

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hrs)	Total burden (in hrs)
Parents/Caregivers of 15–17 year olds.	Adult/Caregiver Survey	2,634	1	20/60	878
Adolescent 15–17 year olds	Adolescent Survey	900	1	20/60	300
Adolescent 18–19 year olds	Adolescent Survey	600	1	20/60	200
Totals	1,378

Jeffrey M. Zirger,

*Lead, Information Collection Review Office,
Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of Science,
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.*

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30Day–21–21CG]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has submitted the information collection request titled “A Longitudinal Examination of Mental and Physical Health among Police Associated with COVID–19” to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval. CDC previously published a “Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations” notice on January 26, 2021 to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies. CDC received one comment related to the previous notice. This notice serves to allow an additional 30 days for public and affected agency comments.

CDC will accept all comments for this proposed information collection project. The Office of Management and Budget is particularly interested in comments that:

(a) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility;

(b) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used;

(c) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected;

(d) Minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including, through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, *e.g.*, permitting electronic submission of responses; and

(e) Assess information collection costs.

To request additional information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, call (404) 639–7570. Comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be sent within 30 days of publication of this notice to www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain. Find this particular information collection by selecting “Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments” or by using the search function. Direct written comments and/or suggestions regarding the items contained in this notice to the Attention: CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395–5806. Provide written comments within 30 days of notice publication.

Proposed Project

A Longitudinal Examination of Mental and Physical Health among Police Associated with COVID–19—New—National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

Police officers are exposed to several stressors during their working lives, including traumatic events (*e.g.*, motor-vehicle accidents, domestic incidents), organizational stressors (*e.g.*, long work hours, shiftwork), public criticism, and concern about physical harm. On top of these day-to-day stressors, the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID–19) has contributed to an increase in mental and physical risk. Although exact figures are not known, in April 2020, it was estimated that approximately 17% of the New York police department were

out sick, and five officers had died. Over 1,000 police officers had tested positive for COVID–19. Since then, rates of COVID–19 have not only increased in the general population, but also in police populations. These preliminary studies indicate that police departments are under a great deal of stress and at greater risk because of COVID–19. Given that efficiently performing officers are key to successful functioning of law enforcement, addressing police mental and physical health is imperative for their well-being, as well as that of the public they serve. Nonetheless, little research has been conducted to evaluate the physical and mental health consequences of the COVID–19 pandemic on police officers. Thus, NIOSH seeks OMB approval to evaluate the longitudinal mental and physical health effect of the COVID–19 pandemic on police officers.

Previously, in collaboration with NIOSH, the University of New York at Buffalo (UB) conducted a cross-sectional research project to evaluate the mental, physical, and subclinical measures of health in the Buffalo, NY police officers as part of the Buffalo Cardio-Metabolic Occupational Police Stress (BCOPS) study. The BCOPS study itself includes a baseline examination and four follow-up examinations. For this reason, NIOSH has mental and physical health data on police officers, collected *prior to* COVID–19, including stress related surveys, blood parameters, physical measures, stress biomarkers (cortisol) and telomere length data.

To meet the aims of the current study NIOSH has contracted with UB to recruit 200 police officers who previously participated in a BCOPS study. Priority will be placed on recruiting officers who participated in the last BCOPS study (n=240). If 200 of the 240 officers cannot be recruited, then UB will try to recruit any officer who has previously participated in a BCOPS study. A subset of the surveys and biological data collected as part of the BCOPS studies will be repeated for this study. By comparing the responses of the surveys and physical data

collected as part of BCOPS (prior to COVID-19), to those obtained during this study, NIOSH can evaluate the longitudinal physical and psychological health effects of COVID-19 on the police officers.

To meet the aims of this study there will be two rounds of data collection. The first round will consist of collecting both the mental and physical health data. The second round, approximately 6–8 months later, will consist of collecting the mental health and medical history surveys only.

During the first round, letters will be sent to officers who participated in the previous BCOPS study asking them to voluntarily participate in this study. Once they agree, a letter of introduction will be sent. If an officer hasn't responded after two letters have been sent, UB will contact the officers by phone. If the officer declines to participate they will no longer be contacted. For officers who agree to participate, UB will coordinate the scheduling of officers with the police department and will not schedule officers more than one month in advance. Scheduling will be flexible.

At their designated appointment, all participants will complete the paper and pencil questionnaires then complete the clinical exam, which will entail a fasting blood draw

(approximately four tablespoons), measuring the participants' height, weight, abdominal height, waist circumference and neck circumference, and taking their blood pressure.

Cortisol saliva testing will be done outside of the clinic at the participant's residence by the participant. Participants will be provided with Salivettes (Sarstedt, USA), a commercially available collection device consisting of dental rolls and centrifuge tubes, to take with them when they leave the clinic for the collection of saliva samples. Participants will be given instructions on how to collect the samples to be taken the day after they leave the clinic. The participant will be asked to return the saliva samples to the clinic when completed either in person or via paid postage. This ends the clinic visit. UB will advise the participant upon departing during round one that they would like to contact them again in 6–8 months to complete the same surveys they did in the clinic.

For the second round, UB will conduct a follow-up survey approximately 6–8 months after the clinic visit. Each officer who participated in the first round and who agreed to participate in the second round, will be sent the same set of psychological surveys, the medical

history questionnaire, and a follow-up COVID questionnaire. The psychological surveys will be the same surveys they did during the first round, while the COVID questionnaire asks additional questions related to their experience with COVID since the clinic visit. They will not be asked to complete the personal history questionnaire the second time. This second set of questionnaires allows NIOSH to meet the study aims.

The Burden Table lists the estimated population size of 200 police officers who will respond to 16 psychosocial questionnaires, serological (blood) collection, and salivary cortisol at the first round. All officers who participate in the first round and who have agreed, will be mailed the medical history questionnaire and psychosocial questionnaires 6–8 months later (second round). Biological samples will not be collected during the second round. We anticipate that up to 10% of the participants may not present for testing during either the first round or second round of questionnaires. Therefore, we estimate that 180 officers will complete both rounds of the data collection. The total burden hours for all surveys, serological sample collection, and salivary cortisol is 596. There are no costs to the respondents other than their time.

ESTIMATED ANNUALIZED BURDEN HOURS

Type of respondents	Form name	Number of respondents	Number of responses per respondent	Average burden per response (in hours)
Police officers	Letter of Invitation	240	1	1/60
	Letter of Introduction	200	1	7/60
	Eligibility Screening Form	200	1	5/60
	Personal history	180	1	2/60
	Medical history	180	2	8/60
	Spielberger Stress Survey	180	2	7/60
	Center for Epidemiologic Studies Depression Scale	180	2	2/60
	Brief Cope	180	2	3/60
	Organizational Support Scale	180	2	2/60
	Maslach Burnout	180	2	2/60
	Fatigue Scale	180	2	2/60
	Posttraumatic Stress Disorder-5	180	2	2/60
	Connor-Davidson Resiliency Scale	180	2	1/60
	Beck Anxiety	180	2	3/60
	Pittsburgh Sleep Quality Index	180	2	2/60
	Beck Depression	180	2	3/60
	Beck Hopelessness	180	2	2/60
	COVID-19 Round 1	180	1	3/60
	COVID-19 Round 2	180	1	3/60
	Civil Unrest/Public Perception/work environment	180	2	3/60
	Serological Sample collection	180	1	1
	Salivary Cortisol collection	180	1	30/60

Jeffrey M. Zirger,

Lead, Information Collection Review Office,
Office of Scientific Integrity, Office of Science,
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[60Day-21-21GB; Docket No. CDC-2021-
0062]

Proposed Data Collection Submitted for Public Comment and Recommendations

AGENCY: Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention (CDC), Department of Health
and Human Services (HHS).

ACTION: Notice with comment period.

SUMMARY: The Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention (CDC), as part of
its continuing effort to reduce public
burden and maximize the utility of
government information, invites the
general public and other Federal
agencies the opportunity to comment on
a proposed and/or continuing
information collection, as required by
the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995.
This notice invites comment on a
proposed information collection project
titled Performance Monitoring of CDC's
Core State Injury Prevention Program.
The proposed study is designed to
collect performance monitoring data, via
a web-based tool, from recipients
funded under the Core State Injury
Prevention Program cooperative
agreement (Core SIPP).

DATES: CDC must receive written
comments on or before August 31, 2021.

ADDRESSES: You may submit comments,
identified by Docket No. CDC-2021-
0062 by any of the following methods:

- *Federal eRulemaking Portal:*
Regulations.gov. Follow the instructions
for submitting comments.

- *Mail:* Jeffrey M. Zirger, Information
Collection Review Office, Centers for
Disease Control and Prevention, 1600
Clifton Road NE, MS-D74, Atlanta,
Georgia 30329.

Instructions: All submissions received
must include the agency name and
Docket Number. CDC will post, without
change, all relevant comments to
Regulations.gov. Please note: *Submit all
comments through the Federal
eRulemaking portal (regulations.gov) or
by U.S. mail to the address listed above.*

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: To
request more information on the
proposed project or to obtain a copy of

the information collection plan and
instruments, contact Jeffrey M. Zirger,
Information Collection Review Office,
Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention, 1600 Clifton Road NE, MS-
D74, Atlanta, Georgia 30329; phone:
404-639-7118; Email: *omb@cdc.gov*.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Under the
Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA)
(44 U.S.C. 3501-3520), Federal agencies
must obtain approval from the Office of
Management and Budget (OMB) for each
collection of information they conduct
or sponsor. In addition, the PRA also
requires Federal agencies to provide a
60-day notice in the **Federal Register**
concerning each proposed collection of
information, including each new
proposed collection, each proposed
extension of existing collection of
information, and each reinstatement of
previously approved information
collection before submitting the
collection to the OMB for approval. To
comply with this requirement, we are
publishing this notice of a proposed
data collection as described below.

The OMB is particularly interested in
comments that will help:

1. Evaluate whether the proposed
collection of information is necessary
for the proper performance of the
functions of the agency, including
whether the information will have
practical utility;
2. Evaluate the accuracy of the
agency's estimate of the burden of the
proposed collection of information,
including the validity of the
methodology and assumptions used;
3. Enhance the quality, utility, and
clarity of the information to be
collected;
4. Minimize the burden of the
collection of information on those who
are to respond, including through the
use of appropriate automated,
electronic, mechanical, or other
technological collection techniques or
other forms of information technology,
e.g., permitting electronic submissions
of responses; and
5. Assess information collection costs.

Proposed Project

Performance Monitoring of CDC's
Core State Injury Prevention Program—
New—National Center for Injury
Prevention and Control (NCIPC),
Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention (CDC).

Background and Brief Description

The Centers for Disease Control and
Prevention (CDC) seeks Office of
Management and Budget (OMB)
approval to electronically collect
performance monitoring data, via a web-
based Partners' Portal, from recipients

funded under the Core State Injury
Prevention Program cooperative
agreement, hereafter known as Core
SIPP. OMB approval is requested for
three years. The electronic collection of
information for program and
performance monitoring aligns with
three of CDC's Data Modernization
Initiative Key Objectives to:

- Develop and implement cloud-
based approaches for automating data
collection and supporting multi-
directional data flows among STLT
partners and CDC.
- Reduce burden for data providers
and public health agencies.
- Ensure systems and services are
scalable, interoperable, and adaptable to
meet evolving needs.

Recipients will report progress and
activity information to CDC on an
annual schedule using a web-based
Partners' Portal.

Information to be collected will
provide crucial data for program
performance monitoring and provide
CDC with the capacity to respond in a
timely manner to requests for
information about the program from the
Department of Health and Human
Services (DHHS), the White House,
Congress, and other sources.
Information to be collected will also
strengthen CDC's ability to monitor
awardee progress, provide data-driven
technical assistance, and disseminate
the most current surveillance data on
unintentional and intentional injuries.

Monitoring the impact of population-
based strategies and identifying new
insights and innovative solutions to
health problems are two of the noted
public health activities that all public
health systems should undertake. For
NCIPC, these objectives cannot be
satisfied without the systematic
collection of data and information from
state health departments. The
information collection will enable the
accurate, reliable, uniform and timely
submission to NCIPC of each awardee's
progress report and injury indicators,
including strategies and performance
measures. The information collection
plan proposed here will also generate a
variety of routine and customizable
reports. State-specific reports will allow
each awardee to summarize activities
and progress towards meeting strategies
and performance measure targets related
to the reduction and prevention of
unintentional and intentional injuries.
NCIPC will also have the capacity to
generate reports that describe activities
and health outcomes across multiple
recipients, which will enable better
reporting of trends and provision of
technical assistance through linking