

by Belavia if such service involves the use of any item subject to the EAR that has been or will be exported from the United States except directly related to safety of flight and authorized by BIS pursuant to section 764.3(a)(2) of the Regulations. For purposes of this paragraph, servicing means installation, maintenance, repair, modification, or testing.

Third, that, after notice and opportunity for comment as provided in section 766.23 of the EAR, any other person, firm, corporation, or business organization related to Belavia by ownership, control, position of responsibility, affiliation, or other connection in the conduct of trade or business may also be made subject to the provisions of this Order.

In accordance with the provisions of sections 766.24(e) of the EAR, Belavia may, at any time, appeal this Order by filing a full written statement in support of the appeal with the Office of the Administrative Law Judge, U.S. Coast Guard ALJ Docketing Center, 40 South Gay Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202–4022.

In accordance with the provisions of section 766.24(d) of the EAR, BIS may seek renewal of this Order by filing a written request not later than 20 days before the expiration date. A renewal request may be opposed by Belavia as provided in section 766.24(d), by filing a written submission with the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement, which must be received not later than seven days before the expiration date of the Order.

A copy of this Order shall be provided to Belavia, and shall be published in the **Federal Register**.

This Order is effective immediately and shall remain in effect for 180 days.

Dated: June 7, 2023.

Matthew S. Axelrod,

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Export Enforcement.

[FR Doc. 2023–12538 Filed 6–12–23; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DT-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

U.S. Hydrogen Industry Roundtable

AGENCY: International Trade Administration.

ACTION: Notice of a roundtable discussion on challenges and opportunities for strengthening the supply chain and export competitiveness of the U.S. hydrogen industry.

SUMMARY: Through this notice, the International Trade Administration (ITA) of the Department of Commerce announces a roundtable discussion with U.S. industry representatives and U.S. government officials. ITA invites applications from a wide array of industry representatives to participate in the roundtable, ranging from existing manufacturers of goods and providers of services to prospective new market entrants. Participants will have products that are or will be produced in the United States along the hydrogen value chain.

DATES:

Event: The roundtable will be held in a virtual format on June 29, 2023 from 1 p.m. to 4 p.m., eastern daylight time.

Event Registration: ITA will evaluate registrations based on the submitted information (see below) and inform applicants of selection decisions, which will be made on a rolling basis until 25 participants have been selected.

ADDRESSES: *Event:* The roundtable will be held via WebEx and the link for the meeting will be provided to registered participants.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Maureen Clapper, Senior Advisor, ITA, at or Charles Saad, Clean Technology Trade Specialist, at Hydrogen.Economy@trade.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA) estimates that, as of 2021, only 1% of global hydrogen output was produced with low greenhouse gas emission methods. To meet the most ambitious climate goals, including those set forth in Executive Order 14008 (“Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad,” January 27, 2021), the use of renewable and low carbon hydrogen would need to scale dramatically. The United States holds several unique advantages that give it the potential to become a powerhouse in the global hydrogen industry, with domestic hydrogen deployment already expected to grow substantially. Despite this strong domestic capacity for hydrogen production, U.S. firms may face export competitive challenges and market access issues. The Hydrogen Council’s October 2022 report, *Global Hydrogen Flows*, draws attention to the need for “development of mutually recognized robust and tradeable certification schemes for hydrogen.”

ITA seeks individual company input and views at the June 29, 2023 roundtable regarding the hydrogen industry value chain, including on the following topics:

- The current state of upstream manufacturing for hydrogen in the

United States, including electrolyzers, fuel cells, compressors, storage tanks, and other related and enabling equipment;

- Supply chain constraints, including with respect to platinum group metals or interconnection with the electrical grid;

- The potential contribution of U.S. hydrogen producers towards the Biden Administration’s overarching clean energy goals as set out in Executive Order 14008 “Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad” (January 27, 2021);

- Challenges facing the hydrogen industry, including those that may inhibit the export competitiveness of products derived by the U.S. hydrogen industry value chain;

- How to help ensure that the build out of the hydrogen economy, with an emphasis on hydrogen production, proceeds apace while mitigating carbon emissions; and

- Company expectations on industry readiness for exports, including any potential challenges or obstacles.

The event is closed to press and public. Industry participation is limited to 25 qualifying company representatives. Officials from the Department of Energy, Department of State, and other relevant agencies will also be invited to participate in the discussion.

Selection

Company representatives interested in applying to attend the roundtable should submit the below information to Hydrogen.Economy@trade.gov by no later than June 23, 2023. ITA will evaluate applications based on the submitted information (and based on the criteria below) on a rolling basis until 25 participants have been selected and inform applicants of selection decisions.

Participants should be at a sufficiently senior level to be knowledgeable about their company’s capabilities, interests, growth objectives, and challenges with respect to production of clean hydrogen within the U.S. hydrogen value chain. Each selected participant may invite one additional person from their company as a non-participating observer. This will be administered by reaching out before the roundtable using provided contact information to request participants submit information about their observer.

Applicants should include the following information in their request to attend the roundtable:

- Name of proposed attendee and short bio;

- Name of company and brief company description; and
 - A statement self-certifying the following criteria:
 1. The company is not majority owned by a foreign government entity (or entities).
 2. The company is an existing manufacturer, provider of services, or prospective market entrant with products or services that are or will be produced in the United States.
 3. The representative will be able to attend the entire roundtable.
- Selection will be based on the following criteria:
- Suitability of company's products and service offerings in the existing hydrogen industry value chain;
 - Suitability of the company's experience in manufacturing in the United States;
 - Suitability, based on the representative's position and biography, to be able to meaningfully engage in the conversation; and
 - Ability of the company to contribute to the roundtable's purpose of seeking individual input and views on the United States hydrogen industry value chain.
- Consideration will also be given to whether an applicant company may have conflicting interests or whether its selection could hinder the overall effectiveness of the roundtable.

Dated: June 7, 2023.

Man K. Cho,

Deputy Director, Office of Energy and Environmental Industries.

[FR Doc. 2023-12590 Filed 6-12-23; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-588-851, A-485-805]

Carbon and Alloy Seamless Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe (Under 4½ Inches) From Japan and Romania: Continuation of the Antidumping Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of the determinations by the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) that revocation of the antidumping duty (AD) orders on carbon and alloy seamless standard, line and pressure

pipe (under 4½ inches) (small diameter pipe) from Japan and Romania would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping and material injury to an industry in the United States, Commerce is publishing a notice of continuation of these AD orders.

DATES: Applicable June 6, 2023.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Katherine Johnson, AD/CVD Operations, Office VIII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-4929.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On June 26 and August 10, 2000, respectively, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the AD orders on small diameter pipe from Japan and Romania.¹ On October 3, 2022, the ITC instituted² and Commerce initiated³ the fourth sunset reviews of the *Orders*, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). As a result of its reviews, Commerce determined that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping, and therefore, notified the ITC of the magnitude of the margins of dumping likely to prevail should the *Orders* to be revoked.⁴

On June 6, 2023, the ITC published its determination, pursuant to sections 751(c) and 752(a) of the Act, that revocation of the *Orders* would likely lead to continuation or recurrence of material injury to an industry in the United States within a reasonably foreseeable time.⁵

¹ See *Notice of Antidumping Duty Orders: Certain Large Diameter Carbon and Alloy Seamless Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe from Japan; and Certain Small Diameter Carbon and Alloy Seamless Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe from Japan and the Republic of South Africa*, 65 FR 39360 (June 26, 2000); and *Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Small Diameter Carbon and Alloy Seamless Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe from Romania*, 65 FR 48963 (August 10, 2000) (collectively, *Orders*).

² See *Carbon and Alloy Seamless Standard, Line, and Pressure Pipe from Japan and Romania; Institution of Five-Year Reviews*, 87 FR 59821 (October 3, 2022).

³ See *Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews*, 87 FR 59779 (October 3, 2022).

⁴ See *Carbon and Alloy Seamless Standard, Line and Pressure Pipe (Under 4½ Inches) from Japan and Romania: Final Results of the Expedited Fourth Sunset Reviews of the Antidumping Duty Orders*, 88 FR 3970 (January 23, 2023).

⁵ See *Carbon and Alloy Seamless Standard, Line, and Pressure Pipe from Japan and Romania*; *Determination*, 88 FR 37096 (June 6, 2023) (*ITC Final Determination*).

Scope of the Orders

The products covered by these *Orders* include small diameter seamless carbon and alloy (other than stainless) steel standard, line, and pressure pipes and redraw hollows produced, or equivalent, to the ASTM A-53, ASTM A-106, ASTM A-333, ASTM A-334, ASTM A-335, ASTM A-589, ASTM A-795, and the API 5L specifications and meeting the physical parameters described below, regardless of application. The scope of these *Orders* also includes all products used in standard, line, or pressure pipe applications and meeting the physical parameters described below, regardless of specification. Specifically included within the scope of these *Orders* are seamless pipes and redraw hollows, less than or equal to 4.5 inches (114.3 mm) in outside diameter, regardless of wall-thickness, manufacturing process (hot finished or cold-drawn), end finish (plain end, beveled end, upset end, threaded, or threaded and coupled), or surface finish.

The seamless pipes subject to these *Orders* are currently classifiable under the subheadings 7304.10.10.20, 7304.10.50.20, 7304.19.10.20, 7304.19.50.20, 7304.31.30.00, 7304.31.60.50, 7304.39.00.16, 7304.39.00.20, 7304.39.00.24, 7304.39.00.28, 7304.39.00.32, 7304.51.50.05, 7304.51.50.60, 7304.59.60.00, 7304.59.80.10, 7304.59.80.15, 7304.59.80.20, and 7304.59.80.25 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS).

Specifications, Characteristics, and Uses: seamless pressure pipes are intended for the conveyance of water, steam, petrochemicals, chemicals, oil products, natural gas and other liquids and gasses in industrial piping systems. They may carry these substances at elevated pressures and temperatures and may be subject to the application of external heat. Seamless carbon steel pressure pipe meeting the ASTM A-106 standard may be used in temperatures of up to 1000 degrees Fahrenheit, at various ASME code stress levels. Alloy pipes made to ASTM A-335 standard must be used if temperatures and stress levels exceed those allowed for ASTM A-106. Seamless pressure pipes sold in the United States are commonly produced to the ASTM A-106 standard.

Determination, 88 FR 37096 (June 6, 2023) (*ITC Final Determination*).