

Indians of Michigan; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana; and the Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation [previously listed as Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation, Kansas] were invited to consult, but they did not participate. Hereafter, the Indian Tribes listed in the section are referred to as “The Consulted and Invited Tribes.”

### History and Description of the Remains

On an unknown date, human remains representing, at minimum, one individual were removed from a burial in Grundy County, IL. The human remains were previously at the Grundy County Historical Society. The Society’s records indicate the human remains may have been donated in the 1920s. In 1998, the human remains were transferred to the Illinois State Museum. The human remains belong to a child 3–12 years old and of indeterminate sex. No known individual was identified. The four associated funerary objects are three round metal brooches attached to a braid of hair and one lot of fabric.

The metal trade artifacts and fabric suggest a Late Historic date (ca. 1760–1820) for the burial. Based on these artifacts, historical records, and oral traditional information, these human remains are connected to the Potawatomi, Ho-Chunk/Winnebago, and Kickapoo, all of whom were in the Grundy County area during this time.

### Determinations Made by the Illinois State Museum

Officials of the Illinois State Museum have determined that:

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of one individual of Native American ancestry.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(3)(A), the four objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Citizen Potawatomi Nation, Oklahoma; Forest County Potawatomi Community, Wisconsin; Hannahville Indian Community, Michigan; Ho-Chunk Nation of Wisconsin; Kickapoo Traditional Tribe of Texas; Kickapoo Tribe of Indians of the Kickapoo Reservation in Kansas; Kickapoo Tribe of Oklahoma; Match-e-be-nash-she-wish Band of Pottawatomi Indians of Michigan; Nottawaseppi Huron Band of the Potawatomi, Michigan [previously

listed as Huron Potawatomi, Inc.]; Pokagon Band of Potawatomi Indians, Michigan and Indiana; Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation [previously listed as Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation, Kansas]; and the Winnebago Tribe of Nebraska (hereafter referred to as “The Tribes”).

### Additional Requestors and Disposition

Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Dr. Brooke Morgan, Illinois State Museum Research & Collections Center, 1011 East Ash Street, Springfield, IL 62703, telephone (217) 785–8930, email [Brooke.Morgan@illinois.gov](mailto:Brooke.Morgan@illinois.gov), by October 13, 2021. After that date, if no additional requestors have come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary objects to The Tribes may proceed.

The Illinois State Museum is responsible for notifying The Consulted and Invited Tribes that this notice has been published.

Dated: August 25, 2021.

**Melanie O’Brien,**

*Manager, National NAGPRA Program.*

[FR Doc. 2021–19692 Filed 9–10–21; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4312–52–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

### National Park Service

**[NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0032527; PPWOCRADNO–PCU00RP14.R50000]**

### Notice of Inventory Completion: Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History (Museum) at the University of Oklahoma has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects, in consultation with the appropriate Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations, and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and present-day Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations. Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control

of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request to the Museum. If no additional requestors come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the lineal descendants, Indian Tribes, or Native Hawaiian organizations stated in this notice may proceed.

**DATES:** Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request with information in support of the request to the Museum at the address in this notice by October 13, 2021.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Dr. Marc Levine, Associate Curator of Archaeology, Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, University of Oklahoma, 2401 Chautauqua Avenue, Norman, OK 73072–7029, telephone (405) 325–1994, email [mlevine@ou.edu](mailto:mlevine@ou.edu).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Notice is here given in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), 25 U.S.C. 3003, of the completion of an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects under the control of the Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK. The human remains and associated funerary objects were removed from McCurtain County, OK.

This notice is published as part of the National Park Service’s administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA, 25 U.S.C. 3003(d)(3). The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the museum, institution, or Federal agency that has control of the Native American human remains and associated funerary objects. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

### Consultation

A detailed assessment of the human remains was made by the Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History professional staff in consultation with representatives of the Caddo Nation of Oklahoma and The Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma.

### History and Description of the Remains

In 1941, human remains representing, at minimum, 10 individuals were removed from the Clement 1 site (34Mc8) in McCurtain County, OK. This mound and midden site was excavated in 1941 by the Works Progress Administration, and the excavated

materials were transferred to the Museum the same year. The human remains include one fragmentary skeleton of an adult female, 35–50 years old; one fragmentary skeleton of an adult male, 35–50 years old; one fragmentary skeleton of an adult probable male, 35–50 years old; one fragmentary skeleton of an adult of indeterminate sex, 20–35 years old; two fragmentary skeletons of adults of indeterminate sex, each more than 20 years old; one fragmentary skeleton of an adult of indeterminate sex, 35–50 years old; two fragmentary skeletons of adults greater of indeterminate sex, each more than 50 years old; and one fragmentary set of teeth belonging to an adult of indeterminate sex and age. No known individuals were identified.

The 1,103 associated funerary objects are: Four Avery Engraved type ceramic bowls, one Avery Engraved type ceramic bottle, 162 Avery Engraved type potsherds, two Emory Punctate type ceramic jars with castellated rims, one Simms Engraved type ceramic carinated bowl, 61 Simms Engraved type ceramic potsherds, six decorated ceramic bowls, one decorated ceramic jar, one decorated ceramic bottle, one decorated ceramic vessel with four applique nodes with rattles, one decorated ceramic vessel with four animal effigies on the rim, four undecorated ceramic bowls, one undecorated ceramic jar, one undecorated ceramic red olla vessel, two ceramic rattle fragments, 390 decorated potsherds, 352 undecorated potsherds, three ceramic pipe fragments, 31 small corner-notched projectile points, two Gary type projectile points, one chipped stone flake, one fragment of fire cracked rock, one stone celt, four pigment stones, one unmodified stone, two copper covered shell earspools, four faunal bone fragments, 17 shell beads, one engraved shell gorget, four engraved shell fragments, 26 shell fragments, four wood fragments, five charred corn cob fragments, one seed bead with sediment, two soil samples with possible textile matting, one charcoal sample from a vessel, and one daub fragment.

While the Clement 1 site (34Mc8) includes both historic and prehistoric components, all the human remains and associated funerary objects listed in this notice belong to the prehistoric component. Based on an analysis of the diagnostic cultural materials from the site (chipped and ground stone, ceramics, bone tools, and ornaments), as well as radiocarbon dates obtained from more recent investigations there, the prehistoric component of the site dates to A.D. 1200–1500. Archeological, oral traditional, and post-contact European historical information reasonably show

that a cultural affiliation exists between the earlier group connected to the human remains and associated funerary objects at the Clement I site and the present-day Caddo Nation of Oklahoma.

#### **Determinations Made by the Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History**

Officials of the Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History have determined that:

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(9), the human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of 10 individuals of Native American ancestry.

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(3)(A), the 1,103 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.

- Pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 3001(2), there is a relationship of shared group identity that can be reasonably traced between the Native American human remains and associated funerary objects and the Caddo Nation of Oklahoma.

#### **Additional Requestors and Disposition**

Lineal descendants or representatives of any Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice that wish to request transfer of control of these human remains and associated funerary objects should submit a written request with information in support of the request to Dr. Marc Levine, Associate Curator of Archaeology, Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History, University of Oklahoma, 2401 Chautauqua Avenue, Norman, OK 73072–7029, telephone (405) 325–1994, email [mlevine@ou.edu](mailto:mlevine@ou.edu), by October 13, 2021. After that date, if no additional requestors have come forward, transfer of control of the human remains and associated funerary objects to the Caddo Nation of Oklahoma may proceed.

The Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural History is responsible for notifying the Caddo Nation of Oklahoma and The Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma that this notice has been published.

Dated: August 25, 2021.

**Melanie O'Brien,**

*Manager, National NAGPRA Program.*

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## **DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

### **Drug Enforcement Administration**

**[Docket No. DEA–892]**

#### **Bulk Manufacturer of Controlled Substances Application: Bulk Manufacturer of Marihuana: Amethyst Exploration, LLC**

**AGENCY:** Drug Enforcement Administration, Justice.

**ACTION:** Notice of application.

**SUMMARY:** The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) is providing notice of an application it has received from an entity applying to be registered to manufacture in bulk basic class(es) of controlled substances listed in schedule I. DEA intends to evaluate this and other pending applications according to its regulations governing the program of growing marihuana for scientific and medical research under DEA registration.

**DATES:** Registered bulk manufacturers of the affected basic class(es), and applicants therefor, may file written comments on or objections to the issuance of the proposed registration on or before November 12, 2021.

**ADDRESSES:** Written comments should be sent to: Drug Enforcement Administration, Attention: DEA Federal Register Representative/DPW 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, Virginia 22152. To ensure proper handling of comments, please reference Docket No—DEA–XXX in all correspondence, including attachments.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The Controlled Substances Act (CSA) prohibits the cultivation and distribution of marihuana except by persons who are registered under the CSA to do so for lawful purposes. In accordance with the purposes specified in 21 CFR 1301.33(a), DEA is providing notice that the entity identified below has applied for registration as a bulk manufacturer of schedule I controlled substances. In response, registered bulk manufacturers of the affected basic class(es), and applicants therefor, may file written comments on or objections of the requested registration, as provided in this notice. This notice does not constitute any evaluation or determination of the merits of the application submitted.

The applicant plans to manufacture bulk active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs) for product development and distribution to DEA registered researchers. If the application for registration is granted, the registrant would not be authorized to conduct