

assemblage was securely stored at the FLMNH Randell Research Center on Pine Island, near Calusa Island. The onset of the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020, followed by Hurricane Ian destruction in September 2022, delayed the completion of the test unit. Following the hurricane, the excavated assemblage on Pine Island was moved to the FLMNH research and collections facility in Gainesville, FL, at the University of Florida. Analysis of the excavated assemblage commenced in January 2023 and led to the identification of human remains. Upon their identification, on January 27, 2024, the human remains were reported to the Florida Bureau of Archaeological Research and the State Archaeologist assumed jurisdiction of the human remains in compliance with Florida State Statute 872.05. All other handling of the associated test unit archaeological assemblage ceased. Through consultation, on March 26, 2024, the 872.05 process and state jurisdiction of the assemblage ended at the request of the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the FLMNH initiated NAGPRA compliance for the repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects. During NAGPRA consultation, it was determined the human remains are culturally affiliated with the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the associated funerary objects include all excavated finds from the test unit. No hazardous substances were used to treat any of the human remains or associated funerary objects.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is reasonably identified by the geographical location or acquisition history of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The University of Florida-Florida Museum of Natural History has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry.
- The 605 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a connection between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Seminole Tribe of Florida.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after August 29, 2024. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the University of Florida-Florida Museum of Natural History must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The University of Florida-Florida Museum of Natural History is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: July 17, 2024.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2024-16711 Filed 7-29-24; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0038357; PPWOCRADN0-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: McClure Archives and University Museum, University of Central Missouri, Warrensburg, MO

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the McClure Archives and University Museum, University of Central Missouri has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a

cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after August 29, 2024.

ADDRESSES: Amber R. Clifford, McClure Archives and University Museum, Kirkpatrick Library 1470, University of Central Missouri, Warrensburg, MO 64093, telephone (660) 543-4649, email clifford@ucmo.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the McClure Archives and University Museum, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Site No 23JO14, Missouri

Human remains representing, at least, six individuals. Incomplete skeletal human remains of six individuals; four adults, one juvenile approximately five years old, and one infant approximately one year old, and 91 isolated human teeth. Accession #: N/A, the items were never given accession numbers originally. Catalogue #: Human Remains—121-302.4, Misc. 1-5, Uncatalogued 1-2, Uncategorized 1-6 Isolated Human Teeth—T4-263. The 960 associated funerary objects are: one piece of hematite, 79 stone bifaces, 314 sherds, 244 animal bones, animal teeth, and turtle shell pieces, 127 stone flakes, two pieces of iron, 13 pieces of sandstone, 23 pieces of limestone, five pieces of copper, 22 pieces of charcoal, two animal fossils, 10 antler pieces, 22 pieces of wood, three pieces of brick or baked earth, 33 mollusk shells, three pieces of siltstone, seven shell fragments, one piece of ochre, 13 unifaces, seven pieces of chert, two clumps of soil, one piece of daub, one piece of quartzite, one snail shell, 20 pieces of shale, and four core fragments. Accession #: N/A, the items were never given accession numbers originally. Catalogue #: 102-302, many AFOs were catalogued as groups of items rather than individual items.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is reasonably identified by the

geographical location or acquisition history of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The McClure Archives and University Museum has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of six individuals of Native American ancestry.
- The 960 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a connection between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and Geographical affiliation is consistent with the traditional territory of The Osage Nation and Otoe-Missouria Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma with overlap from the Kickapoo Traditional Tribe of Texas; Kickapoo Tribe of Indians of the Kickapoo Reservation in Kansas; and the Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma. Archaeological evidence shows cultural descent from the Woodland culture to The Osage Nation; Otoe-Missouria Tribe of Indians, Oklahoma; Kickapoo Traditional Tribe of Texas; Kickapoo Tribe of Indians of the Kickapoo Reservation in Kansas; and the Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after August 29, 2024. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the McClure Archives and University Museum must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The McClure

Archives and University Museum is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: July 17, 2024.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2024–16712 Filed 7–29–24; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4312–52–P

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[OMB Number 1105–0110]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed eCollection eComments Requested; Reinstatement With Change of a Previously Approved Collection; Vulnerability Assessment Request

AGENCY: U.S. Marshals Service, Department of Justice.

ACTION: 60-Day notice.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Marshals Service, Department of Justice (DOJ), will be submitting the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.

DATES: Comments are encouraged and will be accepted for 60 days until September 30, 2024.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: If you have additional comments especially on the estimated public burden or associated response time, suggestions, or need a copy of the proposed information collection instrument with instructions or additional information, please contact please contact Benjamin Cho/ Management Support Division, U.S. Marshals Service Headquarters, 1215 S Clark St., Ste. 10022B, Arlington, VA 22202–4837, by telephone at 240–401–0008 or by email at benjamin.cho@usdoj.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address one or more of the following four points:

- Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the

functions of the Bureau of Justice Statistics, including whether the information will have practical utility;

- Evaluate the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;
- Evaluate whether and if so how the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected can be enhanced; and
- Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

Abstract: This form should be completed by state, local and tribal government agencies to request a vulnerability assessment of a government facility by the United States Marshals Service.

Overview of This Information Collection

1. Type of Information Collection: Reinstatement with change of a previously approved collection.
2. The Title of the Form/Collection: Vulnerability Assessment Request.
3. The agency form number, if any, and the applicable component of the Department sponsoring the collection: USM–649.
4. Affected public who will be asked or required to respond, as well as the obligation to respond:
 - Affected Public: State, local, and tribal organizations.
 - The obligation to respond is voluntary.
5. An estimate of the total number of respondents and the amount of time estimated for an average respondent to respond:

An estimated 28 respondents will utilize the form, and it will take each respondent approximately 30 minutes to complete the form.

6. An estimate of the total annual burden (in hours) associated with the collection: The estimated annual public burden associated with this collection is 14 hours, which is equal to 28 (total # of annual responses) * 0.5 (30 mins).

7. An estimate of the total annual cost burden associated with the collection, if applicable: