

The Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The information collection was previously published in the **Federal Register** on September 6, 2011, at 76 FR 55081, allowing for a 60-day public comment period. USCIS did not receive any comments.

The purpose of this notice is to allow an additional 30 days for public comments. Comments are encouraged and will be accepted until December 19, 2011. This process is conducted in accordance with 5 CFR 1320.10.

Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the item(s) contained in this notice, especially regarding the estimated public burden and associated response time, should be directed to the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), USCIS Desk Officer. Comments may be submitted to: USCIS, Chief, Regulatory Products Division, Office of the Executive Secretariat, 20 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20529–2020. Comments may also be submitted to DHS via facsimile to (202) 272–8352 or via email at uscisfrcmment@dhs.gov, and to the OMB USCIS Desk Officer via facsimile at (202) 395–5806 or via email at oira_submission@omb.eop.gov.

When submitting comments by email, please make sure to add OMB Control No. 1615–0010 in the subject box. Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies should address one or more of the following four points:

(1) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(2) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(3) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and

(4) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology,

e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses.

Overview of this Information Collection

(1) *Type of Information Collection:* Extension of an existing information collection.

(2) *Title of the Form/Collection:* Nonimmigrant Petition Based on Blanket L Petition.

(3) *Agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department of Homeland Security sponsoring the collection:* Form I–129S; U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS).

(4) *Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as a brief abstract:* Primary: Business or others for profit. This form is used by an employer to classify employees as L–1 nonimmigrant intracompany transferees under a blanket L petition approval. USCIS will use the data on this form to determine eligibility for the requested immigration benefit.

(5) *An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond:* 42,000 responses at .583 hours (35 minutes) per response.

(6) *An estimate of the total public burden (in hours) associated with the collection:* 24,486 annual burden hours.

If you need a copy of the information collection instrument, please visit the Web site at: <http://www.regulations.gov/>.

We may also be contacted at: USCIS, Regulatory Products Division, 20 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20529–2020, Telephone number (202) 272–8377.

Dated: November 15, 2011.

Sunday Aigbe,

Chief, Regulatory Products Division, Office of the Executive Secretariat, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, Department of Homeland Security.

[FR Doc. 2011–29914 Filed 11–17–11; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111–97–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Notice of Availability of Finding of No Significant Impact for Field Release of Insects for Biological Control of Carrizo Cane

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, DHS.

ACTION: Notice of availability.

SUMMARY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) is advising the public of the availability of a Finding of No

Significant Impact (FONSI) for its support of U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) research and field release of two insects, the Arundo scale and the Arundo wasp as biological control agents for the non-native and invasive Carrizo cane in the continental United States. To reach this FONSI, CBP examined two Environmental Assessments (EAs) prepared by USDA's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), performed independent analyses of those EAs, and reached its own findings. The two EAs (APHIS 2009 and 2010) are also being made available through CBP.

DATES: The FONSI is available beginning on November 18, 2011.

ADDRESSES: Copies of the FONSI may be obtained by accessing either of the following Web sites: http://cbp.gov/xp/cgov/border_security/ti/ti_docs/carrizo_fonsi.xml, or http://www.dhs.gov/xabout/laws/editorial_0850.shtm under Environmental Assessments; or by sending a request to Christopher Colacicco of CBP by telephone: (202) 344–1085; by fax: (202) 344–1250; by email:

Christopher.j.colacicco@cbp.dhs.gov; or by writing to: CBP, Attn: Christopher Colacicco, 1300 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20229.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Christopher Colacicco, CBP, Border Patrol Facilities and Tactical Information Program Management Office, telephone (202) 344–1085, email Christopher.j.colacicco@cbp.dhs.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background Information

The non-native invasive weed species, Carrizo cane, *Arundo donax* (Poaceae), is prevalent along the southern border of the United States and is an impediment to border security. Among other things, it obscures Border Patrol agents' lines of sight and provides cover to individuals who are attempting to enter the United States illegally. Accordingly, effective control of Carrizo cane is critical in preventing terrorists and terrorist weapons, drugs, and other contraband from entering the United States and in providing a safer work environment for Border Patrol agents. CBP has evaluated various methods of controlling Carrizo cane, including the application of herbicides and mechanical removal; however, CBP remains interested in evaluating other methods of controlling Carrizo cane.

ARS Biological Control Research

The USDA Agricultural Research Service (ARS) is conducting research

into the use of two insects as biological control agents for Carrizo cane: The Arundo wasp, *Tetramesa romana* Walker (Hymenoptera: Eurytomidae), and Arundo scale *Rhizaspidotus donacis* (Hemiptera: Diaspididae). CBP has recognized the potential utility of biological control agents to help control Carrizo cane. Under the authority of 7 U.S.C. 3318(b), CBP and USDA entered into a non-assistive cooperative agreement in support of research into biological controls for Carrizo cane. In accordance with this agreement, CBP plans to provide funding and other support to ARS through fiscal years 2012 and 2013 for research regarding the release of the Arundo wasp and Arundo scale in the United States and to coordinate deployment of these biological control agents for Carrizo cane. Additional funding or support may be provided after 2013 if funds are available and the biological controls appear effective. The coordination will take the form of agreements regarding the locations where ARS will release the Arundo wasp and Arundo scale and the provision of access to CBP-controlled property for ARS studies. The goal of the program is to determine if biological control is an effective option for reducing Carrizo cane density. Reducing Carrizo cane density is likely to increase visibility along the border, thereby meeting CBP's operational needs.

USDA Environmental Assessments

USDA's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) completed two Environmental Assessments (EAs) that evaluated the potential environmental impacts related to the release of these two insects as biological control agents for the control of Carrizo cane.

On March 6, 2009, APHIS issued an EA that evaluated a range of alternatives

and strategies to ensure protection of the environment associated with the release of the Arundo wasp in the continental United States. The Arundo wasp is a non-stinging wasp that feeds and resides only on Carrizo cane and is known to pose no threat to humans or other animals. A 30 day public comment period was provided, and 10 comments were received. After consideration of the comments, APHIS issued a final EA and a FONSI for the release of the Arundo wasp on April 10, 2009. See 74 FR 21311.

On November 12, 2010, APHIS issued an EA that evaluated a range of alternatives and strategies to ensure protection of the environment associated with the release of Arundo scale in the continental United States. A 30 day public comment period was provided, and 11 comments were received. After consideration of the comments, APHIS issued a final EA and a FONSI for the release of Arundo scale on December 15, 2010. See 76 FR 8708.

These documents are posted on the APHIS Web site at: http://www.aphis.usda.gov/plant_health/ea/downloads/Tetramesa-romana-ea.pdf and http://www.aphis.usda.gov/plant_health/ea/downloads/RhizaspidotusdonacisEA-Fonsi.pdf. Links to these documents may also be found on the CBP Web site: http://cbp.gov/xp/cgov/border_security/ti/ti_docs/carrizo_fonsi.xml.

Adoption of the APHIS EAs and CBP's Issuance of a FONSI

Following independent analysis and review of the APHIS EAs, CBP has adopted the APHIS EAs regarding the Arundo wasp and Arundo scale. Based on this analysis and review, CBP has determined that the release of the Arundo wasp and Arundo scale in CBP-controlled areas will not have a significant effect on the environment,

and thus has issued a FONSI. Copies of the FONSI may be obtained as described in the **ADDRESSES** section of this document.

NEPA

This environmental analysis was conducted in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*, the Council on Environmental Quality Regulations for Implementing the NEPA (40 CFR parts 1500–1508), and Department of Homeland Security Directive 023–01 (renumbered from 5100.1), *Environmental Planning Program* (April 19, 2006).

Dated: November 3, 2011.

Karl H. Calvo,

Executive Director, Facilities Management and Engineering, Office of Administration.

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BILLING CODE 9111–14–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

U.S. Customs and Border Protection

Notice of Revocation of Customs Broker Licenses

AGENCY: U.S. Customs and Border Protection, U.S. Department of Homeland Security.

ACTION: Customs broker license revocations for the failure to file the triennial status report and applicable fee.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 641 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1641), and Title 19 of the Code of Federal Regulations at § 111.30(d), the following Customs broker licenses are revoked by operation of law without prejudice.

<i>Last/company name</i>	<i>First name</i>	<i>License</i>	<i>Port name</i>
Lequire	Cynthia A	20655	Anchorage
Ransom	Brian Charles	13863	Anchorage
Runfol	Thomas Michael	12540	Atlanta
Grizzard Customs Brokers, Inc		21184	Atlanta
Grizzard	Michael R	13265	Atlanta
McDonald-McGlone	Kay	09543	Atlanta
Simpson	Sherry Elaine	13412	Atlanta
McTiernan	Timothy	15722	Atlanta
O'Conner	William L	16182	Atlanta
Rivers	Myra B	16155	Atlanta
Peek	Brenda K	13392	Atlanta
Smolen	Lee Ellis	09190	Atlanta
Sheffield	Beverly J	16856	Atlanta
Pierce	Scott M	15327	Atlanta
Maltbie	Jean L	20058	Atlanta
Siebern	Marilyn C	23594	Atlanta
Bruno	Ann T	10526	Baltimore
Gontrum, Jr	Ralph W	04695	Baltimore
Johnson, Jr	William H	05405	Baltimore
Goodman	Richard J	04226	Baltimore