

Information collection title	Number of respondents	Number of responses (per respondent)	Burden per response (min)	Burden per respondent	Total annual burden (hours)
CISS: Collection of Police Records from Sampled Jurisdictions	412	21,424(52)	3	156 minutes (2.6 hours)	1,071
CISS: Collection of Police Records from Non-Sampled Jurisdictions	775	1,550 (2)	15	30 minutes	388
CISS: Collection of Medical Records	628	21,763 (34.665)	10	5.78 hours	3,627
CISS: Access to Tow Yards	2,510	14,508 (5.78)	5	28.9 minutes	1,209
SCI: Interviews with Individuals Involved in Crashes	200	200 (1)	20	20 minutes	67
SCI: Collection of Police Records	100	100 (1)	10	10 minutes	17
SCI: Collection of Medical Records	100	100 (1)	10	10 minutes	17
SCI: Access to Tow Yards	100	100 (1)	5	5 minutes	8
Special Studies: Collection of Police Records	1,000	1000 (1)	10	10 minutes	167
Total:	38,675	17,521

Estimated Total Annual Burden Cost All Programs: \$0.

There is no capital, start-up, or annual operation and maintenance costs involved in this collection of information. The respondents would not incur any reporting costs from the information collection beyond the labor costs associated with the burden hours. The respondents also would not incur any recordkeeping burden or recordkeeping costs from the information collection.

Public Comments Invited: You are asked to comment on any aspects of this information collection, including (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses.

(Authority: The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995; 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended; 49 CFR 1.49; and DOT Order 1351.29A.)

Chou-Lin Chen,

Associate Administrator, National Center for Statistics and Analysis.

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration

[Docket No. PHMSA-2025-0021]

Pipeline Safety: Information Collection Activities

AGENCY: Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: In compliance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*), this notice announces that the information collection request abstracted below is being forwarded to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and comment. PHMSA plans to revise the instructions for Form PHMSA F 7100.2 INCIDENT REPORT—GAS TRANSMISSION, GAS GATHERING, AND UNDERGROUND NATURAL GAS STORAGE FACILITIES to provide clarity on reporting the intentional release of gas through relief valves and emergency shutdown devices. A **Federal Register** notice with a 60-day comment period soliciting comments on this information collection revision was published on December 17, 2020.

DATES: Interested persons are invited to submit comments on or before September 12, 2025.

ADDRESSES: The public is invited to submit comments regarding these information collection requests, including suggestions for reducing the burden, to Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Attention: Desk Officer for the Office of the Secretary of Transportation, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503. Comments can also be submitted electronically at www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Angela Hill by email at Angela.Hill@dot.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Title 5, Code of Federal Regulations section 1320.8(d), requires the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration (PHMSA) to provide interested members of the public and affected agencies the opportunity to comment on information collection and recordkeeping requests before they are submitted to OMB for approval. In accordance with this regulation, on December 17, 2020 PHMSA published a **Federal Register** notice with a 60-day comment period soliciting comments on its intent to revise the instructions for Form PHMSA F 7100.2 INCIDENT REPORT—GAS TRANSMISSION, GAS GATHERING, AND UNDERGROUND NATURAL GAS STORAGE FACILITIES which is under OMB Control Number 2137-0635.

The proposed revisions included changes to the instructions to Form PHMSA F 7100.2 to remove the requirement for operators to report relief valve lifts and compressor station emergency shutdown (ESD) events when the systems function as expected. In a subsequent 30-day notice, published in the **Federal Register** on May 14, 2021, PHMSA decided to delay proposed revisions and consider the comments in a future information collection change.

PHMSA is again proposing to revise to the instructions for Form PHMSA F 7100.2 to clarify how operators should treat the reporting of intentional gas releases. The current instructions state that the intentional and controlled release of gas for the purpose of maintenance or other routine operating activities is not to be reported. However, the instructions for Section A7, specify

“When ESDs or relief valves are activated as the result of a safety condition that has occurred, the volume released should be included in the “unintentional” category, even if safety equipment performed as designed . . .” In the December 2020 notice, PHMSA proposed to revise the instructions to indicate that when gas is released through a relief valve or a compressor station during an ESD event, and devices open and close at the specified set points, the release of gas is considered intentional.

One of the commenters (the Associations)¹ to the December 2020 notice suggested that the proposed language be clarified to specify that a relief valve or ESD system need not “close” at the specified setpoint for the event to be considered intentional, because a relief device may not perfectly “close” (i.e., reseal) completely following a relief event. The Associations specified that if the relief valve or ESD opens at the specified set point and relieves gas through the intended pathway, then the relief valve has functioned as designed. The Associations also suggested that PHMSA clarify that when determining whether a relief valve opened at the specified setpoint, the operator should consider the relief valve manufacturer’s specified tolerances. The Associations noted that relief valves are commonly designed to begin partially opening before the set point is reached to reduce the risk of overpressure. The Associations also noted that ESD systems may be designed to activate in response to a “condition” rather than a “set point” (e.g., gas detection). The Associations concluded by specifying that it is illogical to classify manual ESD activations as unintentional since such events are intentional actions taken by trained operator personnel.

The Associations proposed the following language for the general instructions, “When gas is released through a relief valve or a compressor station has an emergency shutdown (ESD) system and devices open at the specified set points (considering the manufacturer’s specified tolerances) or conditions, release of gas is considered intentional.”

The Associations proposed the following language for the A7 instructions, “The volume released during a relief valve activation is considered intentional when the device

opens at the specified setpoint, considering the manufacturer’s specified tolerances. The volume released during an emergency shutdown (ESD) that is activated by a station safety device is considered intentional. The volume released during an ESD in which one or more valves in the release pathway do not properly open is considered unintentional.”

PHMSA acknowledges the concerns of the Associations and, based on the additional information provided, agrees with the proposed revisions. PHMSA does not intend to collect data on events that are not associated with equipment failure or malfunctions as those events do not represent safety risks to the public. The elimination of this data will provide a more accurate representation of the safety of gas transmission pipelines, allowing both operators and regulators to better identify and address safety concerns.

While PHMSA is proposing that the release of gas from a relief valve or ESD device is not a reportable incident as defined by pipeline safety regulations, it may qualify as an abnormal operation or safety related condition. Section 192.605 requires the operator’s operations and maintenance manual to include procedures for the handling of abnormal operations. Under § 192.605(c)(1)(iv), operators are required to respond to, investigate, and correct the cause of the operation of any safety device. Under § 191.23(a)(10), operators of gas transmission pipelines are also required to submit a safety related condition report for each exceedance of the maximum allowable operating pressure that exceeds the margin (build-up) allowed for operation of pressure-limiting or control devices as specified in the applicable requirements of §§ 192.201, 192.620(e), and 192.739.

PHMSA notes that relief device activations may also be subject to reporting under other Federal or state laws. (See, e.g., Environmental Protection Agency’s Greenhouse Gas Reporting Program, 40 CFR 98 subpart W).

II. Summary of Impacted Collection

As section 1320.8(d) of Title 5 of the CFR requires PHMSA to provide interested members of the public and affected agencies the opportunity to comment on information collection and recordkeeping requests before they are submitted to OMB for approval, this notice identifies an information collection request that PHMSA will submit to OMB for revision.

The following information is provided for this information collection request:

- (1) Title of the information collection;
- (2) OMB control number;
- (3) Current expiration date;
- (4) Type of request;
- (5) Abstract of the information collection activity;
- (6) Description of affected public;
- (7) Estimate of total annual reporting and recordkeeping burden;
- and (8) Frequency of collection.

PHMSA will request a three-year term of approval for this information collection activity. PHMSA requests comments on the following information:

Title: “Incident Reports for Natural Gas Pipeline Operators”.

OMB Control Number: 2137–0635.

Current Expiration Date: 06/30/2026.

Abstract: Operators of natural gas pipelines, underground natural gas storage (UNGS), and liquefied natural gas (LNG) facilities are required to report incidents to PHMSA per the requirements in 49 CFR part 191. This mandatory information collection covers the collection of incident report data from natural gas pipeline, UNGS, and LNG operators. The reports contained within this information collection support the Department of Transportation’s strategic goal of safety. This information is an essential part of PHMSA’s overall effort to minimize failures on natural gas transmission, gathering, and distribution pipelines, and UNGS and LNG facilities. PHMSA proposes to revise the instructions for Form PHMSA F 7100.2 INCIDENT REPORT—GAS TRANSMISSION, GAS GATHERING, AND UNDERGROUND NATURAL GAS STORAGE FACILITIES to provide clarity on reporting the intentional release of gas through relief valves and emergency shutdown devices.

Affected Public: Operators of certain PHMSA-regulated pipelines, UNGS facilities, and LNG facilities.

Annual Reporting and Recordkeeping Burden:

Total Annual Responses: 840.

Total Annual Burden Hours: 2,927.

Frequency of Collection: On occasion.

Comments are invited on:

(a) The need to review and revise these collections of information for the proper performance of Agency functions, including whether the information will have practical utility.

(b) The accuracy of the Agency’s estimate of the burden required to collect information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used.

(c) Ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected.

(d) Ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on respondents, including the use of appropriate automated, electronic,

¹ The Associations include: The American Gas Association, American Petroleum Institute, American Public Gas Association, GPA Midstream Association, and Interstate Natural Gas Association of America (<https://www.regulations.gov/comment/PHMSA-2019-0172-0006>).

mechanical, or other technological collection techniques.

Authority: The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995; 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended; and 49 CFR 1.48.

Issued in Washington, DC, on August 8, 2025, under authority delegated in 49 CFR 1.97.

Linda Daugherty,

Acting Associate Administrator for Pipeline Safety.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau

[Docket No. TTB–2025–0004]

Proposed Information Collections; Comment Request (No. 96)

AGENCY: Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (TTB); Treasury.

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: As part of our continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, and as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, we invite comments on the continuing or proposed information collections listed below in this document.

DATES: We must receive your written comments on or before October 14, 2025.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments on the information collections described in this document using one of these two methods:

- *Internet*—To submit comments electronically, use the comment form for this document posted on the “*Regulations.gov*” e-rulemaking website at <https://www.regulations.gov> within Docket No. TTB–2025–0004.

- *Mail*—Send comments to the Paperwork Reduction Act Officer, Regulations and Rulings Division, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, 1310 G Street NW, Box 12, Washington, DC 20005.

Please submit separate comments for each specific information collection described in this document. You must reference the information collection’s title, form number or recordkeeping requirement number (if any), and OMB control number in your comment.

You may view copies of this document, the relevant TTB forms, and any comments received at <https://www.regulations.gov> within Docket No. TTB–2025–0004. TTB has posted a link to that docket on its website at <https://www.ttb.gov>

www.ttb.gov/rrd/information-collection-*notices*. You also may obtain paper copies of this document, the listed forms, and any comments received by contacting TTB’s Paperwork Reduction Act Officer at the addresses or telephone number shown below.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Michael Hoover, Regulations and Rulings Division, Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau, 1310 G Street NW, Box 12, Washington, DC 20005; 202–453–1039, ext. 135; or complete the Regulations and Rulings Division contact form at <https://www.ttb.gov/contact-rrd>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Request for Comments

The Department of the Treasury and its Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (TTB), as part of a continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invite the general public and other Federal agencies to comment on the proposed or continuing information collections described below, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

Comments submitted in response to this document will be included or summarized in our request for Office of Management and Budget (OMB) approval of the relevant information collection. All comments are part of the public record and subject to disclosure. Please do not include any confidential or inappropriate material in your comments.

We invite comments on: (a) Whether an information collection is necessary for the proper performance of the agency’s functions, including whether the information has practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency’s estimate of the information collection’s burden; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information collected; (d) ways to minimize the information collection’s burden on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology; and (e) estimates of capital or start-up costs and costs of operation, maintenance, and purchase of services to provide the requested information.

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless the collection of information has a valid OMB control number.

Information Collections Open for Comment

Currently, we are seeking comments on the following forms, letterhead

applications or notices, recordkeeping requirements, questionnaires, or surveys:

OMB Control No. 1513–0010

Title: Formula and Process for Wine.

TTB Form Number: TTB F 5120.29.

Abstract: In addition to imposing Federal excise taxes on wines produced or imported into the United States, the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) places formula requirements on certain wines and authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury (Secretary) to issue regulations regarding the production of wines. This includes 26 U.S.C. 5386, which requires special natural wine to be made pursuant to an approved formula, and 26 U.S.C. 5361, 5362(d), 5387, and 5388(b), which authorize the Secretary to issue regulations governing the production of wines other than natural wines.

Under those IRC authorities, the Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (TTB) regulations in 27 CFR parts 24 and 26 require proprietors intending to produce special natural wine, agricultural wine, other than standard wine, or nonbeverage wine to submit, and obtain TTB’s prior approval of, the formula by which the product is to be made. While TTB has issued a form for use for any beverage alcohol formula, TTB continues to allow in its regulations the use of a separate form, TTB F 5120.29, for submitting formulas for wine.

TTB uses the collected information to ensure that the relevant tax provisions of the IRC are appropriately applied and to determine whether the products comply with production, labeling, and ingredient safety requirements.

Current Actions: There are no program changes or adjustments to this information collection, and TTB is submitting it for extension purposes only.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Affected Public: Businesses and other for-profits.

Estimated Annual Burden

- *Number of Respondents:* 30.
- *Average Responses per Respondent:* 5.
- *Number of Responses:* 150.
- *Average Per-response Burden:* 2 hours.
- *Total Burden:* 300 hours.

OMB Control No. 1513–0012

Title: User’s Report of Denatured Spirits.

TTB Form Number: TTB F 5150.18.

Abstract: The IRC at 26 U.S.C. 5214 allows the tax-free withdrawal of