton,

Associate Administrator for the National Center for Statistics and Analysis.

[FR Doc. 2014–11666 Filed 5–20–14; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–59–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Surface Transportation Board [Docket No. FD 35804]

CSX Transportation, Inc., The Baltimore & Ohio Chicago Terminal Railroad Company, and Norfolk Southern Railway Company—Joint Relocation Project Exemption—Gary-Chicago International Airport Authority

On May 5, 2014, CSX Transportation, Inc. (CSXT), The Baltimore & Ohio Chicago Terminal Railroad Company (BOCT), and Norfolk Southern Railway Company (NSR) (collectively, applicants) ¹ jointly filed a verified notice of exemption under 49 CFR 1180.2(d)(5) to participate in a joint relocation project that would foster improvements to the Gary-Chicago International Airport Authority (Gary Airport) in Indiana.

The purpose of the joint relocation project is to facilitate activities necessary to permit the relocation of various rail lines and facilities to accommodate the expansion of Gary Airport's existing Runway 12–30, and to preserve the operation, capacity, and

utility of the freight lines of Elgin, Joliet and Eastern Railway Company (EJ&E), CSXT, and NSR in the vicinity of Gary Airport.

According to applicants, the relocation project involves multiple components. First, CSXT and NSR would construct the following connections: (1) At Clarke Junction, Ind., at or near milepost DC 0.4, connecting NSR's Fort Wayne Line with BOCT's Barr Subdivision and the relocated CSXT Fort Wayne Line, which would be located between milepost TC 244.9 and milepost TC 246.6 of what is currently NSR's Gary Branch; (2) between CSXT's Fort Wayne Line at milepost QF 443.8 and NSR's Gary Branch at milepost QF 244.9; (3) near Tolleston, Ind., between CSXT's Fort Wayne Line at milepost QF 442.0 and CSXT's Porter Branch at milepost QFP 256.1 to allow NSR to serve Indiana Sugars, Inc. (Indiana Sugars) from CSXT's Porter Branch; and (4) between CSXT's Porter Branch at milepost QFP 255.4 and NSR's Gary Branch at milepost TC 241.4 to allow NSR to continue to serve Indiana Sugars. Second, CSXT would acquire the portion of NSR's Gary Branch between milepost TC 244.9 and milepost TC 246.6. Third, CSXT would abandon an approximately 1.9-mile portion of its Fort Wayne Line between milepost QF 443.8 and milepost QF 445.7, and transfer substantially all of the property to Gary Airport for the runway expansion. Fourth, CSXT would relocate its operations between milepost QF 443.8 and milepost QF 445.7 to the Gary Branch between milepost TC 244.9 and milepost TC 246.6. Fifth, NSR would discontinue service over its Gary Branch Line between milepost TC 244.9 and milepost TC 241.4. Sixth, NSR would abandon common carrier service and reclassify as spur track the portion of the Gary Branch Line between milepost TC 241.4 and milepost TC 240.3 (the Indiana Sugars Industrial Track) in order to continue to serve Indiana Sugars via trackage rights over CSXT's Porter Branch. Seventh, existing trackage rights agreements would be amended to reflect the relocated track.2

Continued

¹ Applicants state that BOCT is a Class III railroad that is a wholly owned subsidiary of CSXT.

² According to applicants, four existing trackage rights agreements would be amended as follows: (1) NSR's rights to operate over CSXT's Fort Wayne Line would be amended to allow NSR to operate over the new connection between CSXT's Fort Wayne Line and CSXT's Porter Branch in the northeast quadrant at Tolleston, as well as the continued right to enter and exit CSXT's Fort Wayne Line at the existing connection to the Central Railroad of Indianapolis d/b/a Chicago, Fort Wayne & Eastern (CFER) leased portion of the CSXT Fort Wayne Line in the southwest quadrant at Tolleston; (2) NSR's rights to operate over CSXT's

Applicants state that the proposed joint relocation project would not disrupt service to shippers or expand service into new territory. According to applicants, the only named active shipper on the lines, Indiana Sugars, would continue to receive service.

The Board will exercise jurisdiction over the abandonment, construction, or sale components of a relocation project, and require separate approval or exemption, only where the removal of track affects service to shippers or the construction of new track or transfer of existing track involves expansion into new territory. See City of Detroit v. Canadian Nat'l Ry., 9 I.C.C. 2d 1208 (1993), aff'd sub nom. Detroit/Wayne Cnty. Port Auth. v. ICC, 59 F.3d 1314 (D.C. Cir. 1995); Flats Indus. R.R. & Norfolk S. Ry.—Joint Relocation Project Exemption—in Cleveland, Ohio, FD 34108 (STB served Nov. 15, 2001). Line relocation projects may embrace trackage rights transactions such as those involved here. See Detroit, Toledo & Ironton R.R.—Trackage Rights-Between Washington Court House & Greggs, Ohio—Exemption, 363 I.C.C. 878 (1981). Under these standards, the incidental abandonment, construction, and trackage rights components of this relocation project require no separate approval or exemption because the relocation project would not disrupt service to shippers, expand CSXT's, BOCT's, or NSR's service into a new territory, or alter the existing competitive situation, and thus, this joint relocation project qualifies for the class exemption at 49 CFR 1180.2(d)(5).

As a condition to this exemption, any employees affected by the joint relocation project will be protected by the conditions imposed in Norfolk & Western Railway—Trackage Rights—Burlington Northern, Inc., 354 I.C.C. 605 (1978), as modified in Mendocino Coast Railway—Lease & Operate—California

Porter Branch would be amended to allow NSR to operate between: (i) The new connection to CSXT's Fort Wayne Line in the northeast quadrant at Tolleston; (ii) the existing connection to the CFER leased portion of the CSXT Fort Wayne Line in the southwest quadrant at Tolleston; and (iii) the new connection to the portion of the Gary Branch to be re-classified as the Indiana Sugars Industrial Track, at or near milepost QFP 255.4; (3) NSR's rights to operate over BOCT's Barr Subdivision would be amended to allow NSR to enter or exit BOCT's Barr Subdivision between Clarke Junction, at or near milepost DC 0.4, to access both the NSR Fort Wayne Line and the CSXT Fort Wayne Line; and (4) CSXT's rights to operate over NSR's Fort Wayne Line would be amended to allow CSXT to enter and exit the NSR Fort Wayne Line at: (i) the connection to NSR's Chicago Line at CP501, Buffington, Ind.; and (ii) the new connection to BOCT's Barr Subdivision at Clarke Junction.

Western Railroad, 360 I.C.C. 653 (1980) ("N&W Conditions").3

The transaction may be consummated on or after June 4, 2014, the effective date of the exemption (30 days after the exemption was filed). Applicants explain that once the exemption becomes effective, or shortly therafter, CSXT and NSR would commence constructing the connections. Once the connections required for NSR to serve Indiana Sugars via a portion of CSXT's Porter Branch are completed and operational, NSR would transfer the previously mentioned portion of NSR's Gary Branch to CSXT, and CSXT would transfer its 1.9-mile portion of the Fort Wayne Line to Gary Airport. Applicants state that, as the track connections described above are completed, the amended trackage rights would take

If the verified notice contains false or misleading information, the exemption is void *ab initio*. Petitions to revoke the exemption under 49 U.S.C. 10502(d) may be filed at any time. The filing of a petition to revoke will not automatically stay the effectiveness of the exemption. Petitions for stay must be filed no later than May 28, 2014 (at least seven days before the exemption becomes effective).

An original and 10 copies of all pleadings, referring to Docket No. FD 35804, must be filed with the Surface Transportation Board, 395 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20423–0001. In addition, a copy of each pleading must be served on applicants' representatives: Louis E. Gitomer, Law Offices of Louis E. Gitomer, LLC, 600 Baltimore Avenue, Suite 301, Towson, MD 21204 (CSXT's and BOCT's representative) and William A. Mullins, Baker & Miller PLLC, 2401 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Suite 300, Washington, DC 20037 (NSR's representative).

Board decisions and notices are available on our Web site at *WWW.STB.DOT.GOV*.

Decided: May 16, 2014.

By the Board, Rachel D. Campbell, Director, Office of Proceedings.

Derrick A. Gardner,

Clearance Clerk.

[FR Doc. 2014-11783 Filed 5-20-14; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4915-01-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Office of Foreign Assets Control

Designation of 2 Individuals Pursuant to Executive Order 13224 of September 23, 2001, "Blocking Property and Prohibiting Transactions With Persons Who Commit, Threaten To Commit, or Support Terrorism."

AGENCY: Office of Foreign Assets

Control, Treasury. **ACTION:** Notice.

SUMMARY: The Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC") is publishing the names of 2 individuals whose property and interests in property are blocked pursuant to Executive Order 13224 of September 23, 2001, "Blocking Property and Prohibiting Transactions With Persons Who Commit, Threaten To Commit, or Support Terrorism."

DATES: The designations by the Director of OFAC of the 2 individuals in this notice, pursuant to Executive Order 13224, are effective on May 14, 2014.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Assistant Director, Compliance Outreach & Implementation, Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of the Treasury, Washington, DC 20220, tel.: 202/622–2490.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Electronic and Facsimile Availability

This document and additional information concerning OFAC are available from OFAC's Web site (www.treas.gov/ofac) or via facsimile through a 24-hour fax-on-demand service, tel.: 202/622–0077.

Background

On September 23, 2001, the President issued Executive Order 13224 (the "Order") pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1701-1706, and the United Nations Participation Act of 1945, 22 U.S.C. 287c. In the Order, the President declared a national emergency to address grave acts of terrorism and threats of terrorism committed by foreign terrorists, including the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks in New York, Pennsylvania, and at the Pentagon. The Order imposes economic sanctions on persons who have committed, pose a significant risk of committing, or support acts of terrorism. The President identified in the Annex to the Order, as amended by Executive Order 13268 of July 2, 2002, 13 individuals and 16 entities as subject to the economic sanctions. The Order was further amended by Executive Order

³ By letter filed on May 16, 2014, applicants amended their notice of exemption to clarify that the N&W Conditions are applicable to this transaction and should be imposed here.