

Proposed Rules

Federal Register

Vol. 69, No. 85

Monday, May 3, 2004

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains notices to the public of the proposed issuance of rules and regulations. The purpose of these notices is to give interested persons an opportunity to participate in the rule making prior to the adoption of the final rules.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2004–NM–36–AD]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Empresa Brasileira de Aeronautica S.A. (EMBRAER) Model EMB–135BJ and EMB–145XR Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the adoption of a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to certain EMBRAER Model EMB–135BJ and EMB–145XR series airplanes. This proposal would require installation of an additional indication device to the clear ice indication system. This action is necessary to prevent an undetected in-flight buildup of clear ice on airplane control surfaces, which could lead to reduced controllability of the airplane. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Comments must be received by June 2, 2004.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2004–NM–36–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227–1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: 9-anm-nprmcomment@faa.gov. Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain “Docket No. 2004–NM–36–AD” in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must

be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 or 2000 or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Empresa Brasileira de Aeronautica S.A. (EMBRAER), P.O. Box 343—CEP 12.225, Sao Jose dos Campos—SP, Brazil. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Todd Thompson, Aerospace Engineer; International Branch, ANM–116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056; telephone (425) 227–1175; fax (425) 227–1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

- Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.
- For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being requested.
- Include justification (*e.g.*, reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action

must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: “Comments to Docket Number 2004–NM–36–AD.” The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM–114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2004–NM–36–AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055–4056.

Discussion

The Departamento de Aviacao Civil (DAC), which is the airworthiness authority for Brazil, notified the FAA that an unsafe condition may exist on certain EMBRAER Model EMB–135BJ and EMB–145XR series airplanes. The DAC advises that a risk assessment has shown that the reliability level of the clear ice indication system is not sufficient. This condition, if not corrected, could result in undetected in-flight buildup of clear ice on airplane control surfaces, which could lead to reduced controllability of the airplane.

Explanation of Relevant Service Information

EMBRAER has issued Service Bulletins 145–30–0035, Revision 01 (for Model EMB–145XR series airplanes), dated September 2, 2003; and 145LEG–30–0002 (for Model EMB–135BJ series airplanes), dated September 2, 2003. These service bulletins describe procedures for installation of an additional indication device to the clear ice indication system. The DAC classified these service bulletins as mandatory and issued airworthiness directive 2004–01–01, dated January 27, 2004, to ensure the continued airworthiness of these airplanes in Brazil.

Operators should be aware that Service Bulletin 145LEG–30–0002 (for Model EMB–135BJ series airplanes), dated September 2, 2003, specifies prior or concurrent accomplishment of EMBRAER Service Bulletin 145LEG–25–0027, dated May 7, 2003, which describes procedures for removal of the Inlet Turbine Temperature (ITT)-related placard from the main panel of the cockpit.

FAA's Conclusions

These airplane models are manufactured in Brazil and are type certificated for operation in the United States under the provisions of section 21.29 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.29) and the applicable bilateral airworthiness agreement. Pursuant to this bilateral airworthiness agreement, the DAC has kept the FAA informed of the situation described above. The FAA has examined the findings of the DAC, reviewed all available information, and determined that AD action is necessary for products of this type design that are certificated for operation in the United States.

Explanation of Requirements of Proposed Rule

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other airplanes of the same type design registered in the United States, the proposed AD would require accomplishment of the actions specified in the applicable service bulletins described previously, except as discussed below.

Differences Between Proposed Rule and Foreign Airworthiness Directive

The Brazilian airworthiness directive applies to "all EMB-145XR and EMB-135BJ aircraft in operation." The service bulletins apply to certain EMB-145XR

and EMB-135BJ series airplanes having certain serial numbers. As coordinated with the DAC, this proposed AD applies only to those airplanes having serial numbers listed in the service bulletins.

Cost Impact

The FAA estimates that 49 airplanes of U.S. registry would be affected by this proposed AD. The average labor rate is \$65 per work hour. Costs per airplane are listed in Table 1 of this proposed AD. Based on these figures, the cost impact of the proposed AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$74,475.

TABLE 1.—COST ESTIMATES

Airplane model	No. of airplanes	Work hours	Parts cost	Cost per airplane
EMB-145XR	41	15	\$460	\$1,435
EMB-135BJ	8	23	460	1,955

The cost impact figures discussed above are based on assumptions that no operator has yet accomplished any of the proposed requirements of this AD action, and that no operator would accomplish those actions in the future if this AD were not adopted. The cost impact figures discussed in AD rulemaking actions represent only the time necessary to perform the specific actions actually required by the AD. These figures typically do not include incidental costs, such as the time required to gain access and close up, planning time, or time necessitated by other administrative actions.

Regulatory Impact

The regulations proposed herein would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this proposal would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that this proposed regulation (1) is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under the DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979); and (3) if promulgated, will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act. A copy of the draft regulatory evaluation prepared for this

action is contained in the Rules Docket. A copy of it may be obtained by contacting the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption ADDRESSES.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Empresa Brasileira de Aeronautica S.A.

(EMBRAER): Docket 2004-NM-36-AD.

Applicability: Model EMB-135BJ and EMB-145XR series airplanes, certificated in any category, as listed in EMBRAER Service Bulletin 145-30-0035, Revision 01, dated September 2, 2003; or 145LEG-30-0002, dated September 2, 2003.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent undetected in-flight buildup of clear ice on airplane control surfaces, which

could lead to reduced controllability of the airplane, accomplish the following:

Service Bulletin References

(a) The term "service bulletin," as used in this AD, means the Accomplishment Instructions of the following service bulletins, as applicable:

(1) For Model EMB-145XR series airplanes: EMBRAER Service Bulletin 145-30-0035, Revision 01, dated September 2, 2003; and

(2) For Model EMB-135BJ series airplanes: EMBRAER Service Bulletin 145LEG-30-0002, dated September 2, 2003.

(b) Actions accomplished before the effective date of this AD in accordance with EMBRAER Service Bulletin 145-30-0035, dated July 16, 2003, are considered acceptable for compliance with the corresponding actions specified in this AD.

Modification of Clear Ice Indication System

(c) Within 24 months or 5,000 flight hours after the effective date of this AD, whichever comes first, install an additional indication device to the clear ice indication system in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of the applicable service bulletin.

Concurrent Service Bulletin

(d) For airplanes listed in EMBRAER Service Bulletin 145LEG-30-0002, dated September 2, 2003: Prior to or concurrent with the accomplishment of paragraph (c) of this AD, remove the Inlet Turbine Temperature (ITT)-related placard from the main panel of the cockpit in accordance with the Accomplishment Instructions of EMBRAER Service Bulletin 145LEG-25-0027, dated May 7, 2003.

Alternative Methods of Compliance

(e) In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, the Manager, International Branch, ANM-116,

FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, is authorized to approve alternative methods of compliance for this AD.

Note 1: The subject of this AD is addressed in Brazilian airworthiness directive 2004-01-01, dated January 27, 2004.

Issued in Renton, Washington, on April 23, 2004.

Kalene C. Yanamura,

Acting Manager, Transport Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 04-9905 Filed 4-30-04; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2003-NM-16-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Model A300 B2 and B4 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: This document proposes the superseding of an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to all Airbus Model A300 B2 and B4 series airplanes, that currently requires determining the part and amendment number of the variable lever arm (VLA) of the rudder control system to verify the parts were installed using the correct standard, and corrective actions if necessary. For certain VLAs, this action would require repetitive inspections for damage, and replacement with a new VLA if necessary. This action would also provide an optional action to replace the VLA with a new VLA, which would constitute terminating action for the repetitive inspections. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent failure of both spring boxes of certain VLAs due to corrosion damage, which could result in loss of rudder control and consequent reduced controllability of the airplane. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

DATES: Comments must be received by June 2, 2004.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2003-NM-16-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m.,

Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227-1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: 9-anm-nprmcomment@faa.gov. Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain "Docket No. 2003-NM-16-AD" in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 or 2000 or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Airbus, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dan Rodina, Aerospace Engineer, International Branch, ANM-116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (425) 227-2125; fax (425) 227-1149.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

- Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.
- For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being requested.
- Include justification (*e.g.*, reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 2003-NM-16-AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

Availability of NPRMs

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2003-NM-16-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056.

Discussion

On October 18, 2001, the FAA issued AD 2001-22-02, amendment 39-12481 (66 FR 54416, October 29, 2001), applicable to all Airbus Model A300 B2 and B4 series airplanes. That AD requires determining the part and amendment numbers of the variable lever arm (VLA) of the rudder control system to verify the parts were installed using the correct standard, and corrective actions if necessary. That action was prompted by reports that, during regularly scheduled maintenance, damage to the VLA of the rudder control system was found. Further investigation revealed that the VLA spring box mountings, the mounting trunnion, and a tie rod also were damaged due to corrosion of the spring boxes. The requirements of that AD are intended to prevent failure of both spring boxes of the VLA due to corrosion damage, which could result in loss of rudder control and consequent reduced controllability of the airplane.

Actions Since Issuance of Previous Rule

Since the issuance of that AD, a new inspection program has been developed by the manufacturer that introduces a repetitive inspection of VLAs that are equipped with spring boxes having certain part numbers.

Explanation of Relevant Service Information

Airbus has issued Service Bulletin A300-27-0196, Revision 01, dated November 13, 2002, which describes procedures for inspecting the VLA to determine the part number (P/N) of the spring box, and for performing repetitive detailed inspections of any VLA that does not have a particular P/N. For any airplane on which any damage is found during any inspection, the service bulletin describes procedures for replacing the VLA with a new VLA. The Direction Générale de l'Aviation Civile (DGAC) classified this