Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority as it amends the Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface at Northeast Ohio Regional Airport, Ashtabula, OH, to support instrument flight rule operations at this airport.

History

The FAA published a notice of proposed rulemaking in the **Federal Register** (87 FR 11364; March 1, 2022) for Docket No. FAA–2022–0130 to amend the Class E airspace at Ashtabula, OH. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking effort by submitting written comments on the proposal to the FAA. No comments were received.

Class E airspace designations are published in paragraph 6005 of FAA Order JO 7400.11F, dated August 10, 2021, and effective September 15, 2021, which is incorporated by reference in 14 CFR 71.1. The Class E airspace designations listed in this document will be published subsequently in FAA Order JO 7400.11.

Availability and Summary of Documents for Incorporation by Reference

This document amends FAA Order JO 7400.11F, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 10, 2021, and effective September 15, 2021. FAA Order JO 7400.11F is publicly available as listed in the ADDRESSES section of this document. FAA Order JO 7400.11F lists Class A, B, C, D, and E airspace areas, air traffic service routes, and reporting points.

The Rule

This amendment to 14 CFR part 71 amends the Class E airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface at Northeast Ohio Regional Airport, Ashtabula, OH, by adding an extension 2 miles each side of the 259° bearing from the airport extending from the 6.5-mile radius of the airport to 9.6 miles west of the airport; removes the city associated with Ashtabula County Medical Center, contained within the airspace legal description, in the header

to comply with changes to FAA Order JO 7400.2N, Procedures for Handling Airspace Matters; and updates the name (previously Ashtabula County Airport), state, and geographic coordinates of Northeast Ohio Regional Airport to coincide with the FAA's aeronautical database.

This action is due to an airspace review conducted as part of the decommissioning of the Jefferson VOR, which provided navigation information for the instrument procedures at this airport, as part of the VOR MON Program.

FAA Order JO 7400.11, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, is published yearly and effective on September 15.

Regulatory Notices and Analyses

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current, is non-controversial and unlikely to result in adverse or negative comments. It, therefore: (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that only affects air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

Environmental Review

The FAA has determined that this action qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, "Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures," paragraph 5–6.5.a. This airspace action is not expected to cause any potentially significant environmental impacts, and no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant preparation of an environmental assessment.

Lists of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 71

Airspace, Incorporation by reference, Navigation (air).

Adoption of the Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 71 as follows:

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF CLASS A, B, C, D, AND E AIRSPACE AREAS; AIR TRAFFIC SERVICE ROUTES; AND REPORTING POINTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 71 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§71.1 [Amended]

■ 2. The incorporation by reference in 14 CFR 71.1 of FAA Order JO 7400.11F, Airspace Designations and Reporting Points, dated August 10, 2021, and effective September 15, 2021, is amended as follows:

Paragraph 6005 Class E Airspace Areas Extending Upward From 700 Feet or More Above the Surface of the Earth.

AGL OH E5 Ashtabula, OH [Amended]

Northeast Ohio Regional Airport, OH (Lat. 41°46′40″ N, long. 80°41′48″ W) Ashtabula County Medical Center, OH, Point in Space Coordinates

(Lat. 41°52′47" N, long. 80°46′42" W)

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.5-mile radius of the Northeast Ohio Regional Airport, and within 2 miles each side of the 259° bearing from the Northeast Ohio Regional Airport extending from the 6.5-mile radius to 9.6 miles west of the Northeast Ohio Regional Airport, and within a 6-mile radius of the Point in Space serving the Ashtabula County Medical Center.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on May 2, 2022

Martin A. Skinner,

Acting Manager, Operations Support Group, ATO Central Service Center.

[FR Doc. 2022–09675 Filed 5–6–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 73

[Docket No. FAA-2021-0074; Airspace Docket No. 20-ANE-5]

RIN 2120-AA66

Amendment of Restricted Areas R-4102A and R-4102B; Fort Devens, MA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This action modifies restricted areas R–4102A and R–4102B at Fort Devens, MA, by amending the

boundaries of the areas to align with the boundaries of the Fort Devens' installation property; and by changing the time of designation to reflect actual usage of the airspace.

DATES: Effective date: 0901 UTC, July 14, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Paul Gallant, Rules and Regulations Group, Office of Airspace Services, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue SW, Washington, DC 20591; telephone: (202) 267–8783.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Authority for This Rulemaking

The FAA's authority to issue rules regarding aviation safety is found in Title 49 of the United States Code. Subtitle I, Section 106 describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the agency's authority. This rulemaking is promulgated under the authority described in Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart I, Section 40103. Under that section, the FAA is charged with prescribing regulations to assign the use of the airspace necessary to ensure the safety of aircraft and the efficient use of airspace. This regulation is within the scope of that authority as it establishes restricted area airspace at Fort Devens, MA, to enhance aviation safety and accommodate essential U.S. Army training activities.

History

The FAA published a notice of proposed rulemaking for Docket No. FAA–2021–0074 in the **Federal Register** (86 FR 17555; April 5, 2021), proposing to modify restricted areas R–4102A and R–4102B at Fort Devens, MA, to update the time of designation and the lateral boundaries of the areas. Interested parties were invited to participate in this rulemaking effort by submitting written comments on the proposal. One comment was received from an individual commenter.

Discussion of Comment

The commenter expressed concern about FAA's determination of "no significant impact" with regard to this action. The commenter likened it to FAA's decision in the case of Moore Army Airfield in which the commenter stated the 60 days comment period was waived. Moreover, the commenter stated that the public lacked the benefit of a noise impact study. Moore Airfield was closed during the 1990s and is now used for auto racing and for state police training. Finally, the commenter stated that they "disagree with lifting the

restrictions that are currently over Oxbow Wildlife Refuge" as "[p]ropeller planes are dumping noise and leaded aviation fuel emissions."

In this case, the Environmental Assessment (EA) and Finding of No Significant Impact (FNSI) were available for review and comment for 30 days, beginning June 22, 2018, and ending July 23, 2018. Copies of the EA and Draft FNSI were made available on the official Fort Devens website and printed copies were also made available at four local libraries: The Ayer Public Library, the Hazen Memorial Library in Shirley, the Harvard Public Library, and the Thaver Memorial Library in Lancaster. The Army received responses from the Massachusetts Historical Commission and Fitchburg Municipal Airport during the 30-day public review period. The Army carefully read and considered all comments received. Moreover, the EA's section on Biological Resources found that although biological communities are found in the surrounding areas, no noise impacts are anticipated on these communities because no changes are proposed to the types of aircraft or types and number of operations conducted within the airspace.

With regard to the commenter's final point, the current restricted area configuration does infringe on the southernmost part of the Refuge. However, this area is not available for use by the military for environmental reasons. Therefore, there is no justification for retaining restricted airspace over that location. Restricted areas are only designated when necessary to contain and segregate activities that would pose a hazard to aviation rather than address environmental concerns. The Oxbow Refuge is identified on Visual Flight Rules (VFR) aeronautical charts for pilot awareness. An advisory note on the chart requests that pilots maintain a minimum flight altitude of 2,000 feet above the ground if overflying the Refuge and similar sensitive areas.

The Rule

This action amends 14 CFR part 73 by modifying the time of designation, and the boundaries of restricted areas R–4102A and R–4102B at Fort Devens, MA. The current time of designation is "0800 to 2200 Saturday, local time; other times by NOTAM issued 24 hours in advance." This designation does not reflect the actual routine daily use of the airspace necessary to meet the training requirements at Fort Devens. The FAA is amending the time of designation to read: "Intermittent, 0730 to 2200 local time, daily; other times by NOTAM issued 24 hours in advance." This

change provides more accurate information to the aviation community about the current routine use of the airspace, and it eliminates the administrative workload now required to issue daily NOTAMs to activate the restricted areas.

The FAA is also modifying the boundaries of restricted areas R-4102A and R-4102B by removing sections of the restricted airspace that are not contained within the Fort Devens installation property boundaries. Additionally, this rule slightly expands the restricted areas on the northwest, northeast, and southeast sides to include small parts of the training area that are actually located within the Fort Devens installation property boundaries, but are outside of the current restricted area boundaries. Taken together, these restricted area boundary changes result in an overall reduction in the size of the restricted areas at Fort Devens. The result is improved functionality of the training area as well as increase safety during training operations.

During periods when the restricted areas are not needed by the using agency, the airspace will be returned to the controlling agency (FAA, Boston Approach Control) for access by other aviation users.

Regulatory Notices and Analyses

The FAA has determined that this regulation only involves an established body of technical regulations for which frequent and routine amendments are necessary to keep them operationally current. It, therefore: (1) Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866; (2) is not a "significant rule" under Department of Transportation (DOT) Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034; February 26, 1979); and (3) does not warrant preparation of a regulatory evaluation as the anticipated impact is so minimal. Since this is a routine matter that only affects air traffic procedures and air navigation, it is certified that this rule, when promulgated, does not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

Environmental Review

The FAA has determined that this airspace action of modifying restricted areas R–4102A and R–4102B at Fort Devens, MA, qualifies for categorical exclusion under the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*) and its implementing regulations at 40 CFR part 1500, and in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F,

Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures, paragraph 5-6.5a, which categorically excludes from further environmental impact review rulemaking actions that designate or modify classes of airspace areas, airways, routes, and reporting points (see 14 CFR part 71, Designation of Class A, B, C, D, and E Airspace Areas; Air Traffic Service Routes; and Reporting Points). As such, this action is not expected to result in any potentially significant environmental impacts. In accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, paragraph 5-2 regarding Extraordinary Circumstances, the FAA has reviewed this action for factors and circumstances in which a normally categorically excluded action may have a significant environmental impact requiring further analysis. Accordingly, the FAA has determined that no extraordinary circumstances exist that warrant preparation of an environmental assessment or environmental impact study for this rulemaking action. On May 31, 2019, in accordance with FAA Order 1050.1F, Environmental Impacts: Policies and Procedures, Paragraph 8-2, Adoption of Other Agencies' NEPA Documents, the FAA finalized its adoption Environmental Assessment of the Army's Establishment of Restricted Area Airspace (R-) 4102A/B at U.S. Army Garrison Fort Devens, Final Environmental Assessment of Airspace Change Proposal at U.S. Army Garrison Fort Devens, Massachusetts. The Army's Final EA analyzed the potential environmental impacts of the proposed establishment of additional restricted area airspace in support of the Army's training exercises. The additional restricted area airspace would lower the risk of encountering non-participating aircraft during those exercises. No changes to the types of aircraft or types and number of operations conducted within the airspace were proposed.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 73

Airspace, Prohibited areas, Restricted areas.

The Amendment

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 73 as follows:

PART 73—SPECIAL USE AIRSPACE

■ 1. The authority citation for part 73 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(f), 106(g); 40103, 40113, 40120; E.O. 10854, 24 FR 9565, 3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 389.

§73.41 Massachusetts [Amended]

■ 2. Section 73.38 is amended as follows:

R-4102A Fort Devens, MA [Amended]

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Boundaries. Beginning at lat. 42°31'11" N,
long. 71°38'29" W; to lat. 42°30'55" N, long.
71°37′51" W: to lat. 42°30′12" N. long.
71°38′05" W; to lat. 42°29′38" N, long.
71°37′41″ W; to lat. 42°28′21″ N, long. 71°39′14″ W; to lat. 42°28′11″ N, long.
71°39'32" W; to lat. 42°28'11" N, long.
71°39′38″ W; to lat. 42°28′15″ N, long. 71°39′45″ W; to lat. 42°28′25″ N, long.
71°40′08" W; to lat. 42°28′54" N, long.
71°41′00″ W; to lat. 42°29′08″ N, long. 71°41′06″ W; to lat. 42°29′52″ N, long. 71°41′08″ W; to lat. 42°30′17″ N, long.
71°41′29″ W; to lat. 42°30′19″ N, long. 71°41′19″ W; to lat. 42°30′37″ N, long. 71°40′30″ W; to lat. 42°30′43″ N, long.
71°40′17" W; to lat. 42°30′52" N, long.
71°40′14″ W; to lat. 42°30′54″ N, long. 71°40′10″ W; to lat. 42°30′53″ N, long.
71°40′02" W; to lat. 42°30′48" N, long.
71°39′57″ W; to lat. 42°30′47″ N, long. 71°39′45″ W; to lat. 42°30′55″ N, long.
71°39′31″ W; to lat. 42°30′58″ N, long.
71°39′18″ W; to lat. 42°30′57″ N, long. 71°39′09″ W; to lat. 42°30′52″ N, long.
71°38′42″ W; to lat. 42°30′58″ N, long.
71°38′33″ W; to lat. 42°31′06″ N, long. 71°38′37″ W;
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thence to the point of beginning.

Designated altitudes. Surface to, but not including, 2000 feet MSL.

Time of designation. Intermittent, 0730–2200 local time, daily; other times by NOTAM issued 24 hours in advance.

 ${\it Controlling \ agency.} \ {\it FAA, \ Boston \ Approach \ Control.}$

Using agency. Commander, U.S. Army Garrison, Fort Devens, MA.

R-4102B Fort Devens, MA [Amended]

Boundaries. Beginning at lat. 42°31'11" N, long. 71°38′29″ W; to lat. 42°30′55″ N, long. 71°37′51" W; to lat. 42°30′12" N, long. 71°38′05" W; to lat. 42°29′38" N, long. 71°37′41" W; to lat. 42°28′21" N, long. 71°39′14″ W; to lat. 42°28′11″ N, long. 71°39′32″ W; to lat. 42°28′11″ N, long. 71°39'38" W; to lat. 42°28'15" N, long. 71°39′45″ W; to lat. 42°28′25″ N, long. 71°40′08″ W; to lat. 42°28′54″ N, long. 71°41′00" W; to lat. 42°29′08" N, long. 71°41′06″ W; to lat. 42°29′52″ N, long. 71°41′08″ W; to lat. 42°30′17″ N, long. 71°41′29″ W; to lat. 42°30′19″ N, long. 71°41′19″ W; to lat. 42°30′37″ N, long. 71°40'30" W; to lat. 42°30'43" N, long. 71°40′17″ W; to lat. 42°30′52″ N, long. 71°40′14" W; to lat. 42°30′54" N, long. 71°40′10″ W; to lat. 42°30′53″ N, long. 71°40′02″ W; to lat. 42°30′48″ N, long. 71°39′57″ W; to lat. 42°30′47″ N, long. 71°39′45″ W; to lat. 42°30′55″ N, long. 71°39′31″ W; to lat. 42°30′58″ N, long. 71°39′18″ W; to lat. 42°30′57″ N, long. 71°39′09" W; to lat. 42°30′52" N, long. 71°38′42″ W; to lat. 42°30′58″ N, long. 71°38′33″ W; to lat. 42°31′06″ N, long. 71°38′37″ W;

thence to the point of beginning. Designated altitudes. 2000 feet MSL to 3995 feet MSL. Time of designation. Intermittent, 0730–2200 local time, daily; other times by NOTAM issued 24 hours in advance.

Controlling agency. FAA, Boston Approach

Using agency. Commander, U.S. Army Garrison, Fort Devens, MA.

Issued in Washington, DC, on May 3, 2022. **Scott M. Rosenbloom,**

Manager, Airspace Rules and Regulations. [FR Doc. 2022–09921 Filed 5–6–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–13–P

RAILROAD RETIREMENT BOARD

20 CFR Part 220

RIN 3220-AB77

Consultative Examinations

AGENCY: Railroad Retirement Board. **ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Railroad Retirement Board amends its regulations concerning consultative examinations used in adjudication of claims for disability annuities. The amendment permits psychological and psychiatric consultative examinations to be conducted through the use of video teleconferencing technology. The amendment allows the remote conduct of examinations where physical contact is not required and facilitates medical evaluations when physical proximity is not feasible.

DATES: This regulation is effective May 9, 2022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Marguerite P. Dadabo, (312) 751–4945, TTD (312) 751–4701,

Marguerite.Dadabo@rrb.gov. _

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Railroad Retirement Board (Board) amends its disability regulations to allow video teleconferencing technology (VTT) to be used to conduct a psychological or a psychiatric consultative examination in a case where such technology permits proper evaluation of a claimant. A VTT consultative examination is an examination conducted through a telecommunications system that allows the examining physician or psychologist and the claimant to see and hear each other for the purpose of communication in real time. A VTT consultative examination must comply with all requirements for consultative examinations in subpart G of part 220 of the Board's regulations, 20 CFR part 220, subpart G. In addition, the following requirements must be followed if a VTT consultative examination is used. The examining