

In HQ 735027, dated September 7, 1993, a device that software companies used to protect their software from piracy was under consideration for country of origin marking purposes. The device, referred to as the "MemoPlug," was assembled in Israel from parts that were obtained from Taiwan (such as various connectors and an Electronically Erasable Programmable Read Only Memory, or "EEPROM") and Israel (such as an internal circuit board). After assembly, these components were shipped to a processing facility in the United States where the EEPROM was programmed with special software. Such processing in the United States accounted for approximately 50 percent of the final selling price of the MemoPlugs. In finding that the foreign-origin components were substantially transformed in the United States, CBP noted that the U.S. processing transformed a blank media, the EEPROM, into a device that performed functions necessary to the prevention of software piracy.

We make our determination herein based on the totality of the circumstances. In doing so, we take particular note of the fact that the installation of the firmware and the application software makes the UFDs functional and executes the security features. In addition, the installation and customization of the firmware and application software greatly increase the value of a UFD without security.

Based upon the above precedents and the totality of the circumstances, we determine that there is a substantial transformation of the component parts in either Israel or the United States, the location where the final three manufacturing operations, including installation and customization of the firmware and application software, occur, i.e., if the final three manufacturing operations occur in Israel, there is a substantial transformation in Israel and if the final three manufacturing operations occur in the United States, there is a substantial transformation in the United States. Therefore, the country of origin for government procurement purposes is such location, either Israel or the United States.

#### *Country of Origin Marking*

Section 304 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1304), provides that, unless excepted, every article of foreign origin imported into the United States shall be marked in a conspicuous place as legibly, indelibly, and permanently as the nature of the article (or container) will permit, in such manner as to indicate to the ultimate

purchaser in the U.S. the English name of the country of origin of the article.

Part 134, CBP Regulations (19 CFR Part 134), implements the country of origin marking requirements and exceptions of 19 U.S.C. 1304. Section 134.1(b), CBP Regulations (19 CFR 134.1(b)), defines the country of origin of an article as the country of manufacture, production, or growth of any article of foreign origin entering the United States. Further work or material added to an article in another country must effect a substantial transformation in order to render such other country the country of origin for country of origin marking purposes.

Based upon our determination, above, with respect to substantial transformation of the UFDs, the country of origin for marking of these goods is Israel or the United States if the final three manufacturing steps, described above, are performed in either of these countries. If the final three manufacturing steps are performed in Israel, the UFDs should be marked "Made in Israel." For a determination as to whether SanDisk may mark the UFDs "Made in the United States" when the final three manufacturing operations are performed in the U.S., please contact the Federal Trade Commission, Division of Enforcement, 6th Street and Pennsylvania Ave., NW., Washington, DC 20580.

#### *Holdings*

There is a substantial transformation of the component parts in either Israel or the United States, the location where the final three operations, including the installation and customization of the firmware and application software, occur. Therefore, the country of origin for government procurement purposes is such location, either Israel or the United States.

The country of origin of the UFDs is Israel or the United States if the final three manufacturing steps, described above, are performed in these countries. If the final three manufacturing steps are performed in Israel, the UFDs should be marked "Made in Israel." For a determination as to whether SanDisk may mark the UFDs "Made in the United States" when the final three manufacturing operations are performed in the United States, please contact the Federal Trade Commission.

Notice of this final determination will be given in the **Federal Register**, as required by 19 CFR 177.29. Any party-at-interest other than the party which requested the final determination may request, pursuant to 19 CFR § 177.31, that CBP reexamine the matter anew and issue a new final determination.

Any party-at-interest may, within 30 days after publication of the **Federal Register** notice referenced above, seek judicial review of this final determination before the Court of International Trade.

Sincerely,  
Sandra L. Bell,  
Executive Director, Office of Regulations and Rulings, Office of International Trade

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## DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-5281-N-34]

### Notice of Submission of Proposed Information Collection to OMB; Emergency Comment Request Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program (HPRP)

**AGENCY:** Office of the Chief Information Officer, HUD.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed information collection.

**SUMMARY:** The proposed information collection requirement described below has been submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for emergency review and approval, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act. The Department is soliciting public comments on the subject proposal.

**DATES:** *Comments Due Date: May 15, 2009.*

**ADDRESSES:** Interested persons are invited to submit comments regarding this proposal. Comments must be received within seven (7) days from the date of this Notice. Comments should refer to the proposal by name and/or OMB approval number and should be sent to: Ms. Kimberly P. Nelson, HUD Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20502; *e-mail:* [Kimberly.P.Nelson@omb.eop.gov](mailto:Kimberly.P.Nelson@omb.eop.gov); *fax:* (202) 395-6974.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Lillian Deitzer, Reports Management Officer, QDAM, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 Seventh Street, SW., Washington, DC 20410; *e-mail:* [Lillian.L.Deitzer@hud.gov](mailto:Lillian.L.Deitzer@hud.gov); telephone (202) 402-8048. This is not a toll-free number. Copies of available documents should be submitted to OMB and may be obtained from Ms. Deitzer.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This Notice informs the public that the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has submitted to

OMB, for emergency processing, a proposed information collection for the Homelessness Prevention Fund, which is authorized under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (Recovery Act) of 2009, and is hereafter called the Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-housing Program (HPRP). Title XII of Division A of the Recovery Act appropriated \$1.5 billion for this program. These funds will be distributed to 360 grantees that received Emergency Shelter Grants Program (ESG) funding in Fiscal Year (FY) 2009 as well as 180 metropolitan cities and urban counties that did not qualify for an ESG allocation in FY09. HUD will administer these funds as the Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-housing Program (HPRP) and will require a substantial amendment to the grantee's 2008 annual action plan as a condition of receiving funds. The formulas for the allocation of HPRP are the same as the formulas used for the annual allocation of ESG funds to the States, urban counties, metropolitan cities, and insular areas, except that the minimum allocation was reduced. On March 19, 2009, HUD published the HPRP Notice, including the list of HPRP allocations. This Notice may be found at <http://www.hud.gov/recovery/hrp-notice.pdf>.

In addition, section 1512 of the Recovery Act requires that not later than 10 days after the end of each calendar quarter, each recipient that received recovery funds from a Federal agency shall submit a report to that agency that contains: (1) The total amount of recovery funds received from that agency; (2) the amount of recovery funds received that were expended or obligated to projects or activities; and (3) a detailed list of all projects or activities for which recovery funds were expended or obligated, including the name of the project or activity; a description of the project or activity; an evaluation of the completion status of the project or activity; an estimate of the number of jobs created and the number of jobs retained by the project or activity; and for infrastructure investments made by State and local governments, the purpose, total cost, and rationale of the agency for funding the infrastructure investment with funds made available under the Recovery Act and name of the person to contact at the agency if there are concerns with the infrastructure investment. Not later than 30 calendar days after the end of each calendar quarter, each agency that made Recovery Act funds available to any recipient shall make the information in

reports submitted publicly available by posting the information on a Web site.

This Notice also lists the following information:

*Title of Proposal:* Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-housing Program (HPRP).

*Description of Information Collection:* This is a new information collection. The Department of Housing and Urban Development is seeking emergency review of the Paperwork Reduction Act Requirements associated with the Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Re-housing Program.

*OMB Control Number:* Pending.

*Agency Form Numbers:* None.

*Members of the Affected Public:* Eligible HPRP grantees.

*Estimation of the total numbers of hours needed to prepare the information collection including number of responses, frequency of responses, and hours of responses:* An estimation of the total number of reporting hours is 210 per grantee. The number of grantees is 540. The total hours requested for the preparation of the Quarterly Reports is 113,652. The number of hours requested for both document preparation and reporting is 114,624.

*Authority:* The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, 44 U.S.C. Chapter 35, as amended.

Dated: May 1, 2009.

**Stephen A. Hill,**

*Acting Director Policy and E-GOV.*

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**BILLING CODE 4210-67-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-5280-N-17]

### Federal Property Suitable as Facilities To Assist the Homeless

**AGENCY:** Office of the Assistant Secretary for Community Planning and Development, HUD.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This Notice identifies unutilized, underutilized, excess, and surplus Federal property reviewed by HUD for suitability for possible use to assist the homeless.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Kathy Ezzell, Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 Seventh Street, SW., Room 7266, Washington, DC 20410; telephone (202) 708-1234; TTY number for the hearing- and speech-impaired (202) 708-2565 (these telephone numbers are not toll-free), or call the toll-free Title V information line at 800-927-7588.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In accordance with 24 CFR part 581 and section 501 of the Stewart B. McKinney Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11411), as amended, HUD is publishing this Notice to identify Federal buildings and other real property that HUD has reviewed for suitability for use to assist the homeless. The properties were reviewed using information provided to HUD by Federal landholding agencies regarding unutilized and underutilized buildings and real property controlled by such agencies or by GSA regarding its inventory of excess or surplus Federal property. This Notice is also published in order to comply with the December 12, 1988 Court Order in *National Coalition for the Homeless v. Veterans Administration*, No. 88-2503-OG (D.D.C.).

Properties reviewed are listed in this Notice according to the following categories: Suitable/available, suitable/unavailable, suitable/to be excess, and unsuitable. The properties listed in the three suitable categories have been reviewed by the landholding agencies, and each agency has transmitted to HUD: (1) Its intention to make the property available for use to assist the homeless, (2) its intention to declare the property excess to the agency's needs, or (3) a statement of the reasons that the property cannot be declared excess or made available for use as facilities to assist the homeless.

Properties listed as suitable/available will be available exclusively for homeless use for a period of 60 days from the date of this Notice. Where property is described as for "off-site use only" recipients of the property will be required to relocate the building to their own site at their own expense. Homeless assistance providers interested in any such property should send a written expression of interest to HHS, addressed to Theresa Rita, Division of Property Management, Program Support Center, HHS, room 5B-17, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20857; (301) 443-2265. (This is not a toll-free number.) HHS will mail to the interested provider an application packet, which will include instructions for completing the application. In order to maximize the opportunity to utilize a suitable property, providers should submit their written expressions of interest as soon as possible. For complete details concerning the processing of applications, the reader is encouraged to refer to the interim rule governing this program, 24 CFR part 581.

For properties listed as suitable/to be excess, that property may, if subsequently accepted as excess by