(Refs. 3, 4, and 6). EPA is revising specific aspects of the first ten TSCA existing chemical risk evaluations in order to ensure that the risk evaluations better align with TSCA's objective of protecting health and the environment. For the 1-BP risk evaluation, this includes the draft revision: (1) making the risk determination in this instance based on the whole chemical substance instead of by individual conditions of use and (2) emphasizing that EPA does not rely on the assumed use of PPE when making the risk determination.

## B. What are the draft revisions?

EPA is releasing a draft revision of the risk determination for the 1-BP risk evaluation pursuant to TSCA section 6(b). Under the revised determination, EPA preliminarily concludes that 1-BP, as evaluated in the risk evaluation as a whole, presents an unreasonable risk of injury to health under its conditions of use. This revision would replace the previous unreasonable risk determinations made for 1-BP by individual conditions of use, supersede the determinations (and withdraw the associated order) of no unreasonable risk for the conditions of use identified the TSCA section 6(i)(1) no unreasonable risk order, and clarify the lack of reliance on assumed use of PPE as part of the risk determination.

These draft revisions do not alter any of the underlying technical or scientific information that informs the risk characterization, and as such the hazard, exposure, and risk characterization sections are not changed except to the extent that statements about PPE assumptions in section 2.3.1.3 (Consideration of Engineering Controls and PPE) and section 4.2.2 (Occupational Inhalation Exposure Summary and PPE Use Determinations by OES) of the 1-BP risk evaluation would be superseded. The discussion of the issues in this notice and in the accompanying draft revision to the risk determination would supersede any conflicting statements in the prior executive summary and sections 2.3.1.3 and 4.2.2 from the 1-BP risk evaluation and the response to comments document (Refs. 2 and 10). Additional policy changes to other chemical risk evaluations, including any consideration of potentially exposed and susceptible subpopulations and/or inclusion of additional exposure pathways, are not necessarily reflected in these draft revisions to the risk determination.

C. Will the draft revised risk determination be peer reviewed?

The risk determination (section 5 in the August 2020 risk evaluation) was not part of the scope of the peer reviews of the 1-BP risk evaluation by the Science Advisory Committee on Chemicals (SACC). Thus, consistent with that approach, EPA does not intend to conduct peer review of the draft revised unreasonable risk determination for the 1-BP risk evaluation because no technical or scientific changes will be made to the hazard or exposure assessments or the risk characterization.

D. What are the next steps for finalizing revisions to the risk determination?

EPA will review and consider public comment received on the draft revised risk determination for the 1-BP risk evaluation and, after considering those public comments, issue the revised final 1-BP risk determination. If finalized as drafted, EPA would also issue a new order to withdraw the TSCA section 6(i)(1) no unreasonable risk order issued in Section 5.4.1 of the 2020 1-BP risk evaluation. This final revised risk determination would supersede the August 2020 risk determinations of no unreasonable risk. Consistent with the statutory requirements of TSCA section 6(a), the Agency would then propose risk management actions to address the unreasonable risk determined in the 1-BP risk evaluation.

#### IV. References

The following is a listing of the documents that are specifically referenced in this document. The docket includes these documents and other information considered by EPA, including documents that are referenced within the documents that are included in the docket, even if the referenced document is not physically located in the docket. For assistance in locating these other documents, please consult the person listed under FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT.

- 1. EPA Draft Revised Unreasonable Risk Determination for 1-Bromopropane, Section 5, July 2022.
- EPA Risk Evaluation for 1-Bromopropane.
  EPA Document #740–R1–8013. August 2020. https://www.regulations.gov/ document/EPA-HQ-OPPT-2019-0235-0085
- Executive Order 13990. Protecting Public Health and the Environment and Restoring Science to Tackle the Climate Crisis. Federal Register. 86 FR 7037, January 25, 2021.
- 4. Executive Order 13985. Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government. **Federal Register**. 86 FR

- 7009, January 25, 2021.
- Executive Order 14008. Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad. Federal Register. 86 FR 7619, February 1, 2021.
- Presidential Memorandum. Memorandum on Restoring Trust in Government Through Scientific Integrity and Evidence-Based Policymaking. Federal Register. 86 FR 8845, February 10, 2021.
- EPA Press Release. EPA Announces Path Forward for TSCA Chemical Risk Evaluations. June 2021. https:// www.epa.gov/newsreleases/epaannounces-path-forward-tsca-chemicalrisk-evaluations.
- 8. EPA. Proposed Rule; Procedures for Chemical Risk Evaluation Under the Amended Toxic Substances Control Act. **Federal Register**. 82 FR 7562, January 19, 2017 (FRL–9957–75).
- 9. EPA. Final Rule; Procedures for Chemical Risk Evaluation Under the Amended Toxic Substances Control Act. **Federal Register**. 82 FR 33726, July 20, 2017 (FRL-9964-38).
- 10. EPA. Summary of External Peer Review and Public Comments and Disposition for 1-Bromopropane (1-BP). August 2020. https://www.regulations.gov/document/EPA-HQ-OPPT-2019-0235-0066.
- 11. Occupational Safety and Health Administration. Permissible Exposure Limits—Annotated Tables. Accessed June 13, 2022. https://www.osha.gov/ annotated-pels.

Authority: 15 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.

Dated: July 14, 2022.

## Michal Freedhoff,

Assistant Administrator, Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention.

[FR Doc. 2022-15516 Filed 7-19-22; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560-50-P

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

[FRL-10005-01-R6]

Clean Air Act Operating Permit Program; Petition for Objection to State Operating Permit for Valero Refining-Texas, L.P., Harris County, Texas

**AGENCY:** Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

**ACTION:** Notice of final Order on Petition for objection to Clean Air Act Title V operating permit.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Administrator signed an Order dated June 30, 2022, granting in part and denying in part a Petition dated June 29, 2021, from Texas Environmental Justice Advocacy Services, Sierra Club, Caring for Pasadena Communities, Environmental Integrity Project, and Earthjustice. The Petition requested that the EPA object to a Clean Air Act (CAA) title V operating

permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) to the Valero Houston Refinery located in Harris County, Texas.

ADDRESSES: The EPA requests that you contact the individual listed in the FOR **FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section to view copies of the final Order, the Petition, and other supporting information. Out of an abundance of caution for members of the public and our staff, the EPA Region 6 office may be closed to the public to reduce the risk of transmitting COVID-19. Please call or email the contact listed below if you need alternative access to the final Order and Petition, which are available electronically at: https://www.epa.gov/ title-v-operating-permits/title-v-petitiondatabase.

#### FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Aimee Wilson, EPA Region 6 Office, Air Permits Section, (214) 665–7596, wilson.aimee@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The CAA affords the EPA a 45-day period to review and object to, as appropriate, operating permits proposed by state permitting authorities under title V of the CAA. Section 505(b)(2) of the CAA authorizes any person to petition the EPA Administrator to object to a title V operating permit within 60 days after the expiration of the EPA's 45-day review period if the EPA has not objected on its own initiative. Petitions must be based only on objections to the permit that were raised with reasonable specificity during the public comment period provided by the state, unless the petitioner demonstrates that it was impracticable to raise these issues during the comment period or unless the grounds for the issue arose after this period.

The EPA received the Petition from Texas Environmental Justice Advocacy Services, Sierra Club, Caring for Pasadena Communities, Environmental Integrity Project, and Earthjustice dated June 29, 2021, requesting that the EPA object to the issuance of operating permit no. O1381, issued by TCEQ to the Valero Houston Refinery in Harris County, Texas. The Petition claims TCEQ failed to provide notice to the public through a mailing list, the proposed permit fails to incorporate, describe, and assure compliance with Permits by Rule, the proposed permit fails to assure compliance with NSPS and NESHAP requirements, the proposed permit's monitoring, reporting, and emission calculation requirements cannot ensure compliance for key units and limits at the refinery, TCEQ failed to provide a reasoned explanation for why the proposed

permit ensures compliance with the limits at issue for the FCCU, Flares, DAF Unit, Boilers, Fugitive Emissions, Atmospheric Tower Heater, Tanks, and Cooling Towers, the proposed permit includes unlawful provisions relaxing federally enforceable emission limits during startup, shutdown, and maintenance periods, and the proposed permit unlawfully incorporates language giving TCEQ discretion regarding whether CEMS data may be used to determine compliance.

On June 30, 2022, the EPA Administrator issued an Order granting in part and denying in part the Petition. The Order explains the basis for the EPA's decision.

Dated: July 14, 2022.

#### David Garcia,

Director, Air and Radiation Division, Region 6.

[FR Doc. 2022–15428 Filed 7–19–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

#### FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

## Notice of Proposals To Engage in or To Acquire Companies Engaged in Permissible Nonbanking Activities

The companies listed in this notice have given notice under section 4 of the Bank Holding Company Act (12 U.S.C. 1843) (BHC Act) and Regulation Y, (12 CFR part 225) to engage de novo, or to acquire or control voting securities or assets of a company, including the companies listed below, that engages either directly or through a subsidiary or other company, in a nonbanking activity that is listed in § 225.28 of Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.28) or that the Board has determined by Order to be closely related to banking and permissible for bank holding companies. Unless otherwise noted, these activities will be conducted throughout the United States.

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/ request.htm. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the question whether the proposal complies with the standards of section 4 of the BHC Act.

Unless otherwise noted, comments regarding the applications must be

received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington DC 20551–0001, not later than August 4, 2022.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland (Bryan S. Huddleston, Vice President) 1455 East Sixth Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44101–2566. Comments can also be sent electronically to

Comments.applications@clev.frb.org:

1. Farmers & Merchants Bancorp, Inc. Archbold, Ohio; to acquire Peoples-Sidney Financial Corporation, and thereby indirectly acquire Peoples Federal Savings and Loan Association, both of Sidney, Ohio, and thereby engage in operating a savings association pursuant to section 225.28(b)(4)(ii) of the Board's Regulation Y.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

## Margaret McCloskey Shanks,

Deputy Secretary of the Board. [FR Doc. 2022–15507 Filed 7–19–22; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE P

### **FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM**

# Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (Act) (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/ request.htm. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in paragraph 7 of

Comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Ann E. Misback, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW,