SUMMARY: This Notice describes the Department of Commerce's (the "DOC's") plans to address criminally liable regulatory offenses under the May 9, 2025, Executive Order on Fighting Overcriminalization in Federal Regulations.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

George Leing (gleing1@doc.gov), (202) 482–1395, Senior Counsel, Department of Commerce, Office of the General Counsel.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On May 9, 2025, the President issued Executive Order ("E.O.") 14294, Fighting Overcriminalization in Federal Regulations. 90 FR 20363 (published May 14, 2025). Section 7 of E.O. 14294 provides that within 45 days of the E.O., and in consultation with the Attorney General, each agency should publish guidance in the Federal Register describing its plan to address criminally liable regulatory offenses.

Consistent with that requirement, the DOC advises the public that by May 9, 2026, the DOC, in consultation with the Attorney General, will provide to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") a report containing: (1) a list of all criminal regulatory offenses ¹ enforceable by the DOC or the Department of Justice ("DOJ"); and (2) for each such criminal regulatory offense, the range of potential criminal penalties for a violation and the applicable mens rea standard ² for the criminal regulatory offense.

This notice also announces a general policy, subject to appropriate exceptions and to the extent consistent with law, that when the DOC is deciding whether to refer alleged violations of criminal regulatory offenses to DOJ, officers and employees of the DOC should consider, among other factors:

- the harm or risk of harm, pecuniary or otherwise, caused by the alleged offense:
- the potential gain to the putative defendant that could result from the offense:
- whether the putative defendant held specialized knowledge, expertise, or was licensed in an industry related to the rule or regulation at issue; and
- evidence, if any is available, of the putative defendant's general awareness of the unlawfulness of his conduct as well as his knowledge or lack thereof of the regulation at issue.

This general policy is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

Dated: June 24, 2025.

George Leing,

Senior Counsel, Office of the General Counsel, Department of Commerce.

[FR Doc. 2025-11860 Filed 6-26-25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B-6-2025]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 7; Authorization of Production Activity; Lilly del Caribe, Inc.; (Pharmaceutical Products); Carolina, Puerto Rico

On January 30, 2025, Lilly del Caribe, Inc. submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board for its facility within Subzone 7K, in Carolina, Puerto Rico.

The notification was processed in accordance with the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR part 400), including notice in the **Federal Register** inviting public comment (90 FR 9410, February 12, 2025). On June 20, 2025, the applicant was notified of the FTZ Board's decision that no further review of the activity is warranted at this time. The production activity described in the notification was authorized, subject to the FTZ Act and the FTZ Board's regulations, including section 400.14.

Dated: June 20, 2025.

Elizabeth Whiteman,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-11909 Filed 6-26-25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Foreign-Trade Zones Board

[B-2-2025]

Foreign-Trade Zone (FTZ) 49; Authorization of Production Activity; Merck, Sharp & Dohme LLC; (Pharmaceutical Products for Research and Development); Rahway, New Jersey

On January 3, 2025, Merck, Sharp & Dohme LLC submitted a notification of proposed production activity to the FTZ Board for its facility within Subzone 49Y, in Rahway, New Jersey.

The notification was processed in accordance with the regulations of the FTZ Board (15 CFR part 400), including notice in the **Federal Register** inviting public comment (90 FR 3173, January 14, 2025). On June 20, 2025, the applicant was notified of the FTZ Board's decision that no further review of the activity is warranted at this time. The production activity described in the notification was authorized, subject to the FTZ Act and the FTZ Board's regulations, including section 400.14.

Dated: June 20, 2025.

Elizabeth Whiteman,

Executive Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025–11910 Filed 6–26–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-533-885, A-570-097, C-570-098, C-533-886]

Polyester Textured Yarn From the People's Republic of China and India: Continuation of Antidumping Duty and Countervailing Duty Orders

AGENCY: Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

SUMMARY: As a result of the determinations by the U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) that revocation of the antidumping duty (AD) and countervailing duty (CVD) orders on polyester textured yarn from the People's Republic of China (China) and India would likely lead to the continuation or recurrence of dumping, countervailable subsidies, and material injury to an industry in the United States, Commerce is publishing a notice of continuation of these AD and CVD orders.

DATES: Applicable June 24, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

David De Falco, Trade Agreements Policy and Negotiations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2178.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On January 10, 2020, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** the AD and CVD orders on polyester

^{1 &}quot;Criminal regulatory offense" means a Federal regulation that is enforceable by a criminal penalty. E.O. 14294, sec. 3(b).

² "Mens rea" means the state of mind that by law must be proven to convict a particular defendant of a particular crime. E.O. 14294, sec. 3(c).