recommendations the Corporation considers appropriate to improve Federal crop insurance coverage for organic crops".

Authority: These data will be collected under the authority of 7 U.S.C. 2204(a). Individually identifiable data collected under this authority are governed by Section 1770 of the Food Security Act of 1985 as amended, 7 U.S.C. 2276, which requires USDA to afford strict confidentiality to nonaggregated data provided by respondents. This Notice is submitted in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104–13 (44 U.S.C. 3501, et seq.) and Office of Management and Budget regulations at 5 CFR part 1320.

All NASS employees and NASS contractors must also fully comply with all provisions of the Confidential Information Protection and Statistical Efficiency Act (CIPSEA) of 2018, Title III of Public Law 115–435, codified in 44 U.S.C. ch. 35. CIPSEA supports NASS's pledge of confidentiality to all respondents and facilitates the agency's efforts to reduce burden by supporting statistical activities of collaborative agencies through designation of NASS agents, subject to the limitations and penalties described in CIPSEA.

Estimate of Burden: Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 43 minutes per response.

Respondents: Farmers and Ranchers. Estimated Number of Respondents: 27,000.

Estimated Total Annual Burden on Respondents: 9,500 hours (based on an estimated 80% response rate, using two questionnaire mail attempts, two pressure sealers/postcard mailings, and an Email blast, followed by phone and personal enumeration for non-respondents).

Comments: Comments are invited on: (a) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, technological, or other forms of information technology collection methods.

All responses to this notice will become a matter of public record and be summarized in the request for OMB approval.

Signed at Washington, DC, January 21, 2025.

Joseph J. Prusacki,

Associate Administrator.

[FR Doc. 2025-01963 Filed 1-29-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3410-20-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B-51-2024]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 59; Authorization of Production Activity; Kawasaki Motors Manufacturing Corp., U.S.A.; (All-Terrain Vehicles); Lincoln, Nebraska

On September 26, 2024, Kawasaki Motors Manufacturing Corp., U.S.A. submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board for its facility within Subzone 59A, in Lincoln, Nebraska.

The notification was processed in accordance with the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR part 400), including notice in the **Federal Register** inviting public comment (89 FR 80194, October 2, 2024). On January 24, 2025, the applicant was notified of the FTZ Board's decision that no further review of the activity is warranted at this time. The production activity described in the notification was authorized, subject to the FTZ Act and the FTZ Board's regulations, including section 400.14.

Dated: January 24, 2025.

Elizabeth Whiteman,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–01942 Filed 1–29–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-DS-P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-489-839]

Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet From the Republic of Türkiye: Amended Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2022–2023

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) is amending the final results of the administrative review of the antidumping duty (AD) order on common alloy aluminum sheet (CAAS) from the Republic of Türkiye (Türkiye)

to correct ministerial errors. Based on the amended final results, we find that the companies under review sold CAAS in the United States at less than normal value during the period of review (POR), April 1, 2022, through March 31, 2023.

DATES: Applicable January 30, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mark Hoadley, AD/CVD Operations, Office VII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3148.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On November 14, 2024, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the final results of the 2022–2023 administrative review of the AD order on CAAS from Türkiye.¹ On December 4, 2024, Commerce received allegations of ministerial errors from Assan Aluminyum Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S., Kibar Americas, Inc., and Kibar Dis Ticaret A.S. (collectively, Assan) and from Teknik Aluminyum Sanayi A.S. (Teknik).² We received no rebuttal comments. Commerce is amending the *Final Results* to correct the ministerial errors.

Legal Framework

Section 751(h) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), defines a "ministerial error" as including "errors in addition, subtraction, or other arithmetic function, clerical errors resulting from inaccurate copying, duplication, or the like, and any other unintentional error which the administering authority considers ministerial."3 With respect to final results of administrative reviews, 19 CFR 351.224(e) provides that Commerce "will analyze any comments received and, if appropriate, correct any . . ministerial error by amending the final results of review . . ."

Ministerial Error

Commerce reviewed the record, and we agree that the errors alleged by Assan and Teknik constitute ministerial errors within the meaning of section

¹ See Common Alloy Aluminum Sheet from the Republic of Türkiye: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2022–2023, 89 FR 89965 (November 14, 2024) (Final Results), and accompanying Issues and Decision Memorandum (IDM)

² See Assan's Letter, "Assan Group's Ministerial Errors Allegations in the Antidumping Duty Final Results," dated December 4, 2024; and Teknik's Letter, "Teknik's Ministerial Error Comments," dated December 4, 2024.

³ See 19 CFR 351.224(f).

751(h) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.224(f).4 Specifically, we find that we made inadvertent errors in Assan's calculations related to the use of the most up-to-date exchange rates and the calculation of insurance expenses, and inadvertent errors in Teknik's calculations related to freight revenue. Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.224(e), Commerce is amending the Final Results to reflect the correction of the ministerial errors, as described in the Ministerial Error Memorandum. Based on the corrections, Assan's final dumping margin changed from 2.38 percent to 1.84 percent, and Teknik's final dumping margin changed from 2.72 percent to 2.04 percent. As a result, we are also revising the rate assigned to the non-individually examined companies, utilizing the same methodology in the Final Results, from 2.55 percent to 1.94 percent. The amended estimated weighted-average dumping margins are listed in the "Amended Final Results of Review," section below.

For a complete discussion of the ministerial error allegation, as well as Commerce's analysis, see the Ministerial Error Memorandum. The Ministerial Error Memorandum is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https://access.trade.gov.

Amended Final Results of Review

As a result of correcting the ministerial errors described above, Commerce determines that the following estimated weighted-average dumping margins exist for the period April 1, 2022, through March 31, 2023:

Exporter	Weighted- average dumping margin (percent)
Assan Aluminyum Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S Teknik Aluminyum Sanayi A.S Non-Selected Companies ⁵	1.84 2.04 1.94

Disclosure

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations performed in connection with these amended final results of

review to interested parties within five days after public announcement of the amended final results or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of the notice of amended final results in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

Assessment Rates

Pursuant to section 751(a)(2)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), Commerce will determine, and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shall assess, antidumping duties on all appropriate entries of subject merchandise in accordance with the final results of this review. Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this administrative review in the Federal Register. If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (i.e., within 90 days of publication).

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1), because Assan's and Teknik's weighted-average dumping margins are not zero or de minimis (i.e., less than 0.5 percent), we calculated importer-specific ad valorem assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of dumping calculated for the examined sales to the total entered value of the sales. Where an importer-specific assessment rate is zero or de minimis, we will instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

Consistent with Commerce's clarification of its assessment practice, for entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by any of the above-referenced respondents for which they did not know the merchandise was destined for the United States, we will instruct CBP to liquidate such entries at the all-others rate established in the less-than-fair-value (LTFV) investigation of 4.85 percent *ad valorem* if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.

For the non-examined companies subject to review, we will instruct CBP to liquidate all applicable entries of subject merchandise during the POR at the rate listed in the table above.

Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the date of

publication of the final results of this administrative review, as provided for by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the company-specific cash deposit rate for Assan and Teknik will be equal to the weighted-average dumping margin established in the final results of this review for each respondent (except, if that rate is de minimis, then the cash deposit rate will be zero); (2) for producers or exporters not covered in this review but covered in a prior segment of the proceeding, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific rate published for the most recently-completed segment of this proceeding in which they were reviewed; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review or a prior segment of the proceeding but the producer is, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding for the producer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other producers or exporters will continue to be 4.85 percent, the allothers rate established in the LTFV investigation. These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a final reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping and/or countervailing duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties, and/or an increase in the amount of antidumping duties by the amount of countervailing duties.

Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice serves as the final reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3), which continues to govern business proprietary information in this segment of the proceeding. Timely written notification of return/destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and the terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

⁴ See Memorandum, "Analysis of Ministerial Error Allegation," dated concurrently with this notice (Ministerial Error Memorandum).

⁵ The non-examined companies subject to this review are ASAS Aluminyum Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S., Panda Aluminyum A.S., PMS Metal Profil Aluminyum Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S., and TAC Metal Ticaret Anonim Sirketi.

Notification to Interested Parties

We are issuing and publishing these amended final results of review in accordance with sections 751(h) and 777(i) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.224(e).

Dated: January 23, 2025.

Abdelali Elouaradia,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.

[FR Doc. 2025–01944 Filed 1–29–25; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-176]

Certain Low Speed Personal
Transportation Vehicles From the
People's Republic of China:
Preliminary Affirmative Determination
of Sale at Less-Than-Fair-Value
Investigation, Preliminary Affirmative
Determination of Critical
Circumstances, Postponement of Final
Determination and Extension of
Provisional Measures

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) preliminarily determines that certain low speed personal transportation vehicles (LSPTVs) from the People's Republic of China (China) are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The period of investigation (POI) is October 1, 2023, through March 31, 2024. Interested parties are invited to comment on this preliminary determination.

DATES: Applicable January 30, 2025. **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Jerry Xiao or Gorden Struck, AD/CVD Operations, Office II, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2273 or (202) 482–8151, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

This preliminary determination is made in accordance with section 733(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act). Commerce published the notice of initiation of this investigation on July 16, 2024.¹ On July 22, 2024,

Commerce tolled certain deadlines in this administrative proceeding by seven days.² On November 13, 2024, Commerce postponed the preliminary determination of this investigation until January 23, 2025.³

For a complete description of the events that followed the initiation of this investigation, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.⁴ A list of topics included in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum is included as Appendix II to this notice. The Preliminary Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS). ACCESS is available to registered users at https:// access.trade.gov. In addition, a complete version of the Preliminary Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at https://access.trade.gov/public/ FRNoticesListLayout.aspx.

Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are LSPTVs from China. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, *see* Appendix I.

Scope Comments

In accordance with the *Preamble* to Commerce's regulations,⁵ in the *Initiation Notice* Commerce set aside a period of time for parties to raise issues regarding product coverage (*i.e.*, scope).⁶ Certain interested parties commented on the scope of the investigation as it appeared in the *Initiation Notice*. Concurrent with the preliminary determination in the companion countervailing duty (CVD) investigation of LSPTVs from China,⁷ Commerce

issued a preliminary scope modification memorandum in which it made one modification to the scope and also included proposed modifications to the scope language and invited interested parties to comment.8 For a summary of the product coverage comments and rebuttal responses submitted to the record for this preliminary determination, and accompanying discussion and analysis of all comments timely received, see the Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum.⁹ Commerce is preliminarily modifying the scope language as it appeared in the LSPTVs CVD Preliminary Determination. See the scope in Appendix I to this notice.

Methodology

Commerce is conducting this investigation in accordance with section 731 of the Act. Commerce has calculated export prices and constructed export prices in accordance with sections 772(a) and (b) of the Act, respectively. Because China is a nonmarket economy (NME) within the meaning of section 771(18) of the Act, Commerce has calculated normal value (NV) in accordance with section 773(c) of the Act. Pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act, Commerce preliminarily has relied upon facts otherwise available, with adverse inferences, for the China-wide entity. For a full description of the methodology underlying Commerce's preliminary determination, see the Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances

In accordance with section 733(e)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.206(c), Commerce preliminarily determines that critical circumstances exist with respect to imports of LSPTVs from China for Guangdong Lvtong New Energy Electric Vehicle Technology Co., Ltd. (Guangdong Lvtong) and Xiamen Dalle New Energy Automobile Co., Ltd (Xiamen Dalle), the non-selected respondents eligible for a separate rate, and the China-wide entity. For a full description of the methodology and

¹ See Certain Low Speed Personal Transportation Vehicles from the People's Republic of China: Initiation of Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation, 89 FR 57865 (July 16, 2024) (Initiation Notice).

² See Memorandum, "Tolling of Deadlines for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings," dated July 22, 2024.

³ See Low Speed Personal Transportation Vehicles from the People's Republic of China: Postponement of Preliminary Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation, 89 FR 89591 (November 13, 2024).

⁴ See Memorandum, "Decision Memorandum for the Preliminary Affirmative Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Certain Low Speed Personal Transportation Vehicles from the People's Republic of China," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Preliminary Decision Memorandum).

⁵ See Antidumping Duties; Countervailing Duties, Final Rule, 62 FR 27296, 27323 (May 19, 1997) (Preamble).

⁶ See Initiation Notice, 89 FR at 57866.

⁷ See Certain Low Speed Personal Transportation Vehicles from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination, Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances, in Part, and Alignment of Final Determination With Final Antidumping Duty Determination, 89 FR 96942 (December 6, 2024) (LSPTVs CVD Preliminary Determination).

⁸ See Memorandum, "Less-Than-Fair-Value and Countervailing Duty Investigations of Certain Low Speed Personal Transportation Vehicles from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Scope Modification Memorandum," dated November 25, 2024.

⁹ See Memorandum, "Less-Than-Fair-Value and Countervailing Duty Investigations of Certain Low Speed Personal Transportation Vehicles from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum," dated concurrently with this notice (Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum).