

is too slow and thus slows down the discovery process.³⁹ The Commission agrees that by requiring forum users to serve or transmit discovery-related documents through overnight mail service, overnight delivery, hand delivery, email, or facsimile, the proposal would help forum users confirm and expedite discovery, and therefore expedite the arbitration process.

Finally, the Commission supports the proposal's codification of the current practice that the Director sends, at the same time, objections and responses to the panel after the reply date has elapsed, unless otherwise directed by the panel. This ensures that all members on the panel receive all the parties' advocacy positions at the same time. The Commission agrees that the proposed rule change will enhance forum users' understanding of existing case administration procedures and will improve transparency concerning forum operations.⁴⁰

V. Conclusion

It is therefore ordered pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Exchange Act⁴¹ that the proposal (SR-FINRA-2019-004), be and hereby is approved.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.⁴²

Eduardo A. Aleman,
Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019-09633 Filed 5-9-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-85782; File No. SR-ICEEU-2019-009]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; ICE Clear Europe Limited; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change Relating to the ICE Clear Europe Operational Risk Management Policy ("ORM Policy")

May 6, 2019.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on May 1,

2019, ICE Clear Europe Limited ("ICE Clear Europe" or the "Clearing House") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") the proposed rule changes described in Items I, II, and III below, which Items have been prepared primarily by ICE Clear Europe. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Clearing Agency's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

ICE Clear Europe proposes to formalize its Operational Risk Management Policy ("ORM Policy"), which consolidates its practices with respect to management of operational risk. The revisions do not involve any changes to the ICE Clear Europe Clearing Rules or Procedures.³

II. Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, ICE Clear Europe included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. ICE Clear Europe has prepared summaries, set forth in sections (A), (B), and (C) below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

(A) Clearing Agency's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

(a) Purpose

ICE Clear Europe is proposing to formalize its ORM Policy which sets out the Clearing House's processes for managing operational risks, the stakeholders responsible for executing those processes, the frequency of review of the policy and the governance and reporting lines for the policy.

The ORM Policy addresses operational risk, which it defines as the risk of an event occurring which negatively impacts the achievement of business objectives resulting from inadequate or failed internal operational controls, people, systems or external events.⁴ The ORM Policy establishes an

overall process that identifies, assesses, responds to, monitors and reports operational risk.

Risk Identification: Risk identification is performed by the business areas and lines exposed to the risk (referred to as "risk owners") at least once each year, and is overseen by the Risk Oversight Department. Risk owners must map their existing processes, linking them to business objectives and identify operational risks where an event might negatively impact the achievement of a business objective. Risk sources must also be identified.

Risk Assessment: Risk assessment is conducted by the risk owners at least once per year in conjunction with risk identification. The potential impact of the risk, including its potential severity and likelihood, are to be evaluated. More frequent ad hoc assessments may be necessary if risks emerge or disappear between annual reviews. For most operational risks, control mechanisms may already exist, in which case uncontrolled and controlled impacts are measured. Risk owners must also assess the sufficiency of existing control mechanisms on a quarterly or, if necessary, a more frequent ad hoc basis.

Risk Response: Risk owners are responsible for proposing and implementing remedial actions, which must be approved by the ICE Clear Europe Executive Risk Committee (the "ERC"). Depending upon the potential expected impact of the operational risk and the Clearing House risk appetite, the four possible responses to a risk are to treat or mitigate the risk, tolerate or accept the risk, transfer the risk to another party (such as through insurance) or terminate the activity carrying the risk.

Risk Monitoring: Risk owners must monitor the identified operational risk daily through the use of key performance indicators, key risk indicators and other risk indicators such as their own management limits. The Risk Oversight Department itself monitors risks daily through risk appetite metrics and management thresholds as well as operational incidents raised by the risk owners. Risk owners and the Risk Oversight Department also must monitor the performance of control mechanisms on a regular and frequent basis.

Risk Reporting and Oversight: Overall oversight of the policy rests with the Audit Committee and Risk Oversight Department. Specifically, the results of risk assessments must be reported to the Audit Committee and the Board Risk Committee (the "BRC") when material changes are observed. Control

³⁹ See FINRA Notice at 3519.

⁴⁰ See FINRA Notice at 3519 (FINRA notes that the proposed rule change would impact all members, including members that are funding portals or have elected to be treated as capital acquisition brokers ("CABs"), given that the funding portal and CAB rule sets incorporate the impacted FINRA rules by reference).

⁴¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

⁴² 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³ Capitalized terms used but not defined herein have the meanings specified in the ICE Clear Europe Clearing Rules (the "Rules").

⁴ The ORM Policy notes several non-exhaustive examples of operational risk, including risks from internal and external fraud, employment practices and workplace safety, clients, products and business practices, damage to physical assets and business disruption and system failures.

assessments and operational incidents must be regularly reported to senior management, the Audit Committee and the BRC for appropriate action. The BRC and Board will also be informed of relevant incidents as part of routine reporting. Operational metrics will be provided to the Board and BRC monthly and the ERC daily. The product Risk Committees shall also have access to operational metrics following their schedule of meetings. Unexpected results of operational metrics require escalation and notification to the Board immediately following the event. Identified operational risks must also be compared against established thresholds and reported to the ERC daily and monthly. The ORM Policy itself is subject to review on a biennial basis or in the event of a material change.

(b) Statutory Basis

ICE Clear Europe believes that the proposed amendments are consistent with the requirements of Section 17A of the Act⁵ and the regulations thereunder applicable to it. In particular, Section 17A(b)(3)(F) of the Act⁶ requires, among other things, that the rules of a clearing agency be designed to promote the prompt and accurate clearance and settlement of securities transactions and, to the extent applicable, derivative agreements, contracts, and transactions, the safeguarding of securities and funds in the custody or control of the clearing agency or for which it is responsible, and the protection of investors and the public interest. By formalizing ICE Clear Europe's operational risk management and governance process, the amendments are intended to enhance ICE Clear Europe's ability to identify and respond to operational risks presented by its clearing activities. The amendments will thus promote the prompt and accurate clearing of cleared contracts and protects investors and the public interest in the sound operations of the clearing house. Increasing the ability of ICE Clear Europe to identify and respond to operational risks may also enhance the safeguarding of securities and funds in the custody or control of the Clearing House or for which it is responsible, and avoid potential disruption of access to such assets as a result of operational risks. Accordingly, the amendments satisfy the requirements of Section 17A(b)(3)(F).⁷

The policy is also consistent with the requirements of Rule 17Ad–

22(e)(17)(i).⁸ The ORM Policy is designed to enhance the ability of ICE Clear Europe to identify relevant sources of operational risk, monitor them on an ongoing basis and take appropriate action to respond to such risks. The amendments will therefore facilitate the ongoing identification and mitigation of operational risk, within the meaning of Rule 17Ad–22(e)(17)(i).⁹

(B) Clearing Agency's Statement on Burden on Competition

ICE Clear Europe does not believe the proposed amendments would have any impact, or impose any burden, on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The amendments are being adopted to strengthen the Clearing House's internal operational risk management processes and governance and should not affect the rights or obligations of Clearing Members. As a result, ICE Clear Europe does not believe the amendments will affect the cost of clearing for Clearing Members or other market participants, the market for cleared services generally or access to clearing by Clearing Members or other market participants, or otherwise affect competition among Clearing Members or market participants.

(C) Clearing Agency's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants or Others

Written comments relating to the proposed amendments have not been solicited or received by ICE Clear Europe. ICE Clear Europe will notify the Commission of any written comments received with respect to the proposed rule change.

III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change

Within 45 days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** or within such longer period up to 90 days (i) as the Commission may designate if it finds such longer period to be appropriate and publishes its reasons for so finding or (ii) as to which the self-regulatory organization consents, the Commission will:

⁵ 17 CFR 240.17Ad–22(e)(17)(i). The rule states that “[e]ach covered clearing agency shall establish, implement, maintain and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to, as applicable: Manage the covered clearing agency's operational risks by:

(i) Identifying the plausible sources of operational risk, both internal and external, and mitigating their impact through the use of appropriate systems, policies, procedures, and controls.

⁹ 17 CFR 240.17Ad–22(e)(17)(i).

(A) By order approve or disapprove the proposed rule change or
(B) institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be disapproved.

The proposal shall not take effect until all regulatory actions required with respect to the proposal are completed.

IV. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

Electronic Comments

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>) or
- Send an email to rule-comments@sec.gov. Please include File Number SR–ICEEU–2019–009 on the subject line.

Paper Comments

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549–1090. All submissions should refer to File Number SR–ICEEU–2019–009. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<http://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the submission, all subsequent amendments, all written statements with respect to the proposed rule change that are filed with the Commission, and all written communications relating to the proposed rule change between the Commission and any person, other than those that may be withheld from the public in accordance with the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 552, will be available for website viewing and printing in the Commission's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549, on official business days between the hours of 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. Copies of such filings will also be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of ICE Clear Europe and on ICE Clear Europe's website at <https://www.theice.com/clear-europe/regulation>.

All comments received will be posted without change. Persons submitting comments are cautioned that we do not redact or edit personal identifying

⁵ 15 U.S.C. 78q–1.

⁶ 15 U.S.C. 78q–1(b)(3)(F).

⁷ 15 U.S.C. 78q–1(b)(3)(F).

information from comment submissions. You should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. All submissions should refer to File Number SR-ICEEU-2019-009 and should be submitted on or before May 31, 2019.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.¹⁰

Eduardo A. Aleman,

Deputy Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2019-09632 Filed 5-9-19; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-85788; File No. SR-C2-2019-009]

Self-Regulatory Organizations; Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend the Exchange's Opening Process and Add a Global Trading Hours Session for DJX Options

May 6, 2019.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Act"),¹ and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,² notice is hereby given that on April 24, 2019, Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc. (the "Exchange" or "C2") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Exchange filed the proposal as a "non-controversial" proposed rule change pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A)(iii) of the Act³ and Rule 19b-4(f)(6) thereunder.⁴ The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change

Cboe C2 Exchange, Inc. (the "Exchange" or "C2") proposes to amend the Exchange's opening process, add a global trading hours session ("Global Trading Hours" or "GTH") for options on the Dow Jones Industrial Average ("DJX options") and make corresponding changes, update its rule related to trading hours for index options that may be listed for trading on the Exchange, and make other

conforming and nonsubstantive changes. The text of the proposed rule change is provided in Exhibit 5.

The text of the proposed rule change is also available on the Exchange's website (http://markets.cboe.com/us/options/regulation/rule_filings/ctwo/), at the Exchange's Office of the Secretary, and at the Commission's Public Reference Room.

II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of the most significant aspects of such statements.

A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change

1. Purpose

In 2016, the Exchange's parent company, Cboe Global Markets, Inc. ("Cboe Global"), which is also the parent company of Cboe Exchange, Inc. ("Cboe Options"), acquired Cboe EDGX Exchange, Inc. ("EDGX"), Cboe EDGA Exchange, Inc. ("EDGA"), Cboe BZX Exchange, Inc. ("BZX or BZX Options"), and Cboe BYX Exchange, Inc. ("BYX" and, together with C2, Cboe Options, EDGX, EDGA, and BZX, the "Cboe Affiliated Exchanges"). The Cboe Affiliated Exchanges are working to align certain system functionality, retaining only intended differences between the Cboe Affiliated Exchanges, in the context of a technology migration. Cboe Options intends to migrate its technology to the same trading platform used by the Exchange, BZX Options, and EDGX Options in the fourth quarter of 2019. The proposal set forth below is intended to add certain functionality to the Exchange's System that is more similar to functionality offered by Cboe Options in order to ultimately provide a consistent technology offering for market participants who interact with the Cboe Affiliated Exchanges. Although the Exchange intentionally offers certain features that differ from those offered by its affiliates and will continue to do so, the Exchange believes that offering similar functionality to the extent

practicable will reduce potential confusion for Users.

Global Trading Hours

The proposed rule change adds a GTH trading session to the Rules. Currently, transactions in equity options (which the proposed rule change clarifies includes options on individual stocks, exchange-traded funds ("Units" or "ETFs"), exchange-traded notes ("Index-Linked Exchangeable Notes" or "ETNs"), and other securities) may occur from 9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.,⁵ except for options on ETFs, ETNs, Index Portfolio Shares, Index Portfolio Receipts, and Trust Issued Receipts the Exchange designates to remain open for trading beyond 4:00 p.m. but no later than 4:15 p.m.⁶ Transactions in index options may occur from 9:30 a.m. to 4:15 p.m.⁷ As proposed, these hours are referred to as "Regular Trading Hours."⁸ Regular Trading Hours are consistent with the regular trading hours of most other U.S. options exchanges. Cboe Options has a global trading hours session during which trading in certain option classes, which trading session occurs from 3:00 a.m. to 9:15 a.m.⁹ Additionally, many U.S. stock and futures exchanges, which allow for trading in some of their listed products for various periods of time outside of Regular Trading Hours.¹⁰

⁵ All times are Eastern time unless otherwise noted.

⁶ See proposed Rule 6.1(b)(1). The proposed rule changes makes nonsubstantive changes to proposed Rule 6.1(b)(1), including adding defined terms and moving the provision from current paragraph (b) regarding the Exchange's ability to determine that options on individual stocks will trade during different hours under unusual conditions or as otherwise set forth in the Rules to proposed subparagraph (b)(1). The proposed rule change also adds an applicable heading to proposed paragraphs (a) and (d). Additional changes to Rule 6.1 are discussed below.

⁷ See proposed Rule 6.1(b)(2).

⁸ See also proposed Rule 1.1, definition of Regular Trading Hours or RTH (the trading session consisting of the regular hours during which transactions in options may be effected on the Exchange, as set forth in Rule 6.1); and Cboe Options Rule 1.1 (definition of Regular Trading Hours).

⁹ See Cboe Options Rule 6.1.

¹⁰ See, e.g., BZX Rule 1.5(c), (r), (w), and (ee) (regular trading hours from 9:30 a.m. until 4:00 p.m. Eastern time, two early trading sessions (Early Trading Session and Pre-Opening Session) from 7:00 a.m. until 9:30 a.m. and an After Hours Trading Session from 4:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m. Eastern time); NASDAQ Stock Market LLC Rule 4617 (regular trading hours from 9:30 a.m. until 4:00 p.m. Eastern time and extended trading hours from 4:00 a.m. until 9:30 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m. Eastern time); and New York Stock Exchange LLC Series 900 (providing for an off-hours trading facility to operate outside of the regular 9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. Eastern time trading session); see also, e.g., Chicago Board of Trade Extended Trading Hours for Grain, Oilseeds and Ethanol—Frequently

¹⁰ 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

¹ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

² 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

³ 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A)(iii).

⁴ 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f)(6).