Telephone: (301) 725–3620. The request to release airport property may be reviewed in person at this same location.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 5, 2000, new authorizing legislation became effective. That bill, the Wendell H. Ford Aviation Investment and Reform Act for the 21st Century (AIR 21), Public Law 10–181 (Apr. 5, 2000; 114 Stat. 61), requires that a 30 day public notice must be provided before the Secretary may waive any condition imposed on an interest in surplus property.

The following is a brief overview of the request:

County of San Diego requested the release of two parcels of land, approximately four acres, of airport property at Fallbrook Community Airpark, Fallbrook, California, from surplus property agreement obligations. The purpose of the release is to permit the sale of the property to San Diego County Roads Division for non-aviation uses. San Diego County Roads Division proposes to use the property for widening the Mission Road from two lanes to four lanes to improve the traffic flow in the Fallbrook area. The net proceeds will be utilized for airport improvements.

Issued in Hawthorne, California, on February 7, 2001.

Ellsworth Chan,

Acting Manager, Airports Division, Western-Pacific Region.

[FR Doc. 01–4150 Filed 2–16–01; 8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Notice of Intent To Rule on Request To Release Airport Property at the Shafter Airport, Shafter, CA

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of Request to Release

Airport Property.

SUMMARY: The FAA proposes to rule and invites public comment on the release of approximately 44.70 acres of land at Shafter Airport, Shafter, California, from all restrictions of the surplus property agreement to facilitate an exchange for approximately 30.34 acres of land adjacent to the said airport. The land being released will be used for agricultural purposes.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before March 22, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Comments on this application may be mailed or delivered in triplicate to the FAA at the following address: Federal Aviation

Administration, Airports Division, 15000 Aviation Blvd., Lawndale, CA 90261. In addition, one copy of any comments submitted to the FAA must be mailed or delivered to Mr. Herman Ruddell, Airport Director, Shafter Airport, at the following address: 201 Aviation Street, Shafter, CA 93263.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Ellsworth Chan, Manager, Safety & Standards Branch, AWP–620, 15000 Aviation Blvd., Lawndale, CA 90261, Telephone: (310) 725–3620. The request to release airport property may be reviewed in person at this same location.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On April 5, 2000, new authorizing legislation became effective. That bill, the Wendell H. Ford Aviation Investment and Reform Act for the 21st Century (AIR 21), Public Law 10–181 (Apr. 5, 2000; 114 Stat. 61), requires that a 30 day public notice must be provided before the Secretary may waive any condition imposed on an interest in surplus property.

The following is a brief overview of the request:

Minter Field Airport District requested the release of approximately 44.70 acres of airport property at Shafter Airport, Shafter, California, from surplus property agreement obligations. The purpose of the release is to permit the property to be exchanged for a 30.45 acres private parcel adjacent to the airport. The land being released will be used for agricultural purposes. The fair market values for the two parcels are approximately the same.

Issued in Hawthorne, California, on February 7, 2001.

Ellsworth Chan,

Acting Manager, Airports Division, Western-Pacific Region.

[FR Doc. 01–4151 Filed 2–16–01; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

High Density Traffic Airports; Slot Allocation and Transfer Method

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT. **ACTION:** Statement of policy.

SUMMARY: This action extends and modifies the temporary policy issued on November 11, 2000, regarding the minimum slot usage requirement for slots and slot exemptions at LaGuardia Airport for the winter season. This policy is extended through September 14, 2001. This extension coincides with the effective period of the AIR–21 slot

exemption allocation as a result of the lottery held on December 4, 2000. Also, the FAA amends the policy to permit the temporary turn-in of AIR-21 slot exemptions for weekend frequencies only. The extension of this policy will continue to assist carriers in addressing operational issues at LaGuardia Airport during this period by allowing limited flexibility of the slot usage requirement. **EFFECTIVE DATES:** Effective May 1, 2001. FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lorelei D. Peter, Office of the Chief Counsel, AGC-230, Federal Aviation Administration, 800 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20591;

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

telephone number 202-267-3073.

Background

On November 17, 2000, the FAA published in the **Federal Register** a statement of policy addressing the slot usage requirement at LaGuardia Airport given the current operating environment (65 FR 69601). This policy was necessary to address the level of delay that aircraft operating at LaGuardia were experiencing as a result of the increased number of operations pursuant to the "Wendell H. Ford Aviation Investment and Reform Act of the 21st Century" ("AIR 21"), enacted on April 5, 2000. As a result of AIR-21, air carriers meeting specified criteria could obtain new slot exemptions at New York's LaGuardia Airport (LaGuardia) and John F. Kennedy International Airport (JFK), Chicago's O'Hare International Airport (O'Hare) and Washington DC's Ronald Reagan Washington National Airport (National). Subsequent to this legislation, the Department of Transportation (Department) issued eight orders establishing procedures for the processing of various applications. The policy statement addressed all operations at LaGuardia, including those authorized under Order 2000-4 11 (La Guardia—Exemptions for air service to small and nonhub airports limited to aircraft with a seating capacity of less than 71) and Order 2000–4–10 (LaGuardia—Exemptions for new entrant and limited incumbent air carriers).

As a result of the operational environment at LaGuardia, the FAA conducted a lottery of AIR–21 slot exemptions on December 4, 2000. Through this lottery, the FAA reallocated 159 exemption slots among the 13 participating carriers. (This is an increase of approximately 15 percent over pre-AIR–21 operations.) The slot exemptions reallocated by the lottery will remain in effect until September 15, 2001, when a permanent demand

management policy for the airport will be developed with the participation of all interested parties and can be implemented. Consequently, the FAA believes that an extension to September 15, 2001, of the current usage policy at LaGuardia is warranted. The agency amends the current policy by permitting the temporary turn-in of AIR-21 exemption slots for weekend frequencies only. The FAA believes that the reduction in operations at the airport as a result of the lottery will reduce the level of delays experienced by all operators. An extension of this policy will continue to allow carriers to realistically schedule their operations through this temporary allocation period.

Statement of Policy

As a result of the additional operations and the impact on the operating environment at LaGuardia, the FAA extends the temporary policy concerning the slot usage requirement for operations at LaGuardia until

September 15, 2001.

The FAA will permit carriers operating slots at LaGuardia to temporarily return to the FAA slots issued under the authority of 14 CFR part 93. The FAA modifies the current policy to permit the temporary turn-in of AIR-21 slot exemptions for weekend frequencies only. The agency believes that the reduction in operations as a result of the lottery supports this modification to the current policy. Carriers that plan to return slots or weekend slot exemptions must notify the FAA Slot Administration Office in advance and provide the slot withdrawal number, frequency and effective period of the return. Slots and slot exemptions returned to the FAA under this policy will not be allocated to any other carrier during the effective period and will revert automatically to the operator at the expiration of the period for which it was returned. Carriers must contact the FAA Slot Administration Office concerning the date and frequency of restart-up should dates change. A carrier returning weekend slot exemptions under this policy will not need to recertify under Order 2000–4–10 and Order 2000–4–11 provided that all other certified conditions remain valid.

The FAA will treat a slot or slot exemption as used if the flight was scheduled but canceled for operational reasons and the slot would not otherwise have been subject to withdrawal. In the use or lose reports submitted to the FAA, carriers should indicate that flight was scheduled and, if appropriate, was canceled due to

operational reasons. Carriers may report a slot or slot exemption as operated only if the flight was in fact operated. The FAA advises carriers to retain records of such cancellations should the FAA request additional documentation regarding the reason for the cancellation.

This temporary policy on nonoperation or return of slots and weekend slot exemptions does not apply to the use or lose provisions for slots at other high density traffic airports unless the operator can provide clear and convincing evidence that a flight cancellation at that airport was directly related to the non-operation of a slot at LaGuardia, as described in the policy statement. This policy is not intended to provide blanket relief to any slot operator not meeting the minimum usage requirement due to reasons other than those discussed previously. It is also not intended to establish a basis for the FAA to routinely consider delays and traffic management programs as grounds for a usage waiver. Any waiver of the slot usage requirement at other high density airports for non-operation of flights at LaGuardia not covered by this policy will continue to be processed in accordance with 14 CFR 93.227.

Issued in Washington, DC, on February 14, 2001.

James W. Whitlow,

Deputy Chief Counsel. [FR Doc. 01-4139 Filed 2-16-01; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

Noise Exposure Map Notice and Receipt of Noise Computability **Program and Request for Review**

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) announces its determination that the noise exposure maps submitted by Colorado Springs Airport under the provisions of 49 U.S.C. 47503(a) and 14 CFR part 150 are in compliance with applicable requirements. The FAA also announces that it is reviewing the proposed noise compatibility program that was submitted for Colorado Springs Airport under part 150 in conjunction with the noise exposure maps, and that this program will be approved or disapproved on or before August 7, 2001.

EFFECTIVE DATE: The effective date of the FAA's determination on the Colorado Springs Airport noise exposure maps and the start of its review of the associated noise compatibility program is February 8, 2001. The public comment period ends March 23, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dennis Ossenkop, FAA, Airports

Division, ANM-611, 1601 Lind Avenue, S.W., Renton, Washington, 98055-4056.

Comments on the proposed noise compatibility program should also be submitted to the above office.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice announces that the FAA finds that the noise exposure maps for Colorado Springs Airport are in compliance with applicable requirements of part 150, effective February 1, 2001, Further, FAA is reviewing a proposed noise compatibility program for that airport which will be approved or disapproved on or before August 7, 2001. This notice also announces the availability of this program for public review and comment.

Under 49 U.S.C. 47503(a), an airport operator may submit to the FAA a noise exposure map which meets applicable regulations and which depicts noncompatible land uses as of the date of submission of such map, description of projected aircraft operations, and the ways in which such operations will affect such map. 49 U.S.C. 47503(a)(1) requires such maps to be developed in consultation with interested and affected parties in the local community, government agencies and persons using the airport.

An airport operator who has submitted a noise exposure map that has been found by FAA to be in compliance with the requirements of Federal Aviation Regulation (FAR) part 150, promulgated pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 47503(a) may submit a noise compatibility program for FAA approval which sets forth the measures the operator has taken or proposes for the reduction of existing noncompatible uses and for the prevention of the introduction of additional noncompatible uses.

The Director of Aviation for Colorado Springs Airport submitted to the FAA noise exposure maps, descriptions and other documentation which were produced during an airport Noise Compatibility Study. It was requested that the FAA review the noise exposure maps, as described in 49 U.S.C. 47503. It was also requested that the noise mitigation measures be approved as a noise compatibility program under 49 U.S.C. 47504.